New-York Daily Times.

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[illegible]

I am more courteous to Don Fermin than he has been to me, and thus my wish to maintain that advantage. He more than hints that I am one of those whose "crimes and misconduct in Nicaragua had rendered it impossible for them to remain in that country, and who are now vindictively using the freedom of the American press," and so forth. This is a sweeping charge, and one which no gentleman should make against persons entirely unknown to him:—if he had known me, it could not, except as a deliberate falsehood, have been insinuated. For, unless General Walker has imitated the example of his illustrious prototype, Jack Cade, and made it a crime to hold property in Nicaragua, and to be largely interested in the true welfare of that State, I am innocent of any other offence, and were I inclined to retaliate on Don Fermin, there is one little buncombe [illegible] which might be turned to a most dangerous use. I will use it, however, only in its legitimate and public sense, and forbear those private comments with which it could be made to sting.

Don Mariano Salazar remained true to the legal and Constitutional Government of his country. Having befriended Walker with purse and arm and [illegible] no longer than another of the native leaders, he was at length forced to choose between the savage dictatorship which Walker sought to impose by military force, and the Constitutional Government of Nicaragua as represented in the authority of Patricio Rivas. He may not have loved Walker less—but he loved his country more; and that noble patriotism was the crime of "treason" for which he was butchered in cold blood by Walker's order.

Don Fermin Ferrer is a native Nicaraguan, and at present, [illegible] though his representation has never been accepted, [illegible] Government for Nicaragua in which no single native except himself is even supposed to have the slightest influence! He—a native of a Central American State—represents 1,200 German, Irish, French and American filibusters, who claim through Walker to be the supreme rulers and owners of a country, the name of which, two years ago, the majority of these self-dubbed conquerors had never so much as heard;—while against them are arrayed from sympathy the whole native military forces of that State, and the forces of all such neighboring [illegible] can spare a man to do battle for the common cause.

Keep these two foregoing paragraphs in view, and then [illegible] to put such a [illegible] into Don Fermin's mouth? "Let those who condemn the present Government of Nicaragua decide which have the best claim on public consideration: those who have faithfully labored to [illegible] her domestic tranquillity and development, and who have [illegible] defended her soil and sovereignty from foreign invaders, [illegible]"

[illegible]

Don Fermin Ferrer is made to allege—and this is one of the points which assures me that the letter [illegible]

[illegible]

...pointment of Patricio Rivas to the Provisional Presidency. Now the fact is, that, in consequence of Walker's dreadful blunder at Rivas, the safety of Don Mariano Salazar's family was put in jeopardy, and he was forced, at a great pecuniary sacrifice, to remove them to the neighboring and neutral Republic of San Salvador. It was in San Salvador that he received Walker's letter entreating aid and money. It was from San Salvador he returned to Walker's assistance, enabling and planning for that Chief the second successful demonstration at Virgin Bay and the bloodless surprise of Granada. It was to his family in San Salvador (abandoned for Walker's sake) he was returning when treacherously captured in Fonseca Bay and shot by Walker's brutal order; and it was in San Salvador that his friendless wife breathed her last a few days after hearing of her noble husband's murder.

Does Don Fermin Ferrer need any more particulars?

But remarked that he does not deem to question—does not so much as allude to—the extract from Walker's private supplication to Salazar which I laid before the public through your columns in the letter to which this purports to be a reply. I gave name and date—Walker's very words and signature; and yet this advocate, who aspires to defend him, would have us believe he had never so much as seen or heard of the point which forms the head and front of my indictment.

"From those in office here," said Walker, in that letter, "I can obtain no encouragement—they seem entirely bewildered. Do come and render your advice and assistance, as you are the only man that your country can depend on to deliver it from the incubus that oppresses her." And this—says Ferrer—Walker wrote to one who had "abandoned his country and her cause!" To me it seems that Gen. Walker would hardly thank his advocate for such a plea; nor does it better the matter when we are afterwards told that this same Salazar, on his return from a traitorous flight, was well received by Walker, "and appointed Governor of the Western Department with the rank of Brigadier-General."

The reply makes a very lame attempt to mix up the loans made by Salazar to the State of Nicaragua, with the private loans made by him to Gen. Wm. Walker. It gives no specific denial to our statements, but asserts in an incoherent way that "the fable of Don Mariano Salazar's pecuniary sacrifices in favor of Gen. Walker and the cause is a pure invention, like many other statements which the enemies of my country are endeavoring to impose upon the American people."

Now, in the first place, let me say that I am more a friend of Don Fermin's country than he appears to be himself; at least, I take part with the native Government and people of Nicaragua against an indiscriminate banditti of foreigners led by a revolted citizen of the United States, whose avowed object (see his letters to Don Domingo Goicouria) is the establishment of a military despotism, allied with the tyrannies of Europe, and hostile to the Republican freedom of the land which gave birth to an Arnold before producing him.

In the second place, I repeat that Salazar furnished the money on which Walker was originally [illegible] was the treasury into which Walker dipped when the official treasury had been closed by his proved incompetence at Rivas, but, also, that the same Salazar was the only dependence the Democratic Party had in the State, and that it was on his resources they commenced the revolution against Chamorro.

Señor Ferrer cannot surely object to such evidence. I say, let his present Secretary be put under oath; and from such reluctant testimony as he may give, let Walker's treatment of Salazar be judged.

Sir, there is not a particle of doubt in the minds of any persons acquainted with the circumstances, that Walker's due bills and acceptances to Salazar for money privately loaned, were the real and only "bills of indictment" on which that ill-fated gentleman was tried in the Star-Chamber of Walker's brain, found guilty on the evidence of Walker's fatal memory, and for which he suffered death through the treacherous omnipotence of Wm. Walker's will. Don Fermin says that "documents fully proving his treason were captured, with him, in Fonseca Bay;"—but how happens it, then, that these traitorous "documents" have not been published by the man who is so anxious to stand well in public opinion that he [illegible] from their duty and employs [illegible] such papers as will accept [illegible] absurd to suppose that Walker would allow himself to lie for an hour under this [illegible] and damning charge of black ingratitude and murder if he had any documents or even the shadow of any proof in his possession to palliate the horrors of that deed.

It is not a little remarkable, Sir, that the "enemy" and "irresponsible" assailants of Gen. Walker should invariably corroborate what they assert by letters of Wm. Walker's own handwriting and admissions from Wm. Walker's own *Nicaraguense*; while the official defenders of Wm. Walker (Don Fermin Ferrer *et alii*) should invariably depend on general denials of these charges or scurrilous inuendoes against the character and veracity of accusers whose names they confess they do not know!

To me it seems odd a little, and may doubtless seem odd to the public also.

I assert without fear of contradiction that Walker's peculiar temper gives gratitude a fatal form. Like the man mentioned in one of Dr. Johnson's famous paradoxes, "He can never forgive a benefit." It was so with Salazar, who died because he had lent him all his fortune: it was so with the Transit Company whose property he seized because they had befriended him: it is so with Gen. Goicouria who now holds Walker's obligations for a very large amount: it is so with Mr. Oakesmith who did more for Walker than any other Minister ever did, and whose fortune is at present very seriously embarrassed by those sacrifices which resulted in his curt and peremptory recall: it was so with Mr. Byron Cole: it was so with many others who will be mentioned when necessary—and it will be so, to the end of the chapter, with every confiding fool who trusts his life and prospects to the keeping of a man whose only guide-star is the hope of self-aggrandizement and autocratic sway.

The recruit who imports on his back a clean shirt into Nicaragua, and does himself, or has done for him, (which is more likely,) the dangerous honor of lending that garment to his shirtless chief, will henceforth walk in hourly peril of summary execution; and if I were in that man's shoes,—(supposing him to have only recently arrived and to have shoes,)—I would prefer to escape from the city and take my chance of being shot as a spy by the besieging army of justly irritated natives, rather than remain cooped up in the same cage with him it had been my dangerous privilege to oblige. I would almost as soon have the shirt of Nessus on my back, as my shirt on the General's.

There are many other things I wish to say, and which should be said, but I must postpone them for the present:—many documents which I shall hereafter make use of are at present in Washington and I cannot get them back for some days. But I could not allow a day to pass without pointing out to Don Fermin Ferrer (whose many good qualities I admire as they deserve,) the very serious error into which he had been betrayed when allowing his name to be appended to such a document as that which appeared in the front columns of your paper yesterday.

THE VOICE OF NICARAGUA.

Academy of Music.

All great calamities are sudden. The announcement from the management of the Academy of Music, which we publish elsewhere, will fall like a thunderbolt on musical New-York. The opera season, it appears, comes to a close on the 15th of this month, and the company then goes bodily to Havana. Consequently, we shall have no more opera until late in the Spring of next year.

The Havana manager is a shrewd man. He knows that we have a fine company, and sees a clear profit in importing it for the delight of the beauty and pride of the Queen of the Antilles. All the artists are new to that island, and will, doubtless, create sensations, especially Max Maretzek, who will wield his *baton* in the spicy atmosphere of the "Tacon" for the first time, and, without doubt, create a revolution of some sort in less than a month.

This calamity deprives us of opera at the very time when we most need it. What is to become of the Academy? For the present we are promised opera on every night of the coming week, commencing with to-morrow night, when will be produced Verdi's new opera of "Il Traviata," (the Lost One). We are much mistaken if this opera will not achieve a success equal to that of the "Trovatore."

Thalberg's Concerts.

Mr. Thalberg gives two concerts to-day; one for the delight of the public school children in the afternoon, (commencing at 1 o'clock;) the other for the delight of everybody, in the evening, commencing at 8 o'clock. Mme. D'Angri sings at both, and the great pianist plays some of his best pieces. The instrumental feature of the evening concert is Beethoven's Concerto in E flat.

Harp Soirees.

Mr. Aptommas, one of the finest harpists of the age, commences a series of harp entertainments to-night, at Dodworth's Rooms. They will be continued at monthly intervals and should be received with favor. Mr. Aptommas intends playing classical music, in addition to the usual [illegible] of the instrument. He will be assisted also by several artists of distinction.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE

By Telegraph to the New-York Daily Times.

[illegible]

FROM WASHINGTON.

Political and Miscellaneous Documents.

The Incoming Administration—The New Cabinet—Rotation in Office, but not to begin until present Terms expire—Pilgrimage to Wheatland, &c.

SPECIAL DISPATCH FROM AN OCCASIONAL CORRESPONDENT.

WASHINGTON, Monday, Dec. 1, 1856.

For the benefit of Cabinet gossipers, be it known to you that neither Hunter nor Wise will, in any case, have a place in the next Cabinet.

The latter did not wait to be asked; but told Mr. Buchanan, at Wheatland, that he had duties of paramount importance in Virginia, which would prevent his aspiring to a higher position than he now holds.

Hunter has followed the example of Wise, on the principle of making a virtue of necessity. He opposed Mr. Buchanan's nomination at Cincinnati so strenuously, that he cannot reasonably look for anything, either for himself or his friends, and does not hesitate to say so.

J. Glancy Jones, Appleton, Cobb and Mason's chances are better. Floyd is also spoken of; but nothing is settled, nor will be, until, as I have repeatedly said, after the visit of Buchanan to Washington, which will come off during the first week in February.

Great activity prevails, just now, on the road between Philadelphia and Wheatland. Members of Congress, without end, each with his own axe to grind, or his best foot to put foremost, cross each other, continually, on the road. The reserve of the President elect continues unbroken—with, perhaps, the two following exceptions: He has declared, for the benefit of those office-holders who desire to retain their present places, that he "*believes in rotation in office.*" This will not cause him, however, to remove any one until the *term of their present offices expires.*

Again, the distinct assurance has been made that the policy of the next Administration will, as I have already asserted, be eminently conservative—particularly upon the Slavery question. Ostend Manifestoism is also *dead.* It expired with the discovery of the perfidy of General Pierce and Jeff. Davis, by the Ministers to London and Paris.

Appleton has made a long stay at Wheatland, where he is a deserved favorite. Rev. Tucker, Sickles, Sanders, &c., have all been there, in behalf of the New-York Hotel clique. Walker, Fowler and Co. die hard; but, in spite of Forney, their doom is sealed. You will soon have Sickles back with a new batch of boasts; but believe nothing which does not come from higher authority. New-York patronage will be mainly controlled by the representatives of the majority, that is of the 35,000. Fowler is in this city, working hard with the President and Judge Campbell to sanction the purchase of the Canal-street site for your new Post-Office—price $400,000. He hopes to move Campbell in behalf of the Catholic interest, which is involved in the Canal-street church, and to get the President converted to this preposterously corrupt scheme on other grounds.

The hotels are nearly full. Members of Congress in abundance; but great confusion, and more thoughts of the future than the present. The Democrats are rejoicing at the result in California. P. H.

The Kansas Delegate—Refusal of the House to Receive Whitfield—The Special Minister to New-Granada—Rev. Mr. Conway's Church—A New Movement—Singular End of a Career of Crime.

FROM OUR REGULAR CORRESPONDENT.

WASHINGTON, Monday, Dec. 1, 1856.

The Republicans made a glorious fight against Whitfield to-day, and except for a factious minority, would have clinched the vote rejecting him. This will be done to-morrow, if our men prove faithful. Reeder will not be admitted, however, although his claim is clearly better than that of Whitfield.

Scott Harrison lost his vote, but announced that he would have given it for Whitfield. Allen also lost his vote for Reeder, and Phelps voted with the majority so that he could move to reconsider. One Republican also was out,—so our real strength to-day was 104 against 98.

California letters from high sources state that the Legislature is largely Democratic, and that Gwin will certainly be elected Senator. The Brodrick men have been defeated wherever heard from. Senator Weller was sick, but he expected to start for Washington on the 20th of November.

Another movement is making to expel Darling from the Doorkeepership of the House. The Connecticut Delegation to-day notified him that they should vote for it.

The Secretary of the Navy will instruct Commodore Paulding to convey Mr. Morse, the Special Minister to New-Granada, from Aspinwall to Carthagena, in the *Wabash* or *Cyane.* Mr. Morse is instructed to endeavor to obtain municipal jurisdiction over several islands in the Bay of Panama, as well as the railroad route.

The Annual Report of the Secretary of the Treasury was sent on by to-night's mail to the Collector of New-York, for distribution to the press.

In a recent dispatch of mine Mr. Morse's name was erroneously rendered "Chase, of Louisiana." I suppose the error was obvious to the reader.

Since my dispatch of last night, I learn that there is a strong probability of the breaking up of the Unitarian Congregation in this city, growing out of the dismissal of Rev. Mr. Conway for preaching against Slavery, Border-ruffianism and kindred topics.

There is a Congregational Church here, which has been frequently called the Abolition Church, because its members generally hold the Republican doctrine in regard to Slavery. This congregation, some six months ago, called Rev. Dr. Nevens, of Mass., to the Pastorship. The Doctor accepted, but has never come on to assume the duties of the place.

It is now quite probable that a majority of the members of the Congregational Church will unite with the powerful minority of the Unitarian Congregation, which sustains Mr. Conway, and call the latter to preside over them. There is no doubt that he will accept the call, if made.

His late congregation are quite unanimous in regretting the loss of the pastor, and the majority, who voted to dismiss him, would cheerfully consent to his return, if he would pledge himself not to offend again by preaching that portion of the truth which is disagreeable to their ears. As his convictions of duty and his self-respect forbid any such compact, no arrangement can be made.

Mr. Conway has $17,000 of subscriptions pledged him towards the erection of a new church edifice in this City. Gerrit Smith owns the Congregational church edifice, which I suppose Conway's new congregation, if formed, will use at least temporarily.

Your readers will all remember the Arthur Spring murder occurring in Philadelphia a year or two ago, and that Arthur Spring, Jr., turned State's evidence against his father, who was hung. The son came on to Washington soon after his release, and was appointed to an office in the Treasury Department. Two or three weeks ago he induced a young man by the name of Clayton to go with him to a house of ill-repute in this City to attend a ball. A fire breaking out in the neighborhood, drew together a body of worthless fellows, including members of a gang of rowdies known as "Plug-Uglies."

A fire riot, such as has become a frequent occurrence here of late, started, in which fire-arms, stones, clubs and brick-bats were freely used. Spring and Clayton were [illegible], the former receiving a blow upon his head with a brick-bat, from the effects of which he died on Saturday. Poor Clayton, who, unused to [illegible], and [illegible] almost unconscious by [illegible] liquor [illegible] at the dance, fell into the canal during the night and was drowned. The efforts for Spring's reformation certainly do not seem to have been very successful.

Many Southern members, on their arrival, laugh now at the talk of disunion, civil war, and all that sort of thing so rife before the election. Some few, however, stick to it that the Union couldn't have stood the election of anybody but Buchanan or Fillmore. Said a very excellent and very honest M. C. from a Southern State, in answer to somebody's suggestion that McLean, if nominated by the Republicans, would have been elected—"It is well, then, that he was not put in nomination, for the Union could not have stood the shock of his election!" It would seem that the most ultra Northern conservatism is no longer an effective anodyne to Southern nervousness. A.

XXXIVth CONGRESS—Second Session.

SENATE.....WASHINGTON, Monday, Dec. 1.

PRELIMINARY PROCEEDINGS—THE MESSAGE.

All the members of the Senate were present, with the exception of Messrs. Bell, of New-Hampshire; Bell, of Tennessee; Biggs, Butler, Douglas, Houston, Johnson, Jones of Tennessee, Mallory, Reid, Sebastian, Toombs, Weller, and Wright.

The usual Committee was appointed to wait on the President and inform him that a quorum of each House had assembled and were ready to receive any communication he might be pleased to make.

A similar Committee of the House acted in conjunction with that of the Senate, and in each branch a report was made that the President would communicate his annual Message to-morrow to Congress, about noon. The Senate then adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WASHINGTON, Monday, Dec 1.

About two hundred members of the House were present.

Mr. Hodges, of Vermont, and Messrs. Allen and Morrison, of Illinois, to fill vacancies, were qualified by taking the oath to support the Constitution.

THE KANSAS DELEGATE.

Mr. Phelps presented the credentials of Mr. Whitfield, and moved that he be sworn in as Delegate from Kansas.

The credentials were read, Gov. Geary certifying to the fact that Mr. Whitfield was elected as the Delegate from Kansas on the first Monday of October.

Mr. Phelps asked that the usual course be pursued.

Mr. Grow objected, and was about to state his reasons, when

Mr. Phelps said it was known that a vacancy had existed in the representation of Kansas. Mr. Whitfield's credentials had been presented and read, and that entitled him to have the oath administered to him. At the last session the seats of the Delegates from New-Mexico, Nebraska, and Kansas were contested, and their credentials were received and the oath of office administered to them severally, without objection being made.

Mr. Grow—I objected.

Mr. Phelps—The course proposed to be pursued by the gentleman from Pennsylvania, (Mr. Grow) was contrary to precedent, with one exception, and that was the exception to the rule—I refer to the New-Jersey contested election.

The Speaker observed, objection being made, it would be the duty of the Chair to submit the question to the House whether the gentleman from Kansas be sworn as delegate.

Mr. Campbell, of Ohio, suggested to Mr. Grow whether, as this was the short session, and there was much unfinished business, it would not be better to allow the matter to pass over, as it did last session, on a similar occasion. He did not see that anything could thus be lost.

Mr. Grow—I cannot accede to the request.

Mr. Campbell—I have done my duty.

Mr. Grow, in reply to Mr. Phelps, said the course he proposed was not unprecedented, and that there were strong cases in the books to justify it. In that of the New-Jersey contested election, neither set of delegates were admitted until the Committee on elections, after two or three months, reported. The House, last session, sent a Commission to Kansas, to investigate the affairs of that Territory, and, after full deliberation, the House decided that no valid election had been held, and hence Mr. Whitfield was ejected from his seat. What change had taken place? Its legislation stands as it did six months ago, when the Delegate was rejected. The Legislature was a usurpation, its acts characterized by unprecedented tyranny and unconstitutional wrongs, and its laws the blackest and most odious to be found among those of despotism. The House was now asked to overturn its decision, and give validity to tyrannous acts, forced on an unwilling people, by the arm of Government being used to shield the invaders of their rights, from neighboring States.

Mr. Phelps said he would, at the present time, be willing to defend the validity of the Legislature and laws of Kansas. At the last session Mr. Whitfield was sworn in and his credentials referred to the Committee on Elections, who reported adversely to his taking his seat, and in favor of Mr. Reeder. A vacancy was created. Mr. Whitfield was elected to fill that vacancy, and is now here for that end; yet the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Grow) proclaimed that this question was adjudicated and decided last session. The gentleman, while voting against Mr. Whitfield, assigned as a reason for doing so, that he was elected under an unconstitutional enactment—but he voted for Mr. Reeder to take a seat in the absence of all law.

Mr. Grow explained. He had stated that the people of Kansas were entitled to a representation, and he desired to bestow it in that way, as proper under the peculiar circumstances.

Mr. Phelps resuming, said Mr. Grow's position was that the people of Kansas are entitled to a Delegate. Now, who was here to contest the right of Mr. Whitfield? If the gentleman from Kansas was desirous to see the people of Kansas represented, with what sense of justice could he oppose Mr. Whitfield, there being no contestant of the seat? Where was his love for the people of Kansas? The gentleman's course would prevent such representation. Votes were cast for no other person than Mr. Whitfield in October. Let the Delegate be sworn in. The Credentials can be referred to the Committee on Elections, and when they made a report, the House could act as they believed justice required.

The question was then put—Shall Mr. Whitfield be sworn in? Decided in the negative, by 97 against 104.

Yeas—Messrs. Aiken, Akers, Allen, Barksdale, Bell, Bennett of Miss., Bocock, Bowie, Boyce, Branch, Brooks, Broom, Burnett, Cadwallader, Campbell of Ky., Caruthers, Caskie, Clingman, Cobb of Ala., Cox, Crawford, Cullen, Denver, Dowdell, Edmundson, English, Etheridge, Evans, Faulkner, Florence, Foster, Fuller of Penn., [illegible] Garnett, Goode, Greenwood, Harris of Md., Harris of Ala., Harris of Ill., Hickman, Hoffman, Houston, Jewett, Jones of Penn., Jones of Tenn., Keitt, Kelly, Kennett, Kidwell, Lake, Letcher, Lindley, Lumpkin, Marshall of Ky., Marshall of Ill., Maxwell, McMullen, McQueen, Miller of Iowa, Millson, [illegible] Orr, Packer, Paine, Peck, Porter, Powell, Puryear, Quitman, Ready, Ricaud, Sandidge, Savage, [illegible] of Tenn., Smith of Va., Smith of Ala., [illegible] Stewart, Swope, Trippe, Tyson, Underwood, [illegible] Walker, Warner, Wells, Jr., Wheeler, [illegible] Williams, Winslow, Zollicoffer.

Nays—Messrs. Albright, Allison, Ball, Barbour, Barclay, Bennett of N. Y., Benson, Billinghurst, Bingham, Bishop, Bliss, [illegible] Buffington, Burlingame, Campbell of Pa., Campbell of Ohio, Chaffee, Clarke of N. Y., Clark of Conn., Clawson, Colfax, Comins, Covode, Cragin, Davis of Mass., Day, Dean, [illegible], Dick, Dodd, Durfee, Edie, Edwards, Emrie, Flagler, Galloway, Giddings, Gilbert, Granger, Grow, Hall of Mass., Harlan, Haven, Hodges, Holloway, Horton of N. Y., Horton of Ohio, Hughston, Kelsey, King, Knapp, Knight, Knowlton, Knox, Leiter, Mace, Matteson, McCarty, Miller of N. Y., Morgan, Morrill, Mott, Murray, Nichols, Oliver of N. Y., Parker, Pearce, Pelton, Pennington, Perry, Pettit, Pike, Pringle, Purviance, Ritchie, Robbins, Roberts, Robison, Sage, Sabin, Sapp, Scott, Sherman, Simmons, Spinner, Stanton, Stranahan, Tappan, Thorington, Thurston, Todd, Trafton, Wade, Wakeman, Walbridge, Waldron, Washburne of Ill., Washburne of Me., Watson, Welch, Wood, Woodruff.

Mr. Grow moved a reconsideration of the vote, and to lay that motion on the table.

Unsuccessful motions were here made to adjourn, and for a call of the House, [illegible] by the friends of Mr. Whitfield, in order, as it was said, to postpone action on Mr. Grow's motion until the arrival of absentees.

At 4 o'clock various gentlemen paired off, hungry and [illegible] seeking an [illegible].

Mr. Campbell, of Ohio, remarked, as a number of gentlemen on his side had gone to dinner, he thought it right the House should adjourn; but his motion was rejected.

Mr. Millson said he was not willing to be punished by being kept here, because others chose to go off. His motion for a call of the House prevailed, and 150 members answered to their names.

The doors were closed, and [illegible] for absentees. Some of them being of a humorous character, excited excessive laughter.

During these proceedings

Mr. Millson spoke of the exposure of the [illegible] of Congress to the ridicule of the people and the derision of the public press. He had always [illegible]ed to prevent struggles similar to that in which the House was now engaged.

Various propositions were then made.

Mr. Sneed proposed that the pending business be postponed, and that the members proceed, as heretofore, to select seats by lots.

Cries of "agreed," "agreed," and accompanied with laughter.

Mr. Quitman thought that would be right. We are endeavoring, he said, to inflict some penalty on members for not being in their seats, and I don't know a better mode than to select our seats in their absence. [Laughter and cries of "Good!" "Good!" "Agreed!" "Agreed!" &c., &c.]

Mr. Houston—I'll go in for that if you continue to keep the doors closed.

No action was taken on the proposition.

The Sergeant-at-arms was then, by order, directed to bring the absentees to the bar of the House.

Mr. Jones, of Tenn., inquired whether, while the Sergeant-at-arms was executing the order, those who had been [illegible] could not get their dinners. [Laughter.]

The Speaker responded negatively.

While the Clerk was calling the roll on a motion to adjourn, he was frequently interrupted by the Sergeant-at-arms announcing the arrest and [illegible] of certain absentees.

Several gentlemen humorously moved to take up the "Criminal Docket."

The absentees brought before the House were ordered to be discharged from custody on the payment of the fees of the Sergeant-at-arms, [illegible] cents.

Cries—"Fork over," "Fork over," and loud laughter all over the House.

Mr. Mace, who was among those brought up, said he was willing to be discharged "without" payment of the fees, and accept, as a substitute, solitary confinement. [Laughter.] He went home at half-past three o'clock, as every orderly man should, leaving members here going out and taking a horn, and placing themselves in such condition that they did not know what they were driving at. [Laughter.]

Mr. Trafton did not think they should take advantage of his honesty. He had just returned from dinner when the Sergeant-at-arms opened the door and let him in. He had not been arrested.

Mr. Lindley thought the fee cheap and would cheerfully pay it.

Mr. Houston—To those standing—"Sit down, I want to see the prisoners."

Mr. Cobb of Ga. would discharge the prisoners on their giving a pledge they would hereafter vote for an adjournment.

At 7½ o'clock a motion to adjourn prevailed by one majority. Adjourned.

U. S. Supreme Court.

WASHINGTON, Monday, Dec. 1.

The U. S. Supreme Court met this morning. All the Judges were present, with the exception of Messrs. Wayne and Nelson.

Accident on the Manassas Gap Railroad—Engineer, Fireman and Conductor Killed.

WASHINGTON, Monday, Dec. 1.

An accident occurred on the Manassas Gap Railroad on Saturday, at the [illegible] County, Va., in consequence of the bridge over the Shenandoah River giving way. The engine and five cars were precipitated forty-five feet into the river, and the conductor, engineer and fireman were killed, and James G. Buck, a passenger, of Warren County, was fatally injured.

News from Kansas.

ESCAPE OF THIRTY-NINE FREE-STATE PRISONERS AT LECOMPTON, &C.

CHICAGO, Monday, Dec. 1.

We have Kansas dates to the 24th ult. Thirty-nine Free-State Prisoners, at Lecompton, escaped on the night of the 22d ult. No violence was used by them. The report that Judge Lecompte had issued a process against Governor Geary for contempt of Court is not confirmed, but it is stated that he has granted a writ of *habeas corpus* in the case of Hays.

News from Mexico.

BALTIMORE, Monday, Dec. 1.

New-Orleans papers of Saturday, the 22d ult., are to hand. They contain the latest advices from Mexico, which confirm the successes of Vidaurri, and allude to more revolutionary movements.

The New Trial of Baker.

NEWBURG, Monday, Dec. 1.

In the case of Baker, the testimony on the part of the prosecution closed to-day. Mr. Brady will open the case for the defence to-morrow.

The Boston Slave Case.

BOSTON, Monday, Dec. 1.

The examination of Philip De Mena and Joaquin Neghet, on the alleged charge of being engaged in the Slave-Trade, commenced this forenoon. Hon. B. F. Hallett conducted the case for the Government, and A. H. Fiske, Esq., for the defendants.

W. S. Messervy, Mayor of Salem, was the only witness examined to-day. His testimony was confined to the details of the arrest of Neghet and De Mena in Salem, and the report of conversations held with them, &c.

The name of the slave-schooner which Neghet claims to have fitted out at Wilmington and sunk off Cape Cod to obtain the ten thousand dollars on board, is variously given as the *Tete, Pueblita* and *Watchman.* The result of the examination so far indicates that Neghet is insane or has been, or has practiced a rather steep hoax on some of the authorities of Salem.

The further hearing of the case has been adjourned till Wednesday.

From Newfoundland.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Monday, Dec. 1—A. M.

The weather here is clear and cold, and there has been fine sleighing for the past few days. Wind northeast. The telegraph is working direct to Port Hood.

Marine Disasters.

NANTUCKET, Monday, Dec. 1.

The schooner *Sarah Allen,* from Calais for New-York, with a cargo of lumber, went ashore at 6 o'clock on Sunday morning. The crew were all saved. The vessel will probably go to pieces. The cargo can be saved.

CHATHAM, Monday, Dec. 1.

The bark *Solomon Piper* remains ashore on the bar and is full of water. The sea is so rough that boats cannot board her. The crew are safe.

The brig *China,* from Philadelphia for Boston, reported as anchored east of Monomoy, with loss of spars on Saturday night, succeeded in riding out the gale.

The schooner *Cassia,* of Dennis, from Elizabethport, with a cargo of pig iron, is ashore on Monomoy, full of water.

The steamer *Enoch Train* passed by here at six o'clock this morning, with the ship *Queen of the Pacific* in tow for New-York.

Disaster to the Steamer Monarch.

OSWEGO, Monday, Dec. 1.

The Canadian steamer *Monarch* ran ashore near Toronto during the gale on Saturday morning, and is full of water.

The African Slave Trade.

Our correspondent, writing from Havana on the 24th November, says:

I have heard of but one cargo of (650) negroes landed in our vicinity for several weeks. [illegible] we are full of good faith and desire to sustain our treaty obligations.

[illegible]

St. Andrew's Society.

[illegible]

The St. Andrew's Society of the State of New-York, [illegible] was founded on the 19th of November, 1756, [illegible] Last night the Society celebrated its hundredth anniversary. [illegible] in Niblo's Saloon, by Rev. Dr. Thompson, the Junior Chaplain. The audience was large and respectable.

[illegible] This was the signal for the entrance of the [illegible] and members of the Society, who, preceded by the piper, in full Highland costume, marched to the platform [illegible]

[illegible]

"Old Glenlivet Whisky," were the features which elicited most interest and attention.

An admirable string band, [illegible] during the evening. The inevitable pipes, [illegible] which, no doubt, the [illegible] "death or victory." It is but just to say that he performed them admirably—for a piper.

[illegible]

Balloon Ascension.

After two previous unsuccessful attempts, Mr. [illegible] yesterday, succeeded in effecting the promised ascension of his balloon. [illegible] in her. The wind, which was blowing from the [illegible] west, bore the balloon, after its ascension, [illegible] Williamsburg.

Mr. F. R. Deyo, advertising agent, has commenced an action against J. & E. Brooks, publishers of the New-York Express, for libel. The publishers of the Express charged Mr. Deyo with "obtaining money on false pretences." [illegible] The Express calls Mr. Deyo "a blower for other small City papers." [illegible] in this City are [illegible] to the Express.

An accident occurred on the [illegible] of November, corner of Broadway and [illegible] which Mrs. Donaldson, an aged lady, was run over by a stage and very seriously injured. [illegible]

A Veteran Dead.—[illegible]

[illegible] powers of endurance.

[illegible]

[illegible] Paul's genuine sense of mind. The author [illegible] with a [illegible] perfect [illegible] which [illegible] honorable ambition, which become [illegible] attractive. Though the slight which Paul Fane, proceeds to have received at the hands of [illegible] Cleiby is purely imaginary, and [illegible] the mental [illegible] of his self-[illegible] the mental events a philosophic ground. [illegible] upon this very selfishness of his hero, and we have not the heart to quarrel any further with the discrepancy between the action of the novel and the movements of the hero, from the moment we see him fairly started like a mob-blind Don Quixote, riding his hobby like another Rosinante and bidding defiance to the haughty hosts of Ashlys and the aristocracy of the Old World. Although we [illegible] mistaken about our hero before, we begin to feel rather interested in his heroic spirit. We behold already the sensitive, enthusiastic artist set up "the stern orthodox hardware merchant," in fierce encounter with the nobility of Europe. The artist, proud in heart but poor in purse, trampling upon the conventionalities of polite European society, and pleading the rights of man at the couch of despots. Bravo Fane! gallant Paul! stern Republican H. F. WILLIS! But alas, of this bright illusion we were disenchanted soon. Paul Fane's ravings about aristocracy turn out in a page or two all gammon, and his noble resolutions all humbug. He would have us believe that his life-purpose was to assert the supremacy of genius over all the conventional superstitions of society. But we found ourselves most cruelly deceived. The first thing the enthusiastic artist does, is to don the livery of ambassadorial lacquey, and to style the Grand Duke of Tuscany, whom the most devoted loyalist of Florence never calls by higher title than Grand Duke or Highness, as "His Majesty!" Our republican champion of art, as might be imagined from this last piece of vulgar servility, at once drivels down into a parasite of courts. Our hero, in fact, becomes a thorough snob! We expected Paul to carry out the author's philosophy, and to appear before the grandees of Europe as an American, soaring above them all by his native sense of dignity as a freeman, and his sense of glory as an artist. But Paul runs, alas, widely off the track, and does not appear in European society either as a man or an artist, but sneaks into it, under the false pretence of being connected with the American embassy, which he is not. We can sincerely sympathize with the author in his efforts to explain away Paul's duplicity and meanness, by making him write sundry sentimental letters to old ladies at home. But it is of no use. The fact that he lacks the moral courage and manliness to appear under his real colors, oozes out too glaringly. So glaringly, indeed, that we are led to doubt the sincerity of Paul's artistic enthusiasm. How can we reconcile such pure enthusiasm for the beautiful in profession, with such pandering to falsehood in act? But there are strange and unaccountable anomalies in human nature, and Paul Fane shall have his full share of doubt.

The author, with almost a sublime degree of confidence that the extraordinary exploits of his hero will so powerfully absorb interest as to make wholly unnecessary those vulgar details about scenery and incidents of travel which less ambitious novelists, like WALTER SCOTT and BULWER, have occasionally thought fit to interweave, as a relief to the more personal and harrowing dramatic incident, sends his hero in one gay bound from a country town in New-England to the romantic city of Florence, where reigns "his Majesty" the Grand Duke. On his arrival there he encounters an old schoolmate, who has visited Italy not as an *attaché* but as an artist. By one of those singular rebounds of human thought we sometimes see, Paul immediately practices upon Wabash or Bosh as he calls him, that art of "looking down" he so much deprecates in others. Bosh is a Westerner, the son of a ship-captain. Paul is an Easterner, the son of a hardware-man. So Paul looks down on Bosh and ridicules him.

As a specimen of Paul's introducing an American, and this American an old friend and schoolfellow, we give the author's account of his meeting "Bosh" in a coffee-house at Florence.

"One evening he (Paul) chanced to stroll into the *caffè* of the Piazza Trinita. As usual, this favorite resort of artists and idlers was thronged with guests—the wandering musicians, flower-girls, cigar-venders, and begging monks all in lively circulation among the crowd. Paul found seated himself at one of the marble tables, dispirited and lonely. He called for his coffee, and was stirring away at his sugar very thoughtfully, when, carelessly looking up, he encountered a pair of eyes fastened upon him—the owner sitting on the other side of the *caffè*, in a petrified stare, head and arms thrown back, mouth wide open, and the power of motion, apparently, suspended for the moment by an asphyxia of speechless astonishment.

Paul leaned suddenly forward, and as he shaded his eyes with his hand, the just visible parting of his lips with the inaudible question "Bosh!" expressed his own incredulous amazement at what he saw.

At the same instant there was a yell which all but scalped every musical Italian within half a mile.

'Yahoo! Jehosophat! Don't hold me! Paul Fane, by all that's skrigable!'

And crouching into a figure 4, like a hard-pushed bear clearing the chasm of a water-course, Blivins started on an air-line across the *caffè* to Paul, overturning first the supper on his own round table, and then with a touch-and-go wipe of his foot over the top of the next one, carrying away the coffee and maraschino of a couple of thunderstruck French artists.

The mutual miscellany of limbs and exclamations that the friends went into—for Paul's own recognition of Bosh was a rebound from loneliness and depression, and he had embraced and reimbraced his old room-mate before he thought of the probable impression on these second—was a spectacle gazed on with apprehensive amazement. They were scarce beginning to sit on two seats, and hear each other speak, however, when the waiters came rushing in with ropes and shutters, the landlord not doubting in the least that Bosh was an escaped madman, and sending instantly for something to tie him to, and prevent further damage.

The artists hesitated about taking hold of such a raging customer as Bosh, and, with the time thus gained, Paul settled his disturbed clothes and put on his habitual look of propriety, and with an apology to the two gentlemen who had been walked over, and an explanation to the landlord that his friend was from the Rocky Mountains, and had the precipitate manners of the steep side of the American Continent, he paid the breakage, etc., and walked Bosh off."

But not content with ridiculing his friend and countryman, he must also present in the same ludicrous light one of his countrywomen, the future wife of Bosh, a Miss Flatter, of Cincinnati, who resides with her family at Florence. The American belle is thus [illegible] pictured in a letter she is represented to write to an absent friend, Miss Kamlotte, of Bumgarville.

[illegible]

[illegible] Paul's [illegible] the [illegible] honorable [illegible] attractive. [illegible] the [illegible] Paul's [illegible] the [illegible] the [illegible] the

[illegible] Setting Again, [illegible]

VETO [illegible] FROM MAYOR WOOD.

THE NEW CITY HALL [illegible].

[illegible] Commissioners of Deeds Yet.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

[illegible] the New City Hall and [illegible] of Commissioners of Deeds [illegible] OF THE UNION FERRY COMPANY.

The Board of Aldermen met last evening,— [illegible], President, in the Chair. The following important matters were before the Board:

VETO OF THE CITY HALL PROJECT.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, NEW-YORK, Monday, Dec. 1, 1856.

To the Hon. the Board of Aldermen:

GENTLEMEN: I return the resolutions proposing the adoption by the Common Council of the plans for a new City Hall, presented by R. [illegible] and [illegible] without approval. Without intending to throw any obstacle in the way of the speedy erection of a new City Hall, I cannot give my assent to so important a step as that of definitely determining the plans which shall be adopted, without being fully satisfied that they are in all respects the best and most appropriate. To decide definitely the plans for a building so extensive as to size—so difficult and intricate in the proper arrangement of its interior design—of so much interest to the character of the City in the external architectural appearance and so great in the cost, under the most economical and judicious expenditure of money, is one of the most important [illegible] that have come before me [illegible] the office of Mayor. It involves considerations in which citizens of all classes are interested, and should be examined and [illegible] with a commensurate judgment and only by those who are fully qualified for the duty. It is not an act of ordinary legislation appertaining to a mere question of every-day routine, which any man of common intelligence is capable of acting upon; but it is a subject requiring a thorough, practical and scientific knowledge of architecture, the most enlarged and liberal views of form and beauty, and adaptation in the construction of public edifices of the largest class, and a just appreciation of the necessity of avoiding the additional burden about to be placed upon the tax-payers, as far as a proper attention to the object will permit. With these views as to the importance of the decision which shall fix definitely the plans for the proposed new City Hall, and the qualifications of those to whom should be entrusted the power, I find it difficult to bring myself to the conclusion that the members of the Common Council are [illegible]. I doubt whether the two Boards who have voted in favor of these plans possess the [illegible] I have described as necessary to a judicious and intelligent conclusion thereon. I am at least conscious of my own unfitness, and therefore cannot [illegible] by approving the Buckman plan, that it is the best, when in fact I am ignorant of the simple elements of architectural science, and am not capable of giving even an intelligent opinion upon the subject. In several communications, made to this and the last Common Council, I have called especial attention to the necessity of the speedy construction of a new City Hall, and in that of the 4th February last I recommended the appointment of a Commission, to be constituted partly of architects of undoubted superiority in their profession, and the balance of citizens of well known intelligence and integrity, to whom should be entrusted the whole subject, with full power to decide upon the plans and to erect the structure; the Commission to serve without compensation, and to be composed of men whose characters will be a guarantee of honesty in the expenditure of the money. I have not changed these views. If this recommendation should be concurred in, the public confidence would be secured in the plans as well as the expenditure, which are very essential in a public work of this magnitude. It may be well for me to add that no measure for the erection of this building can receive my sanction, which will not, in all respects, be freed from any suspicion of jobbing or corruption. In the conclusion to which I have arrived in the disapproval of the Buckman plans, I wish it understood that I make no objections to the plans themselves. Facilities have been afforded me for a full examination of the drawings, with explanation, by Mr. IRA BUCKMAN, and I am not prepared to say that they should not be finally accepted; but having no confidence in the knowledge of myself or the Common Council on subjects of this character, I cannot venture upon a decision which will have the effect to reject all other plans, however meritorious or superior to them. For these reasons I respectfully return the resolutions without approval. FERNANDO WOOD, Mayor.

The Message was received, and took the usual course.

COMMISSIONERS OF DEEDS.

The following message was received from His Honor the Mayor, vetoing the resolution appointing Commissioners of Deeds:

VETO OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF DEEDS' RESOLUTION.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, NEW-YORK, Dec. 1, 1856.

To the Hon. the Board of Aldermen:

It is with reluctance that I return to the Common Council the resolution to appoint certain persons Commissioners of Deeds, but am compelled to do so from a sense of public duty. The office of a Commissioner of Deeds is an important one, requiring not only intelligence, so that its authority may not be abused and used for an improper purpose, but also requiring sufficient capacity to properly perform its functions. Titles to estates of great value have been impaired by the ignorance or negligence of these officers. This list presented to me for my approval provides for the appointment of eighty-nine Commissioners, of which seventy-two are new appointments, in place of others now holding the Commission—making only seventeen reappointments. Without disparaging the qualifications and claims of these new appointments, I find among those superseded many of the oldest and most reliable Commissioners in the City; and also find among the non-appointed or disappointed applicants many of our best and worthy citizens. I can see no good reason for thus removing long-tried and faithful officers, and substituting in some cases young and inexperienced men, without claims or qualifications. One case presents itself very forcibly to my notice, and which I do not feel at liberty to assent to. It is the withdrawal of the Commission from WILLIAM MACKELLAR, a clerk in the office of the Chief of Police, before whom, as Commissioner of Deeds, the depositions are made upon which charges are preferred against policemen. There is no other Commissioner in that office, and if his authority is thus taken away [illegible] it will interfere very materially with the proper discharge of my duties as Head of the Police Department. To this I cannot consent, and if there was no other objection to the resolution, this one would be sufficient to warrant my disapproval. Having given the members of the Common Council who appeared to have the especial charge of getting up the list of appointments notice that I should not approve of the removal of Mr. MACKELLAR for the reasons here stated, I am less reluctant to veto the whole number than I would have been had this timely notice been omitted. If other appointments fit to be made, thus fall, the fault lies with the Common Council and not with myself.

All the appointments being comprised within one resolution, I am forced to approve or disapprove the whole at one proceeding. I regret thus to be compelled to reject many whom it would have given me pleasure to confirm in their appointments.

FERNANDO WOOD, Mayor.

Alderman [illegible] denied the right of the Mayor to veto the appointments of Commissioners of Deeds.

The President of the Board said that under the Charter and Laws of the State the Mayor had nothing to do with the matter. It belonged to the Common Council exclusively, and he would therefore rule the veto out.

Alderman [illegible] wanted to know what would become of the message—was it to go out of the window.

The President repeated that he ruled it out.

Alderman [illegible] read, from the Charter of 1830, to the effect that all ordinances, resolutions, &c., passed by the Common Council, required the signature of the Mayor, and then appealed from the decision of the Chair.

Alderman [illegible] moved that the message be referred to the Committee on Law.

Alderman [illegible] remarked that under the Charter of 1830 all appointments were made by the Common Council. He thought the Mayor had no power in the matter, but as the resolution had been sent to him for his signature, he would favor the reception of the message.

On motion, the message was received by a vote of 12 to 3.

Alderman [illegible] moved its reference to the Law Committee and it was so referred.

AFFAIRS OF THE UNION FERRY COMPANY.

The following report was presented by Alderman Fox, laid on the table and ordered to be printed:

Report of the Board of Aldermen's Committee on the Union Ferry Company—The Company's Statement.

Alderman Fox, in the Board of Aldermen, last evening, presented the following

REPORT.

That, in pursuance of the resolution, (passed this Board of Aldermen Nov. 1,) the Committee conferred with the officers of the Union Ferry Company, and received every courtesy and civility necessary for a full and proper examination of the books and affairs of the Company.

The Company furnished your Committee with a statement of the profits and expenditures, together with a communication in defence of their course in refusing to commute, both of which are annexed.

And your Committee, although having numerous business engagements, have devoted some time to the consideration of this subject, and are [illegible] relating to the [illegible] Company, and with a full knowledge of the facts, that this Company are bound [illegible]

[illegible] It must at once be seen, the only just [illegible] that can be drawn from these words, is that at the time the lease was made, it was understood that the system of commutation was to be continued, and the words were inserted in the lease for the sole purpose of more fully protecting the citizens against any design of overcharge of the Company thereafter. But the custom of the Company has recognized and established the law showing the construction of this clause and governing their action.

Ever since the commencement of these ferries the system of commutation has been maintained. When the ferriage for crossing was four cents, and the population comparatively small, and [illegible] it was reduced to one cent, commutation was extensively practiced. All the ferries running out of the City of New-York to the cities and towns of Long Island, Staten Island and New-Jersey, &c., are obliged to, and do, commute; and your Committee cannot see the propriety or justice of permitting the Union Ferry Company to be exempt from the general rule.

If this is intended to be a test question for all the ferries, it may as well be met now as at some future period.

Besides this, the Company bind themselves in the lease to conduct and manage said Ferries in conformity with any resolution, ordinance, &c., that may be passed by the Common Council.

Your Committee are therefore inclined to declare that, according to the terms of the lease, the said Company are obliged to commute with citizens desiring it, or else forfeit their right to run said Ferry.

The people both of this City and Brooklyn remonstrate earnestly against the proposed infringement of their rights by the Ferry Company, in refusing to commute. The officers in the statement annexed, plead in extenuation of their conduct that they must raise a revenue sufficient to pay the stockholders at the expiration of the lease.

Now, as your Committee view it, the Common Council have nothing whatever to do with the wish or necessity of the Company to raise a revenue. It is sufficient to know that, by the terms of their agreement, they have agreed to commute, and this agreement the citizens expect us to have enforced, as the Company, even taking their own annexed account, are abundantly able to comply therewith. This subject of the revenue to be raised would have to come before the Common Council in a different shape.

Your Committee, therefore, as the expression of their opinion, would recommend for adoption the following resolution, viz.:

Resolved, That the Union Ferry Company be and they are hereby directed to commute with passengers as heretofore, and in case of the refusal of said Company so to do, the Counsel to the Corporation be and he is authorized and directed, within ten days after the passage of this resolution, to take the necessary legal measures to carry the same into effect.

The following statistics were appended to the report:

Current Receipts and Expenditures of the Ferries from May 1, 1855, to May 1, 1856:

RECEIPTS.

At gates	$559,998 00
For commutation, cart tickets, milk wagons, &c.	45,510 31
Rents of real estate	10,801 44
Total	$61[illegible],341 75

EXPENSES.

Wages of men	$152,677 30	
Salaries	15,700 00	
Rents	84,050 00	
Coal	112,963 92	
Dividend on capital ($800,000) at 8 per cent	64,000 00	
Total	$4[illegible]	
Interest on loans and discounts	4,775 73	
Tax on capital	8,617 61	
Croton water	4,191 00	
Gas	4,989 14	
Lamp, machinery and paint oils	5,460 64	
New cabins for two boats and part of another, and a new boiler	13,418 06	
[illegible]	13,2[illegible] 14	$5[illegible]
[illegible]		[illegible]

Not charging for depreciation of property.

Estimating depreciation at seven per cent on $8[illegible], being the present value of boats, fixtures, &c. [illegible]

And deducting the amount above stated for renovating boats, &c., say	13,418 06
Total	$42,801 72
Then deducting surplus as above	42,196 30
There will be shown a gain of for the year as above	$605 42

Profits and Losses of the several Ferries not Charging Depreciation of Property, to May 1, 1856.

	Losses.	Profits.
FULTON.		
May 1, 1851, to May 1, 1852		$42,373 18
May 1, 1852, to May 1, 1853		58,190 07
May 1, 1853, to May 1, 1854		56,342 24
May 1, 1854, to May 1, 1855		77,698 97
May 1, 1855, to May 1, 1856		109,963 68
Total		$335,288 04
SOUTH.		
May 1, 1851, to May 1, 1852	$6,307 57	
May 1, 1852, to May 1, 1853		$235 65
May 1, 1853, to May 1, 1854	5,205 88	
May 1, 1854, to May 1, 1855		9,420 94
May 1, 1855, to May 1, 1856		6,502 78
HAMILTON.		
May 1, 1851, to May 1, 1852	19,801 20	
May 1, 1852, to May 1, 1853	9,928 14	
May 1, 1853, to May 1, 1854	2,215 72	
May 1, 1854, to May 1, 1855		7,738 65
May 1, 1855, to May 1, 1856		5,502 32
Paid by present Company on account of losses sustained prior to May 1, 1851, $15,000 in stock and in cash for debt assumed due to former Company	6,613 70	
ROOSEVELT.		
Dec. 1, 1853, to May 1, 1854	14,378 02	
May 1, 1854, to May 1, 1855	23,649 84	
May 1, 1855, to May 1, 1856	24,826 85	
CATHERINE.		
Dec. 1, 1853, to May 1, 1854	14,802 75	
May 1, 1854, to May 1, 1855	16,226 03	
May 1, 1855, to May 1, 1856	12,237 79	
GOUVERNEUR.		
Dec. 1, 1853, to May 1, 1854	10,485 12	
May 1, 1854, to May 1, 1855	16,774 30	
May 1, 1855, to May 1, 1856	10,485 79	
WALL-STREET.		
Dec. 1, 1853, to May 1, 1854	18,683 63	
May 1, 1854, to May 1, 1855	24,294 90	
May 1, 1855, to May 1, 1856	16,512 59	
	$255,328 39	$354,718 40
Balance, bearing profits, not charging for deprecation	99,390 91	
	$354,718 40	

RECAPITULATION.

	Losses.	Profits.
Fulton Ferry		$335,288 04
South Ferry		2,675 24
Hamilton Ferry	$35,216 96	
Wall-street Ferry	59,490 21	
Roosevelt-street Ferry	62,854 21	
Catherine-street Ferry	43,266 57	
Gouverneur-street Ferry	37,745 20	
	$238,573 27	
Balance, being surplus to apply towards depreciations of boats, fixtures, &c.	99,390 01	
	$337,963 28	$337,963 28

Note.—The losses paid by the previous Union Ferry Companies in sustaining the South Ferry from July 1, 1839, to May 1, 1851, amounted to $159,689.

The surplus above mentioned is entirely insufficient for the purpose, it having been found by experience that the lowest per centage of depreciation that will make up for the difference between the cost of boats when new and the amount received for sales when old is seven per cent. per annum, calculating the depreciation upon the reduced value of each year. Upon this principle, the deficiency in the value of the assets would be large, but adding to the above sum of $99,389 01 the sum of $44,586 32, being the estimated value of ferry buildings, bridges, racks, &c., at the Fulton, South and Hamilton ferries, for the payment of which at the expiration of the lease, no provision was made in the lease, but which is now provided for in the amended charter of the City of New-York, it will make the amount providing for depreciation $143,977 33, while the depreciation upon the above principle is found to be $164,915 48.

Assets and Liabilities of the Union Ferry Company of Brooklyn, Nov. 1, 1856.

ASSETS.

Boats	$654,500 00
Buildings, Floats, Racks, Bridges, Piers, &c.	228,700 00
Machinery in shop	7,500 00
Old machinery and boilers, horses, wagons, carts, pile-driving machines, scows, floats, tools, scales, &c., &c.	12,440 00
Total	$903,140 00
Materials for repairs	26,596 74
Office furniture, desks, safes, &c.	1,500 00
Due for coal sold to men	1,069 75
Rents accrued	2,069 63
W. Maine's bond and interest	3,702 74
Camden and Amboy Railroad bonds at 80 and interest	6,150 00
Water rent paid in advance	2,065 50
G. B. Knapp's note for sale of *Osprey*	14,000 00
Cash on hand	2,964 48
Coal and wood	27,861 02
Real estate at foot of Bridge-street	25,000 00
Do. at foot of Sackett and Degraw streets	115,000 00
Total	$1,0[illegible] 65

LIABILITIES.

Trustees of the late Brooklyn Union Ferry Co.	$5,604 50	
G. G. Van Wagenen	2,296 00	
James McFarlan	2,000 00	
Bonds and mortgages, viz.:		
To Estate H. Bruen	$19,000 00	
To Home Insurance Co.	20,000 00	
To Atlantic Insurance Co.	15,000 00	
[illegible]	27,696 00	
[illegible]	30,000 00	
[illegible]	10,000 00	
Note to Cumberland Coal and Iron Co.	6,235 00	
Wages due to Mechanics	1,51[illegible]	
[illegible]		[illegible]
Brooklyn Gas Co.		[illegible]
Providence Tool Co.		[illegible]
G. Landemann		11 00
Salter & McFarlan		[illegible]
[illegible]		[illegible]
Phelps, Dodge & Co.		[illegible]
Wilson & Co.		[illegible]
[illegible]		[illegible]
G. Ross		[illegible]
Doty & Ford, $38 97; Benedict & Farr, $21 50;		[illegible]
E. Sillock, $94; D. Allen, $14 61		[illegible]
Capital Stock		800,000 00
		$1,008,[illegible] 44
Amount of Assets		1,0[illegible]
Amount of Liabilities including Capital		1,008,290 44
Surplus		$[illegible] 21

Salaries paid to the Officers of the Union Ferry Company of Brooklyn.

President, per annum	$1,000
Managing Director and Attorney	4,000
Treasurer and Secretary	3,000
Cashier and Office Clerk	1,200
Superintendent	2,400
Assistant to ditto, and Clerk for South and Hamilton Ferries	1,000
Assistant and Clerk for Roosevelt, Catharine, and Gouverneur Ferries	1,000
Chief Engineer	2,500
Total	$15,700

List of the Employés of the Union Ferry Company of Brooklyn.

Collectors (Ferry-Masters and Gate-Keepers)	59	Deck-hands	81
Clerk	1	Bridgemen	2
Conductors	8	Watchmen	6
Pilots	37	Carpenters, dock-builders, blacksmiths, cartmen, painters, laborers and cleaners, about	60
Engineers	41		
Firemen	38		
Lampmen	4		
Total			337

Statement of the Number of Commuters at the different Ferries for the six months ending Nov. 1, 1856.

Fulton Ferry	396
South Ferry	159
Hamilton Ferry	116
Roosevelt Ferry	38
Catharine Ferry	50
Gouverneur Ferry	11
Wall-street Ferry	154
Total	1,400

City and County of New-York, ss.—JOSEPH A. PERRY, residing in the Town of New-Utrecht, being duly sworn, doth depose and say that he is the Secretary and Treasurer of the Union Ferry Company of Brooklyn; that the preceding statements marked as Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, were made out by him, and are in strict accordance with the Books of said Company.

J. A. PERRY.

Sworn to before me this 29th day of November, 1856.

WM. B. STEPHENS, Com. of Deeds.

The following was received from the

CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT, Dec. 2, 1856.

To the Honorable the Board of Aldermen:

The Croton Aqueduct Board have the honor of presenting the annexed statement in accordance with a resolution of your honorable body, and pursuant to sec. 21st of the Charter of 1849, the financial condition of the Department on the 30th November:

GENERAL BALANCE.

Head of Account.	Dr.	Cr.
Aqueduct Repairs and Improvements	$21,989 20	$35,000 00
Croton Water Works Extension	45,496 41	108,000 00
Aqueduct Construction Account		5,000 00
Water pipes and laying	98,438 59	165,750 00
Sewers, Repairing and Cleaning	19,289 92	201,000 00
Statistical Tables	1,100 50	2,840 11
Salaries	18,227 42	18,937 48
Water Rents		601,589 09
Water Rents, penalties thereon		9,183 61
Permits [illegible] Sewers		22,477 00
Petty Cash		894 49
City Chamberlain	694,067 25	
Unexpended Balances	[illegible] 56	
Total	$909,868 79	$909,868 79

The following resolution was offered by Alderman TUCKER and adopted:

Resolved, That the Commissioners of the Central Park be, and they are hereby requested to report to this Board, at its third meeting in this session, a full statement of its affairs in detail from the date of its organization to the 1st day of December, together with all the expenses and liabilities incurred by said Commissioners.

After the transaction of some unimportant routine business, the Board adjourned to Thursday next.

BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

The Board of Councilmen met (pursuant to notice) yesterday evening. The President, B. F. PINCKNEY, Esq., in the chair.

A remonstrance against the award of contract in the matter of regulating and grading Fortieth-street, was referred to the Committee on Streets.

The petition of John P. Smith, in reference to erroneous assessments, was referred to Committee on Assessments. The petition of Cornelius McDermott, to be discharged from the Debtors' Prison, was referred to Committee on Law.

The application for relief from assessments for the New Park, imposed upon the Leake & Watts Orphan-House, was referred to Committee on Finance.

The petition of F. W. Hunt, in relation to his Pantological System of History, was referred to Committee on Arts and Sciences.

A petition for sewers in Gouverneur-street was referred to Committee on Sewers.

A petition from the Jewish Congregation, for exemption from rates on their burial-ground for the Central Park, was referred to Committee on Finance.

The Report of the Committee on Fire Department of the Board of Councilmen, in favor of fire telegraphs for Seventh and Eighth Fire Districts, was referred to the Committee of the Whole.

A resolution was presented to request the Comptroller to report by what authority he paid the salaries of extra Clerks, who were not confirmed by this Board. Laid over.

Also, to inform the Board what disposition has been made of the money appropriated for the pay of the members of this Board for 1856. Adopted.

RESOLUTIONS REFERRED.

To flag sidewalks in Third-street. To suspend operations in relation to paving Chatham-street, until the Third-avenue Railroad track be placed upon its proper grade. To grade Fourth-avenue from Fifty eighth to Seventy-first-street.

The report of the Committee on Roads, in favor of concurring to award contract to John Quinn for regulating Seventy-ninth-street, was adopted.

Reports from various Special Committees in favor of new curb and gutters, flagging, &c., in Canal-street, Seventh, Chrystie, Eldridge, Forsyth, Allen, and other streets and places were referred to the Committee of the Whole.

A resolution was adopted compensating the Presidents of the Boards of Aldermen and Councilmen for their services as Health Commissioners—the amount being $500 for each.

The resolution of the Committee on Railroads to compel the Eighth-avenue Railroad to lay the rails up to Fifty-ninth-street, (junction of Broadway and Eighth-avenue,) was lost for want of a constitutional vote, and finally on motion laid on the table.

The Board adjourned to Wednesday.

Underground Telegraph.

The petition of the American Telegraphic Company, asking the privilege of laying wires underground in the City of New-York, which was favorably passed upon by the Board of Councilmen some weeks ago, was before the Aldermanic Special Committee, Alderman VARIAN, Chairman, yesterday afternoon. The following is the

PETITION.

To the Mayor and Common Council of the City of New-York:

The American Telegraph Company of said City respectfully represent that they are the owners of certain telegraph lines leading from this City, and now occupying the streets thereof upon poles, called "air lines;" that they are desirous of removing the same and placing their wires under the ground. Aside from avoiding the unsightly appearance presented in those streets through which said air lines now pass, laying the wires underground will make them much more efficient and reliable for purposes of telegraphic communication, and at the same time will cause the public no inconvenience whatever where once laid down.

The Company propose to insulate their wires—place them in an iron tube 4½ inches in diameter and bury that from 12 to 18 inches under the surface of the streets. Wherefore your petitioners respectfully ask the right of laying their wires underground as aforesaid through any of the public streets of said City, removing the pavement and flagging near the curb stones, and replacing the same in as perfect a manner as before.

PETER COOPER, President.

WILSON G. HUNT, CYRUS W. FIELD, HIRAM O. ALDEN, } Secretaries.

NEW-YORK, July 18, 1856.

Messrs. COOPER and HUNT appeared before the Committee and spoke of the advantages that would result from granting their petition. Among the advantages named, the most important was that the working of the lines would be less liable to interruption. The Committee promised to report before the close of the present session.

Board of County Canvassers.

The Board met at 1 o'clock yesterday, Supervisor [illegible] in the Chair, and proceeded to examine the votes in the Eighth District of the Twentieth Ward, for Council to the Corporation and Governor of the Almshouse. They then adjourned until next day.

[illegible] Anniversary week [illegible]

"It is not [illegible] to advance [illegible] to the public."

A second call, with further particulars, will be issued. Mrs. C., the Secretary, at No. 73 Hudson-street, invokes [illegible].

Wreck of the Golden Gate on Lake Erie.

A telegraphic dispatch, published in yesterday's TIMES, announced the wreck of the steamer *Golden Gate*, running on Lake Erie, between Dunkirk and Toledo, off Erie, from having run on a bar while attempting to enter the latter port during the heavy snow-storm and gale of wind of last Saturday. The *Golden Gate* was owned by ELISHA D. LITCHFIELD, Esq., of this City. A private dispatch, received by Mr. LITCHFIELD, yesterday, states that a major part of the cargo of the steamer, including 1,800 barrels of flour, was saved. The statement of the safety of the officers and crew was confirmed. The steamer is a perfect wreck. She cost $80,000, and is fully insured. She was built in 1852 at Buffalo, and formerly ran on Lake Michigan to connect with the Michigan Southern Railroad. At the time of the accident she was running between Toledo and Dunkirk, connecting with the New-York and Erie Railroad.

Information Wanted.

NEW-YORK, Monday, Dec. 1.

To the Editor of the New-York Daily Times:

Some eight months since an English Admiralty Court awarded the steamer *Ericsson*, £1,000 salvage for towing a Dutch brig that was disabled into an English port.

Now, if I am not mistaken, one-half goes to the officers and crew and the other half to the owners, which has not been done as regards the crew. Will the owners give some information on the subject,

And oblige ONE OF THE CREW.

If Mayor Wood would detail a few policemen at Jersey City Ferry, of an evening, to prevent drivers of vehicles from blocking up the carriage way for a whole block, it would be a good deed; and if the Ferry Company would light up the space sufficiently in front of the Ferry House, the prayers of grateful passengers would ascend to Heaven in their behalf. Last evening, after dark, a boat load of passengers were detained some minutes before they could cross the street, unless they risked their lives by wading through mud ankle deep, or by diving through labyrinths of horses' legs and wheels of wagons. An Irish teamster planted himself with his load of hay directly on the cross-walk, and because he could not go forward would not back down, though repeatedly asked to do so. His wagon was not numbered. A long block of granite lies in dangerous proximity to the sidewalk, and owing to the darkness and confusion, first a man and then a woman fell over it, sprawling in the mud. These are matters which should be looked to by those who have the authority to redress them.

Auctioneers are notified to call at the Mayor's office during this month and renew their bonds, in accordance with the law in such cases made and provided, or they will be amenable to the penalty, which is fine, or imprisonment, or both. The expense attending the renewal is $250. One State bond has to be given of two sureties in $5,000 each, and one City bond of two sureties in $2,000. The bondsmen must be worth double the amount in real estate. The City bond is not required till June next.

Weekly Report of the Hospital, to Nov. 28, 1856: Remaining on Nov. 21, 305; admitted to Nov. 28, 88; discharged, cured or relieved, 68; died, 2; remaining at date, 308; males, 250; females, 58.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

The Courts.

The Courts yesterday commenced their December term, with the exception of the United States Courts, which will open to-day.

The Supreme Court Circuit opened, but immediately adjourned until Dec. 8. The Special Term Calendar, comprising nearly 400 causes, including demurrers, was called through by Judge ROOSEVELT, and *not a single case was found ready for argument*. The Superior Court Trial Term Calendar was called through, and only two cases were found ready.

There are but few cases of interest which will be tried this term, the case of Pennington vs. The Sixth-avenue Railroad Company, in the Superior Court, being the only one we know of. This case will probably be reached by Wednesday or Thursday.

The Irish-American Libel Case.

The suit for alleged libel, brought by U. S. District-Attorney, JOHN MCKEON, against P. LYNCH, Esq., Editor of the *Irish-American*, was to have been tried yesterday, before Recorder SMITH, but, in consequence of the illness of Mr. LYNCH's counsel, it was postponed indefinitely.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM—Nov. 29.

Before Judge Roosevelt.

DECISIONS.

In re application of Catharine Holman for an additional allowance out of the income of the estate of Julia Holman, an infant.

Order appointing Referee to inquire into all the circumstances, and to report upon, the propriety of increasing the allowance to the mother of the infant for education and support during minority from $1,000 to $2,050.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM—Dec. 1.

Before Hon. Justice Roosevelt.

DECISIONS.

Joanna F. Hopkins vs. Charles F. Hopkins.—Judgment of divorce, with liberty to plaintiff to apply for alimony hereafter, on a proper statement of the number of children, if any, and the circumstances of the parties.

Before Hon. Justice Clerke.

Hamilton vs. The Accessory Transit Company.—See opinion of Judge CLERKE.

SUPERIOR COURT—CHAMBERS—Nov. 29.

Before Hon. Justice Slosson.

DECISIONS.

The New-Haven County Bank vs. P. T. Barnum, first suit. *Same vs. Same*, second suit.

First: The motion to amend answer in first suit by setting up larger amount of discount than the sum specified in quantity, allowed.

Second: Motion for discovery denied.

Third: Motion to amend answer by setting up usury, denied.

Fourth: Motion to amend answer by setting up that plaintiffs received the discounts, 6¼ per cent. in violation of their charter, denied.

Fifth: Motion that plaintiff be required to receive former amended answer in first suit, allowed.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Dec. 1.

Before Hon. Judge Capron.

The December Term of this Court was opened yesterday before the City Judge. A quorum of Grand Jurors was not present. Judge CAPRON will, therefore, deliver his charge to-day. He will recommend the appointment of a Special Commission to inquire into election frauds. The illegality of the sale of intoxicating liquor will also engage his attention. A Petit Jury was obtained yesterday, after which the Court adjourned without trying any new cases.

The Calendar for the week is not larger than usual. Huntington, the forger, will, probably, be tried in the last week of the term. The election frauds will largely occupy the attention of the Court.

COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM.—Nov. 29.

Before Judges Daly and Brady.

DECISIONS.

Richard Liddle vs. Wm. Mulligan.—Judgment reserved.

Sidney Oakesmith vs. James Sutherland.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs.

Michael Gorman vs. Wm. Pettit.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs.

Asa Hatch vs. William Brown.—Judgment reversed.

Horace Scranton vs. Uriah Levy.—Judgment affirmed.

Ralph McCormick vs. Sarah Wilson.—Judgment affirmed.

Louis Wilkinning vs. Henry Schmale.—Judgment affirmed.

Samuel D. Beach vs. Michael McCann.—Judgment reversed.

William Mackay vs. Henry Blackman.—Judgment affirmed.

Andrew Leary vs. Philip [illegible].—Judgment affirmed.

Jacob Ulrich vs. Hugh McCabe.—Judgment affirmed.

Joseph Britton vs. John Brewster.—Judgment affirmed.

James Slaughter vs. Matthew A. Wilson.—Judgment affirmed.

The Mayor, &c., vs. Edmund F. H. Gibson.—Appeal dismissed, with $20 costs.

[illegible]

SPECIAL TERM.

Before Judge Daly.

Francis J. Thomas vs. Wm. Smith, &c.—Motion granted, with costs.

Petition of William [illegible] for appointment of next friend.—Petition granted.

[illegible] vs. [illegible].—Order settling the issues to be tried.

Joseph P. Chambers vs. Henry J. Raymond, &c.—Order [illegible].

Joel De Silva Mario Narvaez vs. William Dayes.—Default opened and judgment set aside on payment of costs [illegible].

Before Judge Brady.

[illegible] Farris vs. Ellen Hamilton.—Order [illegible].

Louis Aldham, Administrator, vs. Nathaniel H. Wolfe.—Motion denied, without costs.

[illegible] must be renewed before the presiding Judge. There is no necessity for a feigned issue; the question can be disposed of by affidavits.

Stephen Shepherd vs. John E. Dean.—Attachment ordered against defendant. Bail fixed at $500.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.

Iowa—OFFICIAL.

Counties.	1856 Fremont.	1856 Buchanan.	1856 Fillmore.	1852 Scott.	1852 Pierce.
Adair	73	97	4	New	county.
Adams	112	72	3	New	county.
Appanoose	791	864	487	347	335
Allamakee	680	560	90	148	136
Audubon	98	81	4	New	county.
Benton	655	496	138	80	89
Black Hawk	566	298	32	New	county.
Boone	306	259	66	40	84
Bremer	597	179	45	New	county.
Butler	323	141	29	New	county.
Buchanan	709	343	21	123	143
Calhoun	9	14	..	New	county.
Cass	182	84	..	New	county.
Cedar	1116	701	176	588	564
Cerro Gordo	101	40	1	New	county.
Chickasaw	351	109	23	New	county.
Clark	540	332	71	30	37
Crawford	38	8	..	New	county.
Clayton	1430	754	67	471	451
Clinton	1245	689	142	378	[illegible]
Dallas	487	319	20	79	89
Davis	961	1014	733	598	614
Decatur	342	583	183	[illegible]	[illegible]
Delaware	901	500	149	298	[illegible]
Des Moines	1533	1413	691	984	[illegible]
Dubuque	1332	2497	280	610	[illegible]
Fayette	1042	453	117	167	117
Floyd	334	191	14	New	county.
Franklin	110	89	..	New	county.
Fremont	158	208	108	95	67
Greene	73	117	..	New	county.
Grundy	65	2	..	New	county.
Guthrie	196	205	12	7	30
Harrison	170	124	9	New	county.
Hardin	682	195	18	New	county.
Henry	1767	767	808	932	518
Howard	207	62	..	New	county.
Iowa	495	396	73	113	101
Jackson	1163	1359	376	554	739
Jasper	878	485	88	109	113
Jefferson	1188	1020	206	175	198
Johnson	1215	961	253	415	581
Jones	964	683	10	366	393
Keokuk	895	830	107	396	408
Kossuth	65	13	..	New	county.
Lee	1780	2156	650	New	county.
Linn	1659	971	373	593	593
Louisa	993	648	290	482	363
Lucas	283	365	176	80	85
Mahaska	1324	940	263	560	541
Madison	580	619	61	103	180
Marshall	581	199	104	51	58
Mills	267	158	102	42	91
Mitchell	344	135	1	New	county.
Monroe	622	663	98	204	305
Monona	41	58	18	New	county.
Montgomery	68	58	17	New	county.
Muscatine	1084	895	527	563	605
Page	100	171	180	99	40
Polk	1065	988	91	401	429
Pottawatamie	230	858	84	111	182
Poweshiek	459	355	97	81	45
Ringgold	92	52	64	New	county.
Scott	1676	1119	339	517	541
Sac	25	25	..	New	county.
Shelby	63	19	..	New	county.
Story	283	272	73	No	returns.
Tama	470	206	39	New	county.
Taylor	119	183	81		9
Union	102	121	17	New	county.
Van Buren	1092	1396	324	981	1029
Wapello	1093	1175	252	683	769
Warren	865	519	102	95	93
Washington	1188	829	408	478	589
Wayne	183	365	170	68	[illegible]
Webster	389	209	21	New	county.
Winneshiek	770	209	12	69	[illegible]
Wright	51	24	..	New	county.
Totals	44,127	36,231	9,444	15,856	17,[illegible]

Fremont over Buchanan, 7,896; Fremont and Fillmore over Buchanan, 17,330.

MARKET REPORTS.

Markets.....*Carefully reported for N. Y. Daily Times.*

NEW-YORK, Monday, Dec. 1—6 P. M.

ASHES—Have not varied. Stock limited, demand moderate. Pearls, $6@$6 12½; Pots, $7 37½@$7 50 ℔ 100 lbs.

COFFEE—The market is tame and infirm. Java, 15½c.@16½c.; Laguayra and Maracaibo, 11½c.@12½c.; Rio, 9¾c.@11⅜c.; and St. Domingo at 10½c.@10¾c. ℔ lb.

COTTON—Is still rather inactive, but it is steadily held.

NEW-YORK CLASSIFICATION.

	Upland.	Florida.	Mobile.	New-Orleans and Texas.
Middling	12¾	12¾	12¾	13
Middling Fair	13¼	13¼	13¼	13½
Fair	13¾	13⅞	13	13½

FLOUR AND MEAL—The market for State and Western Flour is brisker, though prices are not remarkably firmer. The supply is good and most factors comparatively free sellers. The reported transactions since our last comprise about 11,400 bbls. in lots, mainly at prices within the annexed range:

Ordinary State	$6 10@$6 20
Straight State	6 25@ 6 40
Favorite and Extra State	6 40@ 6 75
Common to Good Indiana & Upper Lake	6 30@ 6 70
Common to Good Superfine Ohio	6 65@ 6 85
Fancy Michigan	6 40@ 6 60
Extra Michigan	6 60@ 7 75
Extra Indiana and Wisconsin	6 70@ 7 75
Extra Ohio	6 85@ 8 00
Fancy Genesee	6 75@ 7 00
Extra Genesee	7 00@ 8 75
Extra Missouri	6 75@ 9 00

Canadian remains dull and heavy; superfine to extra commands only $6 50@$7 75 ℔ bbl.; a few small lots changed hands thereat. Southern is unaltered. The transactions since our last comprise about 1,700 bbls. low Mixed to Fancy and extra, at $6 90@$8 and $9 ℔ bbl. Rye Flour is in limited request, yet it is held at $3 50@$5 25 for Fine to Superfine ℔ bbl. Corn Meal is tame and languid, at $3 37½@$3 50 for Jersey, and $3 87½@$4 for Brandywine, ℔ bbl. The latter brings $17 25@$17 50 in puncheons. Buckwheat Flour is plenty and quiet, mainly at $2 12½@$2 62½ ℔ 100 lbs.

GRAIN—Wheat attracts considerable attention, but, with more offering, prices are heavy and favor buyers. The sales reported since our last consist of about 86,000 bushels,—including ordinary to prime Canadian White at $1 60@$1 71; very good do. Red at $1 55; good ordinary Western mixed at $1 45; very ordinary to superior do. Red at $1 34@$1 60; and superior Southern Red at $1 60 ℔ bush. Rye remains in light supply and demand, mainly at 90c. ℔ bushel; 5,500 bushels were sold at this rate. Oats are heavy and infirm at 48c.@50c. for Ohio and Lake, 45c.@48c. for State; 43c.@46c. for Jersey, and 40c.@44c. for Southern, ℔ bushel. Barley is in moderate demand and is quoted at $1 10@$1 30 for inferior to choice, ℔ bushel. 4,500 bushels were sold within the range. Barley Malt commands $1 40 ℔ bushel. Corn continues dull and heavy. There were sales reported of about 41,000 bushels at 68c.@70c. for unsound; 71c.@73c. for Mixed; 74c. for Northern and Southern Yellow, and 73c.@76c. for Northern and Southern White, ℔ bushel.

HAY—Sales of 1,800 bales River transpired at 65c.@70c. for shipment, and 75c.@85c. for local use, ℔ 100 lbs.

HOPS—New continue plenty and heavy at from 8c.@11c. ℔ lb. Old rule dull and nominal at 4c.@6c. ℔ lb.

IRON—We heard of sales of about 75 tons Scotch Pig at $29 50@$30, usual terms, ℔ ton.

LATHS—Are salable and firm. Eastern, $1 20@$1 37½ ℔ M.

LEAD—Remains in limited demand, at old rates.

LIME—Rockland appears in moderate request, at uniform rates; 90c. for common, and $1 50 for Lump, ℔ bbl.

MOLASSES—The supply and demand are limited at unaltered figures. New-Orleans, 57c.@60c.; Porto Rico, 58c.@60c.; Cuba Muscovado, 43c.@48c., and Clayed Cuba, 40c.@42c. ℔ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Resin, Tar and Crude Turpentine are depressed and infirm. Spirits Turpentine is now in pretty fair demand, and it is generally worth 44c. ℔ gallon.

OILS—Whale, Sperm and Olive are unchanged. Linseed can still be quoted at 84c.@85c. ℔ gallon, with limited sales. No important movement in Lard Oil.

PROVISIONS—Pork is in rather slack demand, yet owners claim somewhat higher rates. Sales have been reported of only small lots at $16 25@$16 50 for old Mess; $18 87½@$19 for new do.; $17@$17 12½ for old prime; and $17 50@$17 75 for new do., ℔ barrel. Dressed Hogs [illegible] ℔ lb. Cut Meats are in limited supply and demand at irregular rates. Bacon is in fair request for immediate and future delivery, and it is quite firm, at 9c.@11c. ℔ lb. Lard is pretty brisk and buoyant. The transactions since our last reach about [illegible] bbls. [illegible], mostly at 12½c.@[illegible] ℔ lb. Beef is [illegible]

[illegible]

NOTE.—The abbreviations [illegible]

RICE—[illegible]

SUGARS—The demand is limited, and prices [illegible] reported of Cuba, &c., in hhds. [illegible] We subjoin a comparative statement of the stock of Sugar, in first hands [illegible]

Cuba, hhds.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New-Orleans, hhds.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Porto Rico, hhds.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Other kinds, hhds.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total hhds.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total bags	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total boxes	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

TOBACCO—[illegible] We annex an official statement of the [illegible], at the Inspection Warehouses, in this City, during the month of November:

Stock Nov. 1, 1856	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Received since	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Delivered since	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Stock Dec. 1, 1856	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Stock same time 1855	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

The movements in Spanish during the month of November are shown by the following table:

Stock Nov. 1, 1856, bales	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Received since, bales	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Stock Dec. 1, 1856, bales	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

[illegible] 300 bales of [illegible] bbls. Ohio and Prime were [illegible] at 85c.@86c. ℔ gallon.

FREIGHTS—Were quite dull and heavy. For Liverpool: Cotton, [illegible]; Grain, [illegible] ℔ bush.; [illegible] ℔ bbl.; Beef, [illegible]; Tobacco, [illegible] ℔ hhd.; and Heavy Goods, [illegible]. For other ports, proportionate quotations.

Spirit of the Trade Circulars.

BARNARD & COMBE'S PROVISION AND OIL CIRCULAR.

Per Niagara.] NEW-YORK, Dec. 1, 1856.—P. M.

Since our last report, the Provision markets throughout all sections of this country have been more active. The commencement of the packing season, coupled with a rather tight money market, caused the majority of the holders to submit to a considerable decline.

The news from the West report a good Hog crop, and from Europe we learn of nothing calculated to excite our markets.

PORK—During the week factors had somewhat the control of the market, [illegible] with but small receipts [illegible] Prime $17 50@[illegible] Prime Mess is nominal.

BEEF—The supply of new is [illegible] nor is it likely that there will be [illegible] packed, as the low prices current last season have frightened the packers; as a natural consequence the market is quite firm. New Prime Mess is not yet in market.

BACON—Has been rather active for delivery at a short time hence at 9¾c.@10c. [illegible] cut; 11c. for clear City, and 9½c.@9¾c. for Western.

CUT MEATS—Have been quiet [illegible] New pickled Hams sell at [illegible] are not in market.

LARD—The market, which, early in the week was heavy, has become more steady since the arrival of the *Persia*, and prices have somewhat improved.

TALLOW—Large arrivals and a moderate demand have depressed the market, which at the close is very heavy at 11c.@11¼c., (the outside rate for Butchers' Association.)

WHALE OIL—The advices from the fleet, received on Saturday by the Californian steamer, are as yet not generally known; the market remains [illegible] at late rates. SPERM OIL is very dull; a large stock is pressing on the market; we quote crude at $1 [illegible] $1 30 ℔ gall. LINSEED OIL—[illegible] and the absence of all speculative inquiry has depressed the market to about 84c. for English, with no buyers at that price. [illegible] and we reduce our rates to 85c.@$1 for Winter Lard, and 65c.@70c. for Red Oil.

WHALEBONE—Is firmly held [illegible] 68½c.@70c. for Ochotsk; 64c.@65c. for Northwest [illegible]; 55c.@[illegible] for South Sea.

HONEY—There is nothing in first hands. A small lot Cuba, arrived a few days since, brought 58c. duty paid [illegible]

BEESWAX—Is selling in lots [illegible] at 28c.@[illegible]

GINSENG—[illegible] little in the market. We quote it at [illegible] ℔ lb.

HOPS—The demand is very light and the market dull. [illegible] We quote strictly prime at 10½c.@11c. [illegible]

BOGLE'S ELECTRIC HAIR [illegible] PRIZE MEDAL AND DIPLOMA [illegible]

GOURAUD'S ITALIAN MEDICATED SOAP [illegible] ERUPTIONS, SALT RHEUM, [illegible] GOURAUD'S POUDRE SUBTILE [illegible]

WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN AND HIS WIFE [illegible] Post-Office.

[illegible] NEW-YORK EVENING TIMES is published [illegible]. SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES, containing [illegible] of the Daily, published Tuesday and [illegible]. WEEKLY TIMES, published Saturday, [illegible]. TIMES FOR EUROPE is published on the departure of every Mail steamer. [illegible]. TIMES FOR CALIFORNIA is published on the [illegible]. Price, in wrappers, [illegible].

[illegible] RAYMOND, WESLEY & CO., Publishers.

[illegible] to-morrow at 10 o'clock, [illegible] the steamship Niagara, [illegible] Boston at 12 o'clock to-morrow. The [illegible] this afternoon. The [illegible] will contain the latest news [illegible] up to the hour of [illegible]. Price six cents each.

Congress—The Kansas Question up Again.

[illegible] day of the new session gave rise to a [illegible]. Gen. WHITFIELD's admission as a Delegate from Kansas afforded the occasion. At the last session, it will be remembered, two claimants for the seat appeared—Gen. WHITFIELD, elected under a call of the Territorial Legislature, and Gov. REEDER, elected by the [illegible] by a preceding outside of the territorial [illegible]. It was this contest which led to the appointment of the Kansas Investigating Committee. Upon the report of that Committee the House decided that neither of the claimants was entitled to the seat, because neither was elected in accordance with valid law.

This left a vacancy. At the October election, held under authority of the Territorial Legislature, Gen. WHITFIELD was elected to fill this vacancy. The Free-State settlers took no part in the election, nor have they held any [illegible]—consequently there is no person [illegible] contesting Gen. WHITFIELD's claim. [illegible] the question before the House stands just as it did at the last session.

The Republicans stood their ground. In spite of the [illegible] of Mr. CAMPBELL, Chairman of Ways and Means, and by position leader of the dominant party, to induce them to [illegible] the position they voted against admitting WHITFIELD to his seat—holding the ground they took last Winter, that the Legislature [illegible] under which he was elected is a [illegible], and not binding. They carried their point. But the struggle was renewed, and the minority, aided by the facilities for delay afforded by the rules, and also by Mr. CAMPBELL, resisted strenuously the consummation of this decision. A call of the House was ordered for the purpose of forcing an adjournment before the question could be finally decided, and the manœuvre was ultimately successful by barely one vote.

The result is of no practical importance: but the contest shows that the Republicans in the House are resolved to stand their ground and adhere to their position, that the Kansas Territorial Legislature is not competent to enact valid laws. Of course this can have no practical result, as that legislature is in possession of power, and neither the Senate nor the Executive will second the attempt of the House to dispossess it. But it will have some effect in stimulating the Republican Party throughout the country to maintain its position and its organization.

Southern Convention.

Another Southern Commercial Convention is soon to be held. It meets at Savannah on Monday next, the 8th inst. There is a good deal of speculation as to its probable action. Several Southern papers anticipate that its discussions will be mainly political, and that its action will be directed towards preparations for disunion. The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore *Sun* says that it will take decided measures to sustain Gen. WALKER's movement in Nicaragua, and one or two journals have called upon it to take steps for a re-opening of the Slave-trade.

On the other hand, the more sensible and discreet of the Southern press protest against all these suggestions, and demand that the Convention shall confine its attention to the commercial and industrial interests of the South, leaving untouched the political topics of the day. The Savannah *Republican* denounced some days since, with the utmost vehemence, the suggestion that the subject of disunion should be broached in the Convention, and branded in advance every man who should countenance any such project, as a traitor. The Virginia *Sentinel* objects to any introduction of political topics, and says that the Convention should confine its attention to measures for relieving the South from its position of commercial dependence upon the North. And in this view we think the great body of the Southern press concur.

But this, after all, does not greatly alter the case. Those who take this view of the matter desire commercial independence as a preliminary and indispensable condition of political independence, and regard the one as preparing the way for the other. These Conventions originated with Mr. CALHOUN, and were the [illegible] he hoped to prepare the way for the separation of the Southern States. Their primary object was to separate, in the public mind of the South, Southern interests from national interests—to lead the people of the Slave States to believe that their interests were different from and hostile to those of the North and of the Union at large. If such a Convention of Free States had been held, the people of the South would have instantly denounced it as sectional and hostile to the Union. Yet the political purpose of these Southern Conventions has been more and more kept out of sight and made subordinate to their commercial objects.

Thus far they have accomplished nothing. There has been no unity of sentiment or of purpose among their members. One portion, representing one or two of the seaboard Slave States, ask for a direct line of Ocean steamers to Europe. Another, from the inland sections, demand works of internal improvement for an [illegible]. Some which have a surplus of labor [illegible] encouragement of manufactures. Others demand an [illegible] of the [illegible] slavery, there is almost as great a variety of [illegible] among the Southern [illegible] among the Northern States. This will render it impossible for them to unite upon any great scheme of policy, or to do anything more than adopt vague resolutions about what is desirable, if it could only be accomplished.

If there were real freedom of discussion at the South,—if the men who assemble in these Conventions were free to explore the real causes of the decay and decline of Southern enterprise, and to suggest remedies, something practical and useful might be accomplished. But such freedom of inquiry is impossible. There is one direction in which it is forbidden to look for the sources of the evil; and yet that may be the very direction in which alone it is of the slightest use to look at all. So long as these Conventions sit with padlocks on their lips, so long as they are forbidden to discuss the great characteristic of the Southern States, their deliberations will continue to be utterly empty and unproductive.

Fruits of Spiritualism.

It is with increased frequency we are called upon to record the unhappy results of Spiritualism. The latest instance is presented by the suicide of Mr. JOHN P. FAIRBANKS, a young man of amiable repute and irreproachable life, industrious, diligent, and successful in his business avocations. Depressed in spirits by the loss of a relative, he was attracted by the allurements held out by the Spiritualists, of corresponding with the departed through the nonsensical charlatanry of rapping and involuntary revelations—addicted himself to the pursuit of the illusion, and ended in becoming its victim. He is consigned to the grave of the suicide, but it will not be the fault of the spirit-rappers, or mediums, as in their jargon they style themselves, if his ghost, like that of the elder Hamlet, be not heard from again and again; perhaps

> "To tempt you toward the flood,
> Or to the dreadful summit of the cliff,
> That beetles on his base, into the sea;
> And there assume some other horrible form,
> Which might deprive your sovranty of reason,
> And draw you into madness."

The *cui bono*, so often addressed to the Spiritualists, is still unanswered. In such circumstances as the above we have the *cui malo*—the evidence of mischief a thousand times more extended and diversified than the careless observer takes note of, cursing nearly every community in the country, neutralizing the teachings of religion, and directing the minds of the ardent, enthusiastic, and weak to a condition of lunacy, more or less decided and pernicious. There is no insane asylum in the land where, since the Rochester developments, there is not a cohort of demented rappers. Legions of them run at large because presumed to be in a less dangerous stage of mental anarchy, and only evince the malady in the perpetration of sudden suicide, preceded in several instances that have come to public attention by the slaughter of friends or children. Science has lost some of its ablest professors; the bar has given to the monomania minds qualified for the highest walks of legal knowledge; the pulpit has lost some of its most eloquent occupants by this miserable delusion. It has ravaged every province of life; [illegible] its victims; and swept them away to the banks of that dark river which divides life from death, under the juggling pretence that across its waters the souls of the departed may be recognized and conversed with, and the mysteries of eternity revealed to time. The value of the revelations we have abundant means of judging. The promise held out as to the ascertainment of the human condition in a future state, and of the preparation it requires from life on earth, has not been fulfilled. One party has it revealed that the revelation of God in the Bible is wholly spurious. Another learns from a college of spirits no less reliable that the sum of religion is in the Bible, and that it is the only written word of God. The nature of moral obligation, of sin and the canon of individual duty preparatory to the after life, are equally subjects of confusion and discussion, quite as much so as they were before the earliest of these final declarations from spirit-land. We are without one memorable truth in physics, or mental or moral science in return for the intellect that has been thrown away upon the preposterous research. On the other hand, that mountain of human error and falsehood, which the pretended opening of the spirit-world was to level, has been elevated to the clouds,—the minds of the weak bewildered, faith shaken, and the hallowed confidence in future reunion, which, arching the tomb like a bow of promise, consoled those that parted at its doors, replaced with a dreary, benumbing, uncertainty, prolific of despair. Add up the results of the spirit mania thus far obtained, and we have a vast sum of human unhappiness, insanity and death. Not one gleam of good figures in the long column.

Of course, the utterance of such remarks will be met with the old formula, "Why not investigate for yourself? Until you do, you are not qualified to judge of matters thus transcending ordinary experience." It is enough to say, that we believe ourselves all the better qualified to judge because we do not investigate. The folly that induces any man to enter upon an examination thus challenged, is the germ of that luxuriant insanity which in the case of poor FAIRBANKS bore the fatal fruit of self-destruction. With all deference to the learned judges, scientific adepts, and grave divines, who are always marshaled ostentatiously in the front rank of Spiritualism, we believe that it argues a shaken understanding, a natural or morbid predisposition to insanity, the mere desire to investigate. Enough may be learned by standing aloof from the crowd, and quietly observing results. If we have witnessed a score of lifeless men drawn out of a pest-hole, we do not need to descend ourselves to test the existence of poison there. We shall believe in the gradual attenuation of the atmosphere, without going up in a balloon to gauge it. We can realize all the horrors of Alma or Inkermann, without a bullet in the thorax, or the loss of a leg. We can tell whether the inmates of bedlam are mad, without the inconvenience of going mad ourselves. The net products of Spiritualism are all before us; they are either worthless or pernicious; and whose values an unclouded reason, a sound heart, and clear conscience, will not yield to the presumptuous curiosity that tries to peer across the gulf dividing us [illegible]

The New City Hall.

We publish elsewhere the veto of Mayor WOOD upon the Buckman monstrosity which was lately adopted as the plan for a new City Hall by the Common Council. Every citizen who does not desire to see the treasury plundered will rejoice that the scheme for putting the expenditure of five millions dollars into the hands of Mr. SMITH has been thus frustrated by the veto of the Chief Magistrate. At the same time, it is a matter of congratulation to those who are interested in the adornment of the Metropolis, that a hideous edifice is not to be erected in the Park, which would have been a gazing-stock and wonder for half a century to come.

The Mayor properly intimates, that no proper architectural authorities have as yet been consulted with reference to the plans for a building, which shall be commodious enough to contain all the City offices. No inducement has, in fact, been held out to scientific men to present their views; nor has any competent Board been created to decide upon plans and specifications, when they shall have been presented. A premium has, on the contrary, been created for the benefit of those whose drawings might be supposed, without examination, to be good for nothing, and a drawback has been placed upon efforts of genius. The ultimate arbiters of taste, in the matter, are the City Fathers—the majority of whom are totally unfitted to pronounce a common-sense judgment, either upon architecture or upon anything else relating to art. The adoption, by the Common Council, of BUCKMAN's proposal to multiply the present City Hall by four, and to throw the responsibility of so vast an expenditure into the hands of the Commissioner of Repairs and Supplies, was an insult to the intelligence of the community.

The Veto of the resolution, appointing over eighty Commissioners of Deeds, seems to be also a laudable exercise of the Executive prerogative. It seems that it had been decided, from purely political motives, to remove more than seventy worthy and excellent men from their positions as Commissioners, and to put men into their places, some of whom are the veriest rapscallions that hang around the City Hall. Applications of good persons for appointment were refused on no other ground, than that they would not subserve the interests of certain cliques in the Board of Aldermen and Councilmen. The Mayor has, properly, returned the resolution, and the Common Council will be able to reconsider the course they have taken, and amend it.

Encouragement to Burglars.

Railroads and steamboats have completely eradicated from the face of the civilized world the whole race of *footpads, highway robbers, and pirates. All that gallant race of freebooters* whose exploits have formed the subjects of so many fascinating romances, and the plots of so many thrilling dramas, have disappeared, like the gnomes and fairies, before the advancing steps of civilization. Science has done more than law to relieve the world of a horde of picturesque but most harmful vagabonds; they are gone never to return.

But is questionable whether life and property are any safer. In the place of those bold villains who used to cry stand and deliver, we have now a set of sneaking and cowardly ruffians, who have all the villainous qualities of their predecessors, without any of their picturesque dash or scoundrelly behavior. The rogue of the present day is as mean as he is wicked. It may not be his fault that he does not exhibit something of the bravery and picturesqueness of the old school, but it is very certain that the progress of civilization has had a debasing influence upon the whole brood of thieves, by compelling them to resort to meaner practices. A day police, gas lights, and the electric telegraph have reduced even burglars to very desperate practices, and the ill luck which has attended their operations of late will have a tendency to bring the business into such disrepute that there will be few left hardy enough to follow it as a profession.

Yet, with all the disadvantages under which a rogue must work in these days, or rather nights, we are now and then startled by the announcement of a burglary which would have created a sensation a century ago in London. It is not many weeks since that a large silk store was entered in Broadway, the great thoroughfare of our City, and in the midst of gas lights and policeman, a large quantity of valuable merchandise was carted off, as though it had been a regular business transaction in midday. On Saturday night last, five burglars were arrested by the police who were doing a dashing business in silk goods—and, but for the watchfulness of a couple of Irish servant girls, would probably have carried off "swag" to the amount of $40,000. And this would have been done, too, under the glare of gas lights, in a broad street surrounded by a cordon of policemen and private watchmen.

But it must be remembered that our private houses and stores are now constructed as if for the express purpose of affording facilities to burglars. Stores are built of a uniform height and with flat roofs, each roof having a scuttle that leads into the interior; so that a dozen burglars may be busily employed on the roofs of a block of houses, passing from one to another with perfect ease and security, and enabled to keep a sharp look-out on the pavement, without being seen themselves. It was by availing themselves of these advantages that the bold burglars who were caught on Saturday night were enabled to pass from store to store, collecting their valuable plunder, and to elude detection so long when they discovered that they were pursued.

There will be a necessity of constructing the roofs of buildings on a new principle, or else of stationing a watchman on the tops of houses to prevent burglaries. The steep roofs which prevailed twenty years ago, were perfectly secure from the designs of thieves. If stores and dwellings were robbed, then must it be from the street. But now, let the burglar succeed in secreting himself in one store and he has the whole block at his command. It will be seen that nearly all the stores in process of erection are of the uniform height of five stories, and there being but a low division-wall above the roof it is perfectly easy to pass from roof to roof, and from the roof through the scuttle, is a work of very easy accomplishment, [illegible] steep roof, [illegible] shedding the rain and snow, and infinitely preferable in point of beauty to the [illegible] inviting style which prevails [illegible] of the City.

The Union Ferry.

The Union Ferry Company open its books to public inspection. Its accounts of receipts and expenditures, and the general condition of its affairs, are set forth in a document compiled from its books, and appended to the Report of the Committee of the Board of Aldermen given in another column.

From this statement it appears that during the year ending May 1st, 1856, the several Companies had an income sufficient to pay all their current expenses, divide 8 per cent. profit to their stockholders, and leave a surplus of $42,105—making no allowance for depreciation in the value of their boats, fixtures, &c.;—which is estimated at *seven* per cent. on their value. If this depreciation is to be also included in the expenses of the year, then after paying all these items the Company had a surplus of $696. This in a business of which the aggregate receipts for the year were $619,241, is close work.

The statement also gives the profits and losses upon the several ferries under the charge of the Company since 1851. This statement, which is given in detail, presents the following summary:

	Loss.	Profits.
Fulton Ferry		$325,988
South Ferry		9,675
Hamilton Ferry	$85,216	
Wall-street Ferry	59,499	
Roosevelt-street Ferry	62,854	
Catharine-street Ferry	43,266	
Gouverneur-street Ferry	37,740	
Total	$228,575	$327,963

This exhibits a balance of profits of $99,388, which is said to be entirely insufficient to pay for the depreciation in the value of the boats, fixtures, &c. The aggregate assets of the Company are stated at $1,082,085; their aggregate liabilities, including capital stock, at $1,008,299. The sum of $15,700 is paid for salaries to officers of the Company. The number of persons in the employ of the Company is 337, and the number of commuters at the different ferries for the six months ending on the 1st of May last was 1,400.

The Committee express confidence in the management of the affairs of the Company, but also express the opinion that their refusal to commute is a violation of the terms of their lease. They recommend, therefore, that this agreement to commute be enforced against the Company.

No action was had upon the subject in the Board.

INDIANA SENATORS.—Reliable advices from Indiana show that the Republicans have a clear majority of four in the Senate of that State, and possibly six. The Democrats have an overwhelming majority in the other House. This will defeat any election of United States Senators during the coming two years, as it requires a concurrent vote of the two Houses to go into joint ballot.

It will be remembered that there is already one vacancy in the Senate from Indiana, in consequence of the expiration of PETIT's term. Two years ago the Democrats of Indiana had one House of the Legislature, and the opposition the other; but upon joint ballot the latter would have had a clear majority, and could have elected their man for Senator. Under these circumstances the Democrats refused to go into joint ballot at all, and so the vacancy has remained unfilled; and as BRIGHT's term expires on the 4th of March, there are two Senators to be elected.

Now the Democrats have a clear majority on joint ballot; but the Republicans, who control the Senate, will probably play them back their own game, and refuse to go into an election. Consequently INDIANA bids fair to have no Senators whatever in Congress during the next year.

SENSIBLE AND PRUDENT.—The Charleston *Standard*, ultra as are many of its notions concerning Slavery, feels constrained to oppose the views of the New-Orleans *Delta* concerning the policy of Mr. BUCHANAN. The *Delta* is evidently playing WALKER's game for a great Southern Confederacy, and is insisting upon the necessity of Mr. BUCHANAN's carrying out to their fullest extent the doctrines of the Ostend Manifesto—supporting WALKER, "forestalling Spanish and French designs upon Mexico," which, of course, means simply *seize* Mexico for himself, and so forth.

To all this the *Sandard* objects. It doubts whether it is ever wise to quit our home affairs and take to regulating the affairs of the rest of the world—at all events, it says the South is not prepared for any such movements. She can scarcely sustain herself at home against the North, and while she is in this condition she has everything to lose and nothing to gain by strengthening the arm of the Federal Government.

This sounds sensible. It is getting difficult to find any Democratic organ, even in the Southern States, which insists upon regarding the Ostend Manifesto as the chart of the new Administration. It will be necessary to advertise bye and bye to discover anybody who ever approved it.

DISUNION PROPOSED.—A series of resolutions has been introduced into the Legislature of South Carolina, of which the following is the cream:

Resolved, That a just and reasonable regard for their own security and welfare ought to induce the people of the Slaveholding States to *annul the compact* which subjects them to a common government with the people of the other States, to resume to themselves respectfully the powers delegated by them to that Government, and to *form among themselves another Confederacy*, composed of more homogeneous constituents, and excluding, as much as possible, the elements of hostility to their peculiar rights, institutions and property.

The three tailors in Tooley-street commenced their declaration "we, the people of England." If the real people of England had ratified their declaration, it would all have been very well—but as they did not, the cross-legged trio never obtained credit as the popular voice of Great Britain. We do not believe that even the Legislature of South Carolina will adopt this resolution. If it should, we shall be curious to know who is the next customer.

A HAPPY SIGN IN WASHINGTON.—The telegraphic announcement of the reassembling of Congress, yesterday, says that "good humor was everywhere prevalent." We are very glad to hear it; but, seeing how much bad humor was expended at the first session, it is not much to be wondered at, for there could not [illegible]

[illegible] that the number of [illegible] Fremont [illegible]

THE REAL PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.—The majority of people imagined, no doubt, that we elected a President and Vice-President on the fourth of last month. But such was not the fact. The people of the United States do not enjoy the privilege which they suppose they do, of voting for a President. They merely elect agents to perform that high duty for them, and the actual choice of a successor to President PIERCE will be made to-morrow. The electors will then meet in the various States, and although they are entirely free to choose anybody possessing the constitutional qualifications, yet it is not to be supposed that any elector will take the responsibility of voting contrary to the known wishes of the party that voted for him. In this State the Electors meet to-day at the Capitol to organize, and to-morrow they will cast their votes unanimously for FREMONT and DAYTON. The only obligation imposed by law upon the Electors is, that they shall not choose both the President and Vice-President from the State in which the Electoral College is held.

LASTING.—Gen. JAMISON, in his recent agricultural address in South Carolina, expressed the opinion that the institution of Slavery is stronger than the Union, and "will yet flourish over its mouldering fragments." The General must be of a hopeful spirit. The prospect of *Slavery* flourishing over the mouldering fragments of the Union seems to exhilarate him.

BONDS.—Nicaragua bonds to the amount of half a million of dollars are offered in the New-Orleans market. They bear six per cent. interest, and are payable in twenty years. Who ever heard of a Government in Central America lasting twenty years?

A Fast and Faithless Clerk.

In leading commercial houses, and the offices of great railway companies, as well American as European, *style* has latterly become an indispensable requisite in *clerks*. No man, in fact, who is not an exquisite in dress, and of dashing appearance—no man of plain raiment, and modest mien need approach any such place to apply for employment, either on this or the other side of the Atlantic. The connection of such a person, in such a capacity, with any of these establishments, would be looked on as an indelible disgrace, and if he ventures to present himself as a candidate for the existing vacancy, he is sure to be viewed with distrust and repugnance, and to have his application rejected with civil disdain.

Cases, however, are beginning to be of frequent occurrence, in both hemispheres, which may have a tendency to remove in time this ill-founded prejudice, and to teach the millionaire to regard modest plainness with less of scorn. Among these cases, that of LEOPOLD REDPATH, which has just occurred in England, will certainly not be deemed the least singular, striking and instructive. Mr. LEOPOLD REDPATH was, for several years, registrar of shares and transferrer of stock in the office of the Great Northern Railway Company of England; and who was more highly thought of, or more confided in by its directors than he? Mr. LEOPOLD REDPATH was none of your plodding, unaspiring clerks, whose threadbare coats and fusty hats proclaim how difficult they find it to make the two ends meet, but a gentleman who was *au fait* in his dress, and elegant in his manners, who was a stockholder moreover, had a splendid mansion in Chester Terrace, Regent's Park, with servants and horses and carriages, and drove daily to *his* place of business in a fashionable barouche.

Nor is this all. Mr. LEOPOLD REDPATH succeeded in uniting, likewise, in his own person, incongruous characters. He figured, at one and the same time, as a man of pleasure and a man of piety. For, while having a box at the Opera, and being a regular *habitué* of the theatres, he was simultaneously a Governor of Christ's Hospital and of the Royal St. Anne's Society, boundless in his charity, and foremost in every good work. Mr. LEOPOLD REDPATH was in fact a leading man in the commercial, the religious and the fashionable world. The Directors of the Great Northern Railway Company were proud of their Registrar; the citizens of London admired the versatility, and respected the benevolence of their countryman; and none was more honored or more esteemed, in the different circles in which he moved, than was Mr. LEOPOLD REDPATH.

Neither did his extravagance and munificence excite, all this time, either surprise or suspicion. It was well known, indeed, that his salary as Registrar was totally inadequate to meet his rate of expenditure. But the knowledge of this created no misgivings in the minds of his employers or acquaintances. REDPATH was, in their opinion, a gentleman of ample means, who filled the office which he held from hatred of idleness, and not for the sake of the paltry annuity that accrued to him out of it. Had nothing then arisen to arouse distrust of their officer in the minds of the Directors, save his stylish and profuse way of life, Mr. LEOPOLD REDPATH would be still, in all probability, the honored registrar of the great Northern Railway Company. No, it was not from this but a far different source, that the Directors' suspicion of him first sprung. A mysterious discrepancy had existed for years between the amount of the dividends which they were *called* on to pay, and the amount which, according to their audited accounts, they were *liable* to pay. This discrepancy so puzzled and perplexed the Directors that they knew not for a while what to think or do, but concluding at length that something must be wrong, they determined to establish a distinct department for investigating the Company's accounts, and endeavoring to ferret out the cause of the said incongruity.

This determination was no sooner arrived at, than it was carried into effect, and about three weeks ago the officials of the new department assembled at the Register Office, and entered on the performance of their duties. Nor was the work of investigation long in hands ere the source of the mysterious discrepancy was discovered, together with the secret of Mr. REDPATH's extravagance and munificence. That discrepancy, in fact, and their Registrar's profuseness, were much more intimately connected than the Directors anticipated. It may be said, indeed, that the discrepancy had given rise to the profuseness, and the profuseness to the discrepancy. In a word, it was ascertained that Mr. LEOPOLD REDPATH had defrauded the Company to an enormous extent, by the ingenious insertion of the figure "6" in certain of the shares which he had transferred, and that the funds acquired in this way had been the supporters of his style, extravagance and charity.

Mr. LEOPOLD REDPATH, the model registrar, the pink of fashion, the patron of eleemosynary institutions, was thus found out to be a knave, pretender and robber, who must now descend from the pedestal on which he had mounted, and suffer the punishment which his crimes against his employers and society merited. But what, in the meantime, had become of the dashing Mr. REDPATH? As soon as he learned what was going on at the Register Office, he felt satisfied that his bubble was about to burst, and that in a very few hours he would be a ruined and dishonored man. On the very day the investigation began, he fled to Paris. Finding, however, that a policeman had discovered [illegible] he departed in haste from the French [illegible] and returned to London, [illegible] very day [illegible] back, and is now a prisoner awaiting trial, [illegible] a long [illegible] Australia.

Such is the case of Mr. LEOPOLD REDPATH. We trust that it will serve as a warning both to those who have clerkships to bestow, and to those who get their living by [illegible].

A SLANDER NAILED.—The Washington *Union* not long since published an article asserting that just previous to the election, Col. FREMONT remained several days in Philadelphia [illegible] ISAAC R. DAVIS—that he had several interviews with Mr. ISAAC NEWTON, a candidate for Elector on the Fillmore ticket, and that during these interviews [illegible] with the view of seducing Mr. NEWTON into the support [illegible]. The *Union* was very specific [illegible] the truth of its statements referred to Mr. NEWTON himself.

Mr. NEWTON, in reply to this appeal, writes as follows:

I have never seen Col. FREMONT since last January. I saw him then in company with ISAAC R. DAVIS, at my store in Philadelphia, by whom I was introduced to him. But I did not then, nor have I since, exchanged a word, or had any communication, with Col. FREMONT on political subjects.

Very respectfully, &c. ISAAC NEWTON.

It is furthermore certain, that Col. FREMONT was not in Philadelphia at all during the month preceding the Presidential election. One would suppose that some little feeling of humiliation would follow the exposure of so gross a fabrication as this.

Personal.

FANNY KEMBLE is about to visit St. Louis, to give Shakespearean Readings. Thence she will start again upon her travels through the United States.

P. T. HERBERT, the notorious member of Congress from California, who has been stopping at the Metropolitan since the 21st ult., left this City last evening for Washington.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

NOTICE.—OFFICE OF THE MERCANTILE INSURANCE Co., No. 35 Wall-st. New-York, [illegible]. At a meeting of the Trustees, held this day, it was unanimously resolved, That subscriptions be opened on Monday next, (the 1st of December,) for a Capital Stock of half a million of dollars, in cash, divided into Shares of one hundred dollars each. [illegible]

The Mercantile Mutual Insurance Company has paid to the merchants of this City, during the past three [illegible] years, more than six millions of dollars for marine losses [illegible]

Subscriptions to the Stock will be received on and after Monday, the 1st of December, 1856, at the office of the Company, No. 35 Wall-st.

Published by direction of the Board of Trustees.
ELLWOOD WALTER, President.
C. J. DESPARD, Secretary.

COPARTNERSHIP.—STEPHEN BRUSH HAS this day associated WALTER F. BRUSH [illegible] under the firm of BRUSH & CO., for the purpose of continuing the Provision Business on Commission [illegible] New-York, Nov. 1, 1856.

ANOTHER VICTORY FOR THE WILDER PATENT SALAMANDER SAFES. Messrs. B. G. WILDER & CO., No. 122 Water-st. Gentlemen: [illegible] THOMPSON & [illegible]. New-York, Nov. 24, 1856.

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WEDNESDAY, DEC. 3, AT 10 O'CLOCK, A. M. LEAVITT, DELISSER & CO., Auctioneers, [illegible] Broadway. Great auction sale of Rosewood Piano-fortes. [illegible] Sale peremptory. LEAVITT, DELISSER & CO., Auctioneers.

SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES.—THE EXCITEMENT of elections having ceased, we invite the attention of all judicious and money-making persons to [illegible] I. M. SINGER & CO., No. 323 Broadway.

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VOLUME SIXTEEN BEGINS JAN., 1857.

[illegible] New subscribers for 1857, if sending in immediately, [illegible] will get the November and December numbers of this year GRATIS.

[illegible]

ORANGE JUDD, Publisher and Proprietor, No. 191 Water-st., New-York.

To Gas-Fitters and Dealers.—500,000 feet [illegible] WROUGHT-IRON GAS-PIPE [illegible] ON EXCEEDINGLY FAVORABLE TERMS. COLT & WHITTLESEY, No. [illegible] Broadway, corner of 21st-st.

[illegible] Library Association, Clinton Hall [illegible]—The Board of Direction [illegible] announce that they have made the [illegible] FIRST COURSE OF [illegible] Address at Dr. Chapin's Church, by Hon. N. [illegible] Speaker of the House of Representatives.

[illegible]

MONDAY, Dec. 1.—DONALD G. MITCHELL, Esq. [illegible]
WEDNESDAY, [illegible] DONALD G. MITCHELL, Esq. [illegible]
MONDAY, Dec. 8.—Rev. FRANCIS VINTON, D. D.—[illegible]
THURSDAY, Dec. 11.—Rev. FRANCIS VINTON, D. D.—[illegible]
MONDAY, Dec. 15.—ANDREW GRAHAM, Esq.—The Characteristics of New-England Women.

[illegible] can be obtained at the Library, at [illegible] and at the door [illegible].

FLOYD CLARKSON, WM. H. WICKHAM, ROWLAND R. TIMSON } Lec. Com.

Kansas Lands.—The Trustees for the purchase [illegible] lands in Kansas will receive deposits in trust, to apply them to the purchase of the Delaware Indians' Trust Lands [illegible] JOSEPH LYMAN, Treasurer.
AMOS A. LAWRENCE, WM. DUDLEY PICKMAN, [illegible] } Trustees.

[illegible] Lecture.—Don FRANCISCO [illegible] of the Mexican Army, and recently arrived in this City from Mexico, will lecture at Clinton Hall, Astor-place, on TUESDAY EVENING, Dec. 2. Subject—[illegible] To commence at 8 o'clock. Tickets [illegible] may be obtained at A. RANNEY'S Map Store, No. 195 Broadway; STRINGER & TOWNSEND'S Museum Building; and at the bookstores generally; also, at the Mercantile Library and Mechanics' Institute.

Gen. La Vega, Ex-President of Mexico, with Gen. [illegible] and other distinguished Mexicans, will be present.

New-England Society.—Hon. Geo. Lunt, of Boston, will deliver the next lecture before this Society, at Clinton Hall, Astor Place, on WEDNESDAY EVENING next, at 8 o'clock. Subject—The Three Eras of New-England.

Tickets 50 cents each, can be obtained of the officers and at the Astor House, HALL & SON'S, corner Broadway and Park-place, RANDOLPH'S, corner Broadway and Amity, and at the door.

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Cognac Extract.—A new and economical material to produce a fine brandy, surpassing every other preparation that has as yet been offered to the liquor merchant [illegible] rum, gin, Irish and Bourbon whisky; apple, peach, cherry and raspberry brandies; port, Madeira and sherry wines; essential oils of lemon, peppermint, lavender, bergamot, and wintergreen; rare metals and chemicals, &c., for sale by Dr. L. FEUCHTWANGER, No. 143 Maiden-lane.

JEWELRY!!!

Rich, Cheap and Fashionable.—GEORGE C. ALLEN, No. 11 Wall-st., second floor, is selling all kinds of bracelets, brooches, chains, rings, seals, keys, lockets, sleeve buttons, studs, spectacles, eye-glasses, armlets, silver and plated ware, &c., at retail, at much less than the usual prices.

[illegible] Club House, No. 8 [illegible]—Members of this Association are hereby notified that a special meeting will take place on TUESDAY EVENING, Dec. 2, at 8 o'clock. By order of G. W. ELY, Secretary.

[illegible], President.
[illegible], Vice-President.

Mr. John B. Gough will deliver a lecture under the auspices of the Brooklyn Young Men's Christian Association, in Clinton-avenue Congregational Church, on TUESDAY EVENING, Dec. 2. Lecture to commence at [illegible] o'clock. Tickets 25 cents. May be had at the bookstores, and at the rooms of the Association.

[illegible], Chairman Lecture Committee.

Watches! Watches!! Watches!!!

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[illegible] M. E. Church.—Professor HOWARD CROSBY, of the New-York University, will lecture in the above church on TUESDAY EVENING, Dec. 2, at 7½ o'clock, on The Duties of American Women. Tickets 25 cents, (admitting a gentleman and lady,) to be had at the door.

PERSONAL.

INFORMATION WANTED OF CHARLES [illegible] years of age, light complexion, brown hair, [illegible] and moustaches, five feet ten inches high, [illegible] genteel appearance, [illegible] light-brown pants, black coat and [illegible] with velvet collar; [illegible] Nov. 15, to take the cars for Troy, [illegible] traveling-bag only, containing clothing [illegible] Any information will be thankfully received by addressing his late employers, [illegible] & PLATT, No. 220 Pearl-st., or his father, [illegible] KING, Waterford, N. Y.

WANTED—THE NAMES OF THE PERSONS who were witnesses of the accident by which an aged lady was run over and nearly killed while getting from a [illegible] stage, corner of Broadway and Grand-st., on the evening of the 18th last November. All such gentlemen or ladies would confer a special favor by calling or leaving their address immediately with H. B. [illegible], No. 201 Broadway, or at the residence of Mrs. J. T. CLAPP, northeast corner of 15th-st. and [illegible], where the injured lady resides.

ASSOCIATION OF EXEMPT FIREMEN.—The members will please assemble at [illegible] TO-MORROW (Wednesday) MORNING, at [illegible] o'clock, to pay the last tribute of respect to [illegible] George W. [illegible]. By order, G. W. WHEELER, Sec.

[illegible] HOUSE WANTED [illegible]

ONLY A FEW MORE LEFT. [illegible]

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II. WEDNESDAY, DEC. 10, THE PLAY-DAY BOOK: NEW STORIES FOR YOUNG FOLKS. With ten full-page illustrations. By FANNY FERN. 300 pp., 16mo, cloth. Price, 75 cents; full gilt, $1 25.

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III. SATURDAY, DEC. 13, CANTERBURY TALES. By HARRIET LEE. 3 vols. 12mo, cloth. Price, $1 75.

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IV. MONDAY, DEC. 15, THE NEW-YORK ALMANAC AND WEATHER-BOOK FOR 1857. About 240 pages, 24mo, cloth. Price, 25 cents.

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AMUSEMENTS.

[illegible]

DUSSELDORF GALLERY, NO. 497 BROADWAY.—The best collection of Paintings in this country. It contains 250 Paintings. Open day and evening. Admittance 25 cents.

AMUSEMENT THAT PAYS.—THE PLEASure derived from practicing WOOD'S system of Landscape Painting. He teaches at No. 221 6th-av., near 15th-st. See specimens.

YOUNG LADIES OF WEALTH, SEE THE local drama of WEALTH AND WORTH now playing at PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE before you marry. [illegible]

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

THE TENTH WARD REPUBLICAN CLUB of Brooklyn will hold their first regular meeting under their amended constitution, THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, at the head-quarters, No. 256 Atlantic-st. All residents of the Ward, irrespective of past party preferences, who are in favor of the principles which governed the fathers of the Republic, and which are recognized in the Declaration of Independence and in the Constitution of the United States—all who are in favor of such legislation as shall preserve the sacredness of the ballot-box, and thus secure honest elections, and all who are opposed to the platform of principles to which the incoming Administration is pledged—are cordially invited to attend. HENRY HILL, President. D. S. HASBROUCK, Secretary.

LECTURES.—RUTGER'S FEMALE INSTITUTE, No. 256 MADISON-STREET.—Six Lectures on the Philosophy of Organized Nature will be delivered by J. C. ADAMSON, D.D., commencing on WEDNESDAY, Dec. 3, and continuing on subsequent Wednesdays. Hour of commencement, 7½ o'clock. Admission to each lecture, 25 cents; Tickets for the Course, $1; Family ticket, $2. Tickets will be provided at the commencement of the Lecture.

BROOKLYN ATHENÆUM LECTURES.—The fourth lecture of the course will be delivered on TUESDAY EVENING, Dec. 2, by RICHARD B. KIMBALL, Esq.; Subject: *The Lecturer, Ancient and Modern.* Doors open at 7, lecture to commence at 8 o'clock. Tickets 25 cents each, to be obtained at the usual places and at the door. F. A. LAMBERT, J. W. GILBERT, A. COOKE HULL, Committee.

NEW-YORK HISTORICAL SOCIETY.—The regular monthly meeting of this Society will be held at their rooms, in the University, on TUESDAY EVENING, Dec. 2, at 7½ o'clock. J. SPEAR LORING, Esq., of Boston, will read a paper, entitled, *Reminiscences of William Gordon, the Revolutionary Historian.* ANDREW WARNER, Recording Secretary.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE FARMER'S CLUB.—A regular meeting will be held at the Repository, No. 351 Broadway, on TUESDAY, Dec. 2, at noon. Subject—*How to make Orchards, and how to preserve them.* Some interesting papers will be read. Strangers are always especially welcome. Admission free to all. H. MEIGS, Secretary.

HOPE CHAPEL—(TUESDAY MORNING.)—The second of Prof. How's "Shakespearian Readings," before the Senior Class of Columbia College, THIS EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. Subject: *Shakespeare and the Poets.* Tickets for the rest of the Course, admitting a gentleman and lady, $2. Single admission, 50 cents.

ELIHU BURRITT WILL DELIVER A lecture in the Brooklyn Institute on TUESDAY EVENING, Dec. 2, on *The Value of the Union, and the only Condition of its Perpetuity.* The lecture will commence at 7½ o'clock. Admission, 25 cents, paid at the door.

INSTRUCTION.

CLASSICAL, FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL.—No. 812 Broadway, corner of 12th-st. There are four departments, viz: Primary, Junior, English and Classical. Seven assistant teachers and a teacher of Gymnastics. Circulars at the school, at RANDOLPH'S, cor. Broadway and Amity sts., and at No. 156 [illegible]-av. GEO. C. ANTHON.

THE WINTER TERM OF MADAME BERGIER'S French, English and Spanish Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, No. 122 Madison-av., near 32d-st., commences Nov. 25. Circulars at the institution; omnibuses attached. Also private lessons in French and Music to married and single ladies by the most competent professors.

L. A. BENJAMIN'S FREE VIOLIN AND FLUTE CLASSES.—Will be limited to 100 pupils, and will receive their first lesson on FRIDAY EVENING, at the Musical Academy, No. 205 Allen-st. Application may also be made at No. 27 6th-av., on Thursday Evening, at 8 o'clock. Gents and boys will be taught to play music at sight in 12 lessons—FREE.

$10.—BOOK-KEEPING, WRITING, ARITHMETIC.—MR. DOLBEAR, No. 699 Broadway, will give a special practical course of instruction, and qualify a few more gentlemen to keep books by double entry, the 1st of January. Two more $10 seats for book-keeping will be vacant on Wednesday, 3d inst. Apply this day or evening.

BOOK-KEEPING.—THE SUBSCRIBER WILL receive a limited number of students this day, Dec. 1, for a thorough course of Double-Entry Book-keeping and Mercantile Penmanship. Terms reduced to $25 and no extra charge. Separate rooms for private instruction. OLIVER B. GOLDSMITH, No. 362 Broadway.

HUDSON RIVER INSTITUTE—AT CLAVERACK, Columbia Co., N. Y., 3 miles east of Hudson. Board, washing, fuel and tuition, in common English, $112 per year. Winter Term commences Jan. 2. For circulars, address C. H. GARDNER, Principal.

LADIES' SELECT SEMINARY, PORT RICHMOND, STATEN ISLAND.—The MISSES ANTISELL will receive a few young ladies to board and educate. Terms moderate and location healthy. For circulars, &c., apply at the Seminary.

WM. H. LEGGETT'S CLASSICAL FRENCH and English School, No. 826 Broadway, corner of 12th-st., is now open. Residence of the Principal, 273 10th-st.

MILLINERY.

FALL MILLINERY GOODS.
P. T. WILDE,
Nos. 20 and 22 John-st.,
IMPORTER AND MANUFACTURER OF
SILK MILLINERY GOODS,
Straw Goods,
Silk and Fancy Bonnets,
Dress Caps and Head Dresses,
French Flowers, Feathers, &c.
A complete stock of the above goods constantly on hand, and for sale at the lowest market prices.

M. H. LICHTENSTEIN—OF NO. 90 BOWERY, who is retiring from the retail ribbon, millinery and ladies' dress-trimming business, has lately opened, temporarily, for the accommodation of the great throng of ladies who avail themselves of the opportunity to obtain their ornamental ribbons, feathers, flowers and dress trimmings for the approaching holidays, at such unheard-of low prices, in his newly-erected marble store, No. 94 Bowery. In the above both stores, the young ladies are vying with each other in competition, with their sacrifices of his goods. This opportunity will soon be lost, as the two stores must be closed prior to his departure for Europe to superintend the manufacture of his Spring and Summer stock for his new wholesale wareroom down town.

STATIONERY.

GOLD PENS IN SILVER AND GOLD HOLDERS.
Forty varieties of Letter Papers.
Rodgers' celebrated Pocket Knives.
Arnold's Fluid and Copying Ink,
At WILLMER & ROGERS', 42 Nassau-st., New-York.

BOWNE & HASBROUCK, STATIONERS' Hall, Nos. 174 and 176 Pearl-st., New-York, Importers and Manufacturers, offer for sale, at low cash prices, every variety of account-books, paper, fancy and staple stationery, writing papers, notes, drafts, money and shipping receipts, inkstands, memorandum and time books, pens, pencils, slates, penknives, chess and backgammon boards, &c., and all articles usually kept by the trade. JOB PRINTING and LITHOGRAPHY executed at low rates. Cards, circulars, &c. Country merchants invited to call.

MATRIMONIAL.

MATRIMONIAL.—PERHAPS SOME ROMANtic young lady, of poetic temperament, would like to exchange sentiments with a student who, wearied with the repulsive coldness of dead classics, yearns for the sympathetic heart-language of some ruby-lipped damsel. If this note should fall under the observation of any such lady, a correspondence upon poetry, love and matrimony may be commenced, by addressing IVANHOE, Hamilton College, Clinton, N. Y.

A YOUNG MAN, 27 YEARS OF AGE, OF GENteel appearance, pleasing manners, good education, and fair means, desires, with a view to matrimony, to make the acquaintance of a young lady, of some fortune, fine health and domestic inclination. All correspondence will be treated confidentially, and returned, if desired. Address JAMES K. FOWLER, Broadway Post-Office.

LOST AND FOUND.

$100 REWARD.—LOST, A SMALL LEATHER pocket-book, on Monday, Dec. 1, 1856, containing $1,050, between No. 30 Maiden-lane and the Astor House, Broadway, two $100 and four $50 bills on the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank of Easton, Pa.; two $100 and four $50 bills on the Easton Bank of Easton, Pa.; one $50 bill on the Newark Bank, N. J. The rest in $10's and $5's on both of the Banks in Easton, and small notes on different Banks in New-Jersey. The above reward will be paid by leaving it with the editor of the *Daily Times*, New-York.

LOST—ON THURSDAY AFTERNOON OR FRIDAY morning last, a FIFTY-DOLLAR BILL. A suitable reward will be given, by returning it to No. 12 East 15th-st.

DR. ALBAN GOLDSMITH—EX-PROFESSOR of Surgery, having returned to the City, will resume the practice and give lectures on Lithotrity, (or removing stone from the bladder without cutting,) also all diseases connected with the genito-urinary organs. Office No. 70 Franklin-st. Hours from 9 to 12 A. M. and 4 to 6 P. M.

BONNET COMB.—A NEW AND VERY DESIRable Patented (India) Rubber Comb, for the purpose of holding the bonnet in its place when on the head, which is much approved by the ladies, just received by D. M. KNIGHT & CO., No. 36 Vesey-st., New-York.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

[illegible]

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble [illegible] Protestant woman, as [illegible] cut and fit in the neatest manner [illegible] family sewing [illegible] MANNING'S [illegible]

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO RESPECTAble [illegible] as cook and pastry cooks; [illegible] washing and ironing; will go to cook, wash and iron. [illegible] Also, a competent [illegible] as cook. No objection to [illegible] City or country. Apply at No. [illegible]

WANTED—A FAMILY GOING SOUTH FOR the Winter are desirous of obtaining a good place for a nice lady girl, now in their employ, either as chambermaid or nurse and plain sewer. Apply at No. 84 State-st., between Hicks and Henry sts., Brooklyn.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY THREE PROTestant young women; one as chambermaid and seamstress, or laundress; one as waiter; one to do housework. Also by a girl of 12, and four colored women. Apply at No. 7 [illegible] near Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN A PRIVATE family by a respectable Protestant woman, as chambermaid and fine washer, or as laundress. Has good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 54 29th-st., corner of 6th-av.; entrance in 29th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS SEAMSTRESS BY a person capable of cutting and fitting ladies' and children's dresses. Can be seen until engaged at No. 113 St. Mark's place, second floor.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN OF BUSINESS experience, a situation in a dry goods store. Very moderate compensation required. Address G. W. T., New-York Post-Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, as laundress, or as chambermaid and to assist in washing and ironing. Can be seen for two days, at No. 428 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN AMERICAN girl, 14 years of age, to take care of a child and make herself generally useful. Apply at No. 124 East 22d-st., third floor, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTAble girl, as chambermaid and waitress, or fine washer and ironer; can do sewing; good reference. Apply No. 129 Atlantic-st., Brooklyn, first floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERMAID and waitress, or to do plain sewing. Has best City reference. Apply, for two days, at No. 202 11th-st., near 1st-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION (BY AN AMERICAN) to attend to some light (or out-door) business, or as clerk. Good reference given. Address G., No. 210 Madison-st.

NOTICE TO PERSONS GOING SOUTH, TO ENGLAND OR CALIFORNIA.—A young English lady, age 22, wishes to make an arrangement with a party going to either of the above places as companion, or in any capacity in which a lady by birth and education could make herself useful. It is hoped none will notice this who are not fully capable of carrying out the above arrangement. Address, for one week, M. A. H., Broadway Post-Office.

TO MOTHERS.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG married woman, having just lost her baby, four months old, wishes to take a baby to nurse. Any respectable married lady, desirous of such an opportunity, may rely upon her infant receiving a true mother's care. Personal application to be made at the house on the southwest corner of John and Gold sts., Brooklyn.

GOVERNESS.—WANTED, BY A YOUNG English lady, a daily engagement, in Brooklyn or New-York, to teach English and music, with the rudiments of French, and all kinds of fancy needlework. Unexceptionable reference can be given. Terms moderate. Address E. M. L., Brooklyn Post-Office.

TO LAWYERS.—WANTED—BY A YOUNG man, a situation in a lawyer's office, on a small salary. Address K. Y., at this office.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A CHORISTER TO CONDUCT THE singing of an orthodox congregation in Brooklyn. The compensation offered is not large. Applicants will give references, particularly as to moral and religious character. Address Box No. 703 New-York Post-Office.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN IN A FIRST-class grocery; one from the country preferred. Best of references required. Apply at the store No. 299 Hudson-st., between 1 and 2 o'clock.

WANTED—A BROOM INSTRUCTOR, AT THE New-York Institution for the Blind. Apply at the Institution, 9th-av., between 33d and 34th sts., for 1 week.

WANTED—A BOY IN A HARDWARE STORE; one who resides with his parents; must be industrious and honest. Address F. W., office of this paper.

LYON MANUFACTURING COMPANY, NO. 346 BROADWAY.—Wanted, agents to sell Rights of Otis' Patent Lightning Conductors. Security required. Rare inducements offered.

TEACHERS.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN WHO IS FOND OF teaching, who can govern pupils easily and well; not afraid to work, and desires to improve himself generally, can find a permanent situation to instruct six hours per day in the primary branches, with prospect of promotion in a high school of this City; by addressing (this week) with name, age, residence, references, and what compensation per week to begin with will be expected, CRAMPTON, New-York *Times* office.

WANTED—A LADY TO TEACH MUSIC AND arithmetic, in a Young Ladies' Seminary in Tarrytown, Westchester County. Letters addressed TEACHER, Post-Office, Tarrytown, stating where an interview may be had, shall be attended to; or the care of E. P. B., No. 82 Beekman-st.

TEACHER.—A LADY GRADUATE DESIRES a situation as teacher; she teaches, in addition to the higher English branches, French, drawing, and painting in oil and water colors. The best of testimonials given. Address W. K. H., Valatie, Columbia Co., N. Y.

WILLIAM SCHUBERT, PROFESSOR OF the Guitar, No. 10 Waverley-place, is sole agent for the sale of MARTIN'S justly celebrated Guitars.

BOARDING.

BOARDING—A YOUNG ENGLISH WIDOW lady, whose family consists of herself and servant only, occupying a small house west of Broadway and near Houston-st., would be pleased to make an arrangement with a party, who would be willing to pay liberally, for all the comforts and freedom of a plain, quiet and genteel home; this is an opportunity seldom if ever offered, where the privileges of an own home can be enjoyed. For full particulars, please address, for one week, Mrs. HOWLAND, Broadway Post-Office.

BOARDING.—A PLEASANT PARLOR AND bedroom may be obtained at Mrs. AUSTIN'S, No. 74 East 14th-st., near Union-square. Also, a single room. Dinner at 6 o'clock.

BOARD ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.—Neatly furnished rooms, with partial board, for gentlemen, in a respectable private family; desirable location, between Fulton and Wall-st. ferries, No. 22 Willow-st. References exchanged.

BOARD WANTED.—A PARLOR AND BEDroom on second floor, with board, in a first-class boarding house, up town, wanted by a gentleman and his wife. Address D. R., *Times* Office, stating price and particulars. No attention will be paid to answers not stating price.

LA PIERRE HOUSE—BROAD-STREET, PHILADELPHIA.—The undersigned have much pleasure in announcing to the public and their friends that they have leased this elegant establishment. Having been connected with the Girard House since its opening, they bring to the management of the La Pierre House a large experience. It is their intention to thoroughly renovate the La Pierre, and to devote their undivided attention to its management. They have a just confidence in believing that the traveling community need no further assurance that this admirably arranged Hotel will rank equal to any in the United States. WARD & BRO.

WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN AND HIS WIFE, a front parlor with bedroom adjoining, on 2d floor, with board from Dec. 20, for the Winter months, in a genteel private family where there are no other boarders. Location between 6th and 14th sts. and 4th and 7th avs. Address BOARD, at this office, for 3 days, stating terms and location. References exchanged.

NO. 5 UNIVERSITY-PLACE.—A PLEASANT front room, with one adjoining, also single bedrooms, may be obtained. Apply as above. Best of references required.

INTELLIGENCE OFFICES.

WANTED—AT NO. 766 BROADWAY, 3 CLERKS for shipping and railroad ticket offices, 2 clerks for dry goods and grocery stores, 2 book-keepers, 4 salesmen, 2 conductors, 3 baggagemen, 3 brakemen, 4 firemen, 2 barkeepers, 4 waiters, 3 porters, 4 men for steamers, 2 drivers, 2 coachmen, and 4 boys for stores and for trades. KAUFMAN & GARRATT, Proprietors.

WANTED.—A NUMBER OF EXCELLENT DOmestics, many of them Protestants, such as object to sit in Intelligence offices, are waiting for situations, in the Needle Room of the Industrial Association, No. 1 Astor-place, corner of Broadway. Personal applications only attended to. No fees taken.

GIRLS, WITH GOOD REFERENCES, FOR City or country, can be obtained at the Scotch Intelligence Office, No. 37 Cedar-st., near Broadway, viz: cooks, chambermaids, nurses, girls for general housework, &c. Also, farm servants, gardeners, coachmen, porters, waiters, &c.

SOCIETY FOR THE ENCOURAGEMENT of Faithful Domestics and Protestant Employment Society, established A. D. 1825, [illegible] Chambers-st., now at No. 7 Carmine-st., near Bleecker-st. The best of servants always in this office.

BALLS.

THE TWENTY-EIGHTH ANNUAL BALL OF THE NEW-YORK FIRE DEPARTMENT, in aid of the Widows and Orphans, will take place at the Academy of Music, 14th-st., on MONDAY EVENING, Jan. 26, 1857. Tickets may be had by applying to the Managers. HENRY A. BURR, President. [illegible] Secretary.

AUCTION SALES.

ELEGANT [illegible] FURNITURE, REAL SILVER WARE, HORSES, CARRIAGES, &c.—[illegible] THIS DAY [illegible]

DINING-ROOM.—[illegible] chairs, rosewood buffet, side tables [illegible] French China dinner and tea sets.

REAL SILVER WARE.—[illegible] tea sets, tables, forks, spoons, casters, &c. Book-cases and valuable collection of bound books, marble-top tables, oil-cloths, hall stand and mahogany hall table, Brussels stair carpets, &c.

BED-ROOMS.—Rosewood dressing bureaus, bedsteads, chairs covered in satin de laine, marble-top washstands, mattresses, bedding, pillows, &c. [illegible] sets, ottomans, [illegible] and other valuable furniture.

Also, at 1 o'clock precisely, a pair of dark brown horses, about 16 hands high, very desirable for a family. Also, an elegant open carriage, very little used, farm wagons, &c. Also, a fine silver-plated double harness, horse blankets, sheets, saddles, bridles, &c. Sale will commence with the furniture in the kitchen.

The Hudson River cars leave Chambers-st., at 8 o'clock, or 9:50 A. M. Also, from 31st-st. twenty minutes later, returning several times during the day.

H. E. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
WILL SELL THIS (TUESDAY) MORNING, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 121 5th-street, west of 6th-av., the entire valuable contents consisting of the most elegantly made and durable furniture; magnificent black walnut furniture, piano-fortes, and rich decorations. The house has been but recently furnished, and the contents are nearly new and in very fine order. The parlor contains elegant Wilton carpeting, 3 carved rosewood etageres, 3 corner do., fine statuary, marble-top tables of all descriptions, and of the most beautiful styles, rich bronze chandeliers, elegantly framed pier and oval mirrors, rich lace and brocatel window curtains, splendid Paris chairs, elegantly upholstered, costly rosewood suites in brocatel and satin, expensive vases, finely finished mantel decorations, fine French clocks, girandoles, &c.; in dining-room very fine mahogany extension table, with its contents of very fine French China, dinner and tea sets, crystal cut-glass ware, silver ware, parian marble pitchers, fine casters, elegant tea services, ivory cutlery, &c.; dining-chairs, sofas, rocking and easy chairs, &c.; in chambers, magnificent rosewood, mahogany and walnut furniture, such as antique and modern bedsteads, marble-top dressing bureaus, wash and corner stands, pure hair mattresses, paillasses, fine woolen blankets, pillow cases, sheets, &c.; fine tapestry, Brussels, ingrain, 3-ply carpeting on 14 rooms; also a number of very fine oil-paintings, by artists of distinction, embracing marine and inland views, fruit and game pieces, &c. Parties are informed that these goods will be sold without the slightest reservation. The property of Dr. De Luce.

W. S. MELLOR, Auctioneer.
BY W. S. MELLOR, THIS DAY, (TUESDAY) Dec. 2, 10½ o'clock, at salesroom Nos. 13 and 15 Park-row, opposite the Astor House: Elegant cabinet furniture, 8 rosewood 6¾ and 7-octave piano-fortes, French-plate mirrors, choice oil-paintings, several royal Wilton carpets, 100 lots [illegible], French China ware, &c. Cabinet furniture consisting of a rich collection of desirable articles [illegible] such as are rarely offered at auction, viz.: [illegible] rosewood parlor suites, covered with rich brocatel, plush and hair-cloth; chamber-furniture sets to match, consisting of rosewood bureaus, washstands, and commodes; [illegible], mahogany and walnut do.; several enameled chamber suites, in great variety of styles, plain and marble tops; rich wardrobes, bookcases, secretaries, easy and rocking chairs, tête-à-têtes, plain and box sofas, Turkish easy-chairs, mahogany and rosewood parlor chairs, office desks, pure hair mattresses, paillasses, pillows, bolsters, &c. Also, 100 choice oil-paintings, engravings, silver-plated tea sets, engraved glass ware, &c. Also, at 12 o'clock, 8 superior-toned rosewood 6¾ and 7-octave piano-fortes, of excellent tone and finish, all of which are fully warranted the same as when purchased at private sale. The whole for positive sale, to pay advances. Goods can be packed on the premises for shipping. Catalogues on the morning of sale.

R. L. DELISSER, Auctioneer.
BY LEAVITT, DELISSER & CO., NEW Auction and Commission House, Nos. 377 and 379 Broadway, corner of White-st. TO-MORROW, at 10 o'clock A. M., large sale of new furniture, being the stock of a first-class City manufacturer, consisting of rosewood, mahogany, black walnut and oak hall, parlor, kitchen, chamber and library furniture, parlor and chamber suites. At 12 o'clock will be offered for account of A. M. McPhail, Jr., 2 rosewood piano-fortes, second style Louis XIV, 7 octaves, Nos. 6,687 and 6,627, Cupid scale, cost $500 each; 1 rosewood piano-forte, third style Louis XIV, 7 octaves, No. 6,623, Cupid scale, cost $450; 1 rosewood piano, 2 round corners, 7 octaves, No. 628, Cupid scale, cost $400; 1 rosewood piano, R. C. 7 M., 7 octaves, No. 5,665, cost $600. The above piano-fortes are of Lemuel Gilbert's make, Boston, are fully warranted, and will be sold without reserve. Also 11 piano-fortes, different styles, manufacturers: Rox, Hall, Waters, Bennett & Co., Brooks & Co., &c. The largest piano auction sale this season. Catalogues ready.

A. C. TUTTLE, Auctioneer, Office No. 94 Broadway.
LARGE AND PEREMPTORY SALE OF FASHIONABLE FIRST-CLASS ROSEWOOD, MAHOGANY AND OAK FURNITURE.—Being the stock of C. J. Schmitt, at No. 808 Broadway.—A. C. TUTTLE will sell on THURSDAY, Dec. 4, at 10½ o'clock, at the warerooms No. 808 Broadway, (near Grace Church,) the large and fashionable stock of C. J. Schmitt, (late of No. 856 Broadway,) the whole of which is of the best quality, and warranted of the finest finish and to stand the test of furnace heat. The stock comprises rich rosewood parlor suites, in brocatel, satin and muslin; etageres, centre tables, armoires-à-glace, sideboards, fauteuils, fancy chairs, book and library cases, &c. Also, oak dining-room suites. Also, rosewood, mahogany and black walnut chamber furniture, mattresses, &c. The whole will be sold without reservation. TERMS—Under $200, cash; from $200 to $500, thirty days; over $500, four months' approved indorsed paper.

ANTHONY J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.
STEAMSHIPS CHEROKEE AND FALCON.—A. J. BLEECKER & CO. will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, Dec. 2, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, the steamer CHEROKEE, partially destroyed by fire August, 1856, as she now lies at pier foot of 4th-st., East River. The principal parts of her engine, excepting the boiler, are on board. Also, the steamship FALCON, as she now lies at the same place. The engines of this steamer are of a superior class, both in style and manner of construction. Both steamers can be examined previous to the day of sale, by applying to the persons in charge on board. Terms, one quarter cash; balance on time. A. J. BLEECKER & CO.

GILBERT S. SAVAGE, Auctioneer.
BY CATALOGUE, FOR CASH, AT SALESROOM No. 82 Cedar-st., on THURSDAY, Dec. 4, at 10½ o'clock A. M., DIBBLEE, BAGLEY & SAVAGE will sell, without reserve, assorted stocks, staple and fancy drygoods, fancy goods, Yankee notions, ladies' cloaks and mantillas, seasonable stock of clothing, made-up furs, carpetings, Chinese fancy goods, men's hosiery, furnishing goods, India rubber goods, imported letter, steamer and envelope paper, in lots to suit City and country dealers. Catalogues early on morning of sale. N. B.—Regular sales' day for drygoods, fancy goods, &c., every Thursday, for cash. Liberal cash advances on merchandise of every description for auction sales.

J. D. HOLBROOK, Auctioneer.
AUCTION SALE—OF A LARGE STOCK OF fancy China crockery and glass ware, toys, house furnishing articles, silver plate and plated ware, at the store No. 22 Catharine-st., on WEDNESDAY, Dec. 3, 1856, at 10½ o'clock. Sale will continue from day to day, till all the goods are sold, as the owners are going into other business. This stock comprises one of the largest and richest ever offered at auction in New-York. Will be sold in lots to suit purchasers, for cash. Catalogues are now ready. Deposits will be required from all strangers.

A. C. TUTTLE, Auctioneer, Office, No. 94 Broadway.
MORTGAGE SALE OF HOSIERY, WOOLEN GOODS, TRIMMINGS, BUTTONS, &c., BEING THE STOCK OF A DEALER.—A. C. TUTTLE will sell, on TUESDAY, Dec. 2, at 10½ o'clock, at the store No. 420 Grand-st., the entire stock of goods contained therein, consisting of hosiery, Winter goods, fancy trimmings, buttons, &c., &c., by virtue of a chattel mortgage. Terms, cash.

D. S. HOUGH, Auctioneer.
CALLS THE PARTICULAR ATTENTION of the public to his sale of rich Household Goods, TO-MORROW, (Wednesday,) at 10 o'clock A. M., at the private residence No. 248 West 23d-st., near 9th-av. The house is elegantly furnished with a superb variety of articles both useful and ornamental, which belongs and is suitable to a well furnished house. No postponement. The sale commences in the parlors. For full particulars, see *Herald* and *Tribune*.

EUGENE B. FRANKLIN, Auctioneer.
BY FRANKLIN, PETRI & CO.—AT SALESroom No. 85 Nassau-st., TO-MORROW (Wednesday) MORNING, at 10½ o'clock, sale of second-hand furniture, consisting of carpets, and the usual assortment of housekeeping goods. Also, to pay advances, a large stock of superior new furniture, suitable for the trade, housekeepers, &c. Also, five superior rosewood and mahogany piano-fortes and piano stools; together with a general assortment of fancy articles. Sale positive.

J. S. H. BARTLETT, Auctioneer.
CROCKERY, GLASS, CHINA AND FANCY GOODS AT AUCTION.—TUESDAY, Dec. 2, at 10 o'clock, at No. 261 Pearl-st., in lots from the shelves, 50 crates all kinds white granite, blue and common ware; cut, pressed and Bohemian glass, China and fancy goods for the holidays, cutlery, Britannia, &c., &c. Goods well packed for shipping, and sale positive, to close consignments.

J. J. WALDRON, Auctioneer.
CROCKERY, GLASS AND FANCY CHINA from the shelves, in lots to suit. HENRY G. EVANS will sell on TUESDAY, Dec. 2, at 10 o'clock, at No. 6 Liberty-st., 40 crates best white granite, light blue and common ware; also fancy China, glass and plated ware, tea trays, &c., suitable for the holidays. Goods carefully repacked for shipping.

WELLINGTON S. CARTER, Auctioneer.
HOUSEFURNISHINGS, SUNDRIES.—AUCtion, THIS DAY, No. 57 Dey, corner Greenwich-st. Large assortment groceries, hardware, small furnishings, retail ware, double and single maple bedsteads, soap, chicory, tea, liquors, champagne, wine, brandy, cigars, tobacco, tomato catsup, by barrel or case.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE—ON FRIDAY, 5th inst., at 10 A. M., at the late residence of Judge ROCKWELL, at Fort Hamilton. A large quantity of furniture, in good order, horses, carriages, harness, &c. Also, a number of books, and a law library, including many rare and valuable works. All to be sold without reserve.

$1 TO $5,000 WORTH OF NEW AND SECOND-HAND CLOTHING WANTED.—Gentlemen having large or small lots to dispose of will receive the full value, without haggling or seeking to impose. Call at the store, or address THOMAS D. CONROY, No. 481 Pearl-st.

ENGINE LATHE WANTED—SCREW CUTting, to turn not less than 10 feet—to swing not less than 24 inches over the ways. Any person having a lathe in good order may find a purchaser by calling on or addressing, stating price, &c. J. L. MOTT, Jr., No. 264 Water-st.

HOUSES AND LOTS FOR SALE.

[illegible]

HOUSES TO LET.

TO LET IN BROOKLYN.—A THREE-STORY brick house [illegible] pleasantly located [illegible] with furnace, range, gas, &c. [illegible] private family [illegible]

TO LET FOR SIX MONTHS, OR TO LEASE FOR A TERM OF YEARS—[illegible] brown-stone front English basement house, on the north side of East 20th-st., five doors west from Lexington-av. [illegible] FRANCIS F. GARRETTSON, No. 74 Wall-st.

TO LET—THE THIRD AND FOURTH FLOORS of building No. 22 Fulton-st. Apply to DRUMGOLD & PROCH, on the premises.

$400—FOR A HOUSE, WITH ALL THE modern improvements, such as range, gas, hot and cold water baths, &c.; house new, and in complete order; also, a good neighborhood between 8th and 7th avs. in 46th-st. Inquire of D. DORITY, on the premises No. 95 West 46th-st., or No. 3 Cortlandt-st.

BROADWAY LOFTS TO LET.—THE THIRD, fourth and fifth stories of the brown stone store, No. 324 Broadway, to let on favorable terms, in rooms as now divided, or will be altered to suit a tenant. Apply to STEPHEN WM. SMITH, on the premises.

FACTORY ROOMS TO LET—A VERY FINE well-lighted room, 40 by 100 feet, with steady power, in a new brick building a short distance from the City. Apply to No. 20 Maiden-lane, up stairs.

OFFICES TO LET—IN THE BIBLE HOUSE, Astor-place, on second floor, in suite, or single offices—a very desirable location. Apply at the Treasurer's office. Entrance on 4th-av.

HOUSES AND ROOMS WANTED

WANTED—TO PURCHASE EIGHT OR TEN dwelling houses, worth from $5,000 to $12,000, payable in a beautiful country seat and farm on the Hudson River, and vacant lots on 34th-st. and other desirable property. Also wanted to purchase twelve or fifteen good houses, payable in good real estate at cash prices. Address Box No. 4,156 Post-Office.

FARMS FOR SALE.

FARMS AND COUNTRY SEATS FOR SALE.—In the village of Madison, Morris County, N. J.—several good farms, from 200 acres down to 15 acres, very desirably located. Within a few minutes' walk of the railroad dépôt, two very desirable properties, one 40 acres, one 14 acres. The two lots mentioned, are worthy immediate attention. Good buildings, nearly new, with abundance of fruit, shade trees and shrubbery. Inquire of S. D. HUNTING, Waverley House, Madison, near the railroad dépôt.

STEAM POWER.

STEAM POWER TO LET—AT THE EMPIRE Works, foot of 24th and 25th sts., East River. These Works, erected expressly for mechanical purposes, are peculiarly adapted for either heavy or light machinery; the engines are of 1,000 horse power, and the whole establishment is fitted up in a manner unsurpassed in this country. For terms, &c., apply at the Office on the premises.

STEAM POWER TO LET—IN LIGHT AND airy rooms, in a new building in Cliff-st. Apply to J. C. HULL & SON, No. 103 Cliff-st.

BOUNTY LANDS.

U. S. PASSPORTS, ISSUED THROUGH J. B. NONES, Notary Public, U. S. Commissioner and Commissioner of all the States, 122 Warren-st. Naturalized citizens must produce certificates. Also, Bounty Land, Pensions, Extra Pay, &c., procured by J. B. N.

FINANCIAL.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & COMPANY,
BANKERS,
CORNER PINE AND NASSAU STS., NEW-YORK,
Issue Circular Letters of Credit for Travelers, available in all the
PRINCIPAL CITIES OF THE WORLD.
ALSO,
Mercantile Credits for Europe, &c., on Messrs. GEORGE PEABODY & CO., of London; and for India, China, &c., on GEO. PEABODY & CO., or on the ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION, of London, having
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT
Canton, Shanghai, Calcutta,
Hong-Kong, Bombay, Madras,
Singapore.
Credits for Australia on the Bank of New South Wales of London.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT
MAITLAND and NEWCASTLE ... Hunter River
BRISBANE and IPSWICH ... Moreton Bay
VICTORIA BRANCHES:
Melbourne, Geelong, Kyneton,
CASTLEMAINE ... Mount Alexander
BALARAT.
SANDHURST AGENCY ... Bendigo
OVENS AGENCY.
ALSO, DRAFTS ON SAN FRANCISCO.

REMITTANCES TO ENGLAND, IRELAND, SCOTLAND AND WALES.
We issue sight bills on the
UNION BANK OF LONDON,
NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND,
BELFAST BANKING COMPANY, Ireland.
In sums from £1 upwards, at $5 per £.
Address TAYLOR, BROTHERS, Bankers, No. 76 Wall-st., New-York.

UNITED STATES TRUST COMPANY OF NEW-YORK.—No. 40 Wall-st.
CAPITAL ONE MILLION DOLLARS.
THIS COMPANY IS A LEGAL DEPOSITORY OF MONEY PAID INTO COURT, and is authorized to act as guardian or receiver of estates.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS, BY ORDER OF ANY COURT IN THIS STATE, (including Surrogate's,) 5 per cent.
From individuals or corporations, for a period of six months, or to be paid on thirty days' notice, 5 per cent.
For a less period, or on shorter notice, 4 per cent.
TRUSTEES:

Joseph Lawrence,	Greene C. Bronson,	Watts Sherman,
Edwin D. Morgan,	Daniel S. Miller,	B. F. Wheelwright,
Erastus Corning,	Caleb O. Halsted,	Edmund Coffin,
James Suydam,	Thos. W. Pearsall,	Thomas Slocomb,
Shepherd Knapp,	Peter Cooper,	Clinton Gilbert,
William Tucker,	Thomas Tileston,	Cornelius Smith,
Royal Phelps,	John J. Phelps,	J. J. Astor, Jr.,
John J. Cisco,	Wilson G. Hunt,	R. H. Walworth,
Jacob Harsen,	D. H. Arnold,	Daniel D. Lord,
James S. Seymour,	Charles E. Bill.	

JOSEPH LAWRENCE, President.
JOHN A. STEWART, Secretary.

CITY AND COUNTY BONDS FOR SALE.—
Cleveland City 7 per cent. bonds, Water Loan.
Detroit City 7 per cent. bonds.
Milwaukee City 7 per cent. bonds.
Chicago City 6 per cent. bonds.
New-Orleans 6 per cent. bonds.
Cincinnati 6 per cent. bonds.
San Francisco 10 per cent. bonds.
St. Louis County 7 per cent. bonds.
Mobile County 7 per cent. bonds.
For sale by DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO., Corner of Nassau and Pine sts., New-York.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.—WE PAY PARTICular attention to transactions in Commercial paper, New-York, Boston, Philadelphia and Hartford paper, and in fact all other known in our market to be first-class, is always in demand at our office at current rates. GEO. P. BISSELL & CO., Bankers, Hartford, Conn. Refer to MORRIS KETCHUM, Esq., New-York, or to any Bank in Hartford.

NEW-YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD SEVEN PER CENT. BONDS.—The undersigned offer for sale the 7 per cent. Coupon Bonds of this Company, (late issue,) having twenty years to run; interest payable semi-annually, on the first days of February and August, at the Company's Agency in this City. DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.

COUNTRY BANKS, AND OTHERS wishing to purchase first-class paper, will find at our office at all times a large assortment from which to select. Lists of paper giving full particulars will be sent to parties who express a desire to receive them. GEO. P. BISSELL & CO., Bankers, Hartford, Conn.

$4,000 WANTED—FOR A TERM OF THREE or five years, at 7 per cent., for which a first mortgage on a farm located on the Hudson River, thirty-five miles from New-York, valued at $15,000, will be given, with first-class bond. Interest payable semi-annually, in this City. Address S. W. S., Box No. 475, Post-Office.

GALENA AND CHICAGO UNION RAILROAD.—The Second Mortgage 7 per cent. Sinking Fund Bonds of this Company, maturing in 1875, interest payable half-yearly in New-York, are for sale by STRACHAN & SCOTT, No. 51 William-st.

BANK NOTICES.

MARINERS' SAVINGS BANK—THIRD-AV., corner of 9th-st., open daily from 9 till 2, and Wednesday and Saturday evenings from 5 to 8. Interest on deposits of $500 and under, 6 per cent. THOMAS B. STILLMAN, President.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF THE PACIFIC FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, Corner of Broadway and Grand-st.
DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Company have, this day, declared a semi-annual dividend of ten (10) per cent. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on and after the 1st day of December. The transfer books will be closed from the 20th inst. till the 1st December, inclusive. THOMAS F. JEREMIAH, Secretary.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF the Howard Insurance Company have this day declared a dividend of fifteen per cent. upon the capital stock, payable on and after Monday, the 1st day of December next. HENRY A. OAKLEY, Secretary. New-York, Nov. 26, 1856.

REMOVALS.

NOTICE.—DENNISTOUN, WOOD & CO. HAVE removed to Mechanics' Bank Buildings, No. 33 Wall-st., where they issue Mercantile credits, available in all parts of the world, and to buy and sell Foreign Exchange.

NOTICE.—THE RACINE AND MISSISSIPPI Railroad Company have removed their office to No. 48 Exchange-place.

NOTICE.—CLARK & JESUP HAVE REMOVED to their new offices, No. 44 Exchange-place.

[illegible]

[illegible] SANDS' SARSAPARILLA. [illegible] A. B. & D. SANDS, Druggists, No. 100 Fulton-st., New-York.

NEW AND IMPORTANT DISCOVERY IN THE SCIENCE OF MEDICINE.—[illegible] TRIESEMAR [illegible] No. 197 Prince-st., [illegible] New-York.

TO THE PUBLIC.—CONSUMPTION.—WATKINSON'S PULMONACIA, a safe, reliable family medicine, warranted not to contain one particle of mercury or any other mineral poison, [illegible] value. [illegible] WATKINSON. No. 448 Broadway is the only place in the City where it can be obtained. Price $1 per bottle.

DR. WARD'S UNFORTUNATE'S FRIEND [illegible]

RICORD'S PRACTICE.—DR. HAMMOND [illegible] C. D. HAMMOND, M. D.

DR. MAGNIN'S LUCINA CORDIAL, OR ELIXIR OF LOVE. [illegible] DR. MAGNIN.

PRIVATE CONSULTATIONS.—DR. WATSON [illegible] W. WATSON, M. D., Formerly Surgeon to the Lock Hospital.

$1,000 FORFEITED AND NO CHARGE UNLESS CURED.—DR. HUNTER [illegible]

DR. LARMONT'S PARIS AND LONDON MEDICAL ADVISER AND MARRIAGE GUIDE. [illegible]

DR. RALPH, AUTHOR OF THE PRACTICAL Private Treatise, &c., Office, No. [illegible] Houston-st., near Wooster. Hours, 9 to 12 A. M., 6 to 9 P. M., Sundays excepted. [illegible] stage of disease, an effectual cure is obtained. Consultations confidential. [illegible] treatment by letter, address Box No. [illegible] Post-Office.

INTERESTING TO INVALIDS—PERSONS suffering from Rheumatism can effect a speedy and lasting cure by the application of SPERRY'S Essence of the Oil of Mustard. For sale No. 205½ Bowery.

YOU SAY THIS THING AND THAT thing will cure the dyspepsia, but I say CHICHESTER'S Dyspepsia Specific is the greatest thing out.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

AN EXCELLENT CHANCE FOR INVESTMENT.—The advertiser has to dispose of the entire right of a section of this City, of the exclusive patent right for saws, for the sawing of lumber. It is a business of growing importance, and the work by these machines is done much better, and with greater rapidity, than by any other. Also, a mill-right for the same, together with a fire-proof building, the lease of the lot, a steam engine, two large circular saws, two planing machines, shafting, &c., now in operation. The proprietor would retain an interest in the same if desired. Apply on the premises, No. 260 West 12th-st. [illegible]

WANTED—$12,000 TO $20,000—ONE PARTNER of a wholesale manufacturing business, being forced, from ill-health, to retire from active participation, is desirous of finding some one to take his place, allowing him to retain a part interest. [illegible] established, with contracts on hand for $15,000 worth of work. Address WHOLESALE, *Times* office.

PARTNER WANTED—THE SENIOR PARTner of a well-known jobbing house, wishing to retire from business on the 1st of January next, the junior desires to make arrangements with some party having from $40,000 to $50,000, to continue the business as active or special partner. [illegible] Address Box No. 4,158 Post-office.

FOR SALE—THE CABINET MANUFACTORY Nos. 163 and 165 Attorney-st., together with the steam-engine, main shaft, &c. Lot 75 feet in front by 100 feet in depth. Apply to FRANCIS T. GARRETTSON, attorney, &c., No. 74 Wall-st.

P. A. DEYO'S PROMPT AND RELIABLE ADVERTISING AGENCY, No. 4 Appleton's Building, No. 348 BROADWAY. [illegible]

[illegible] BROWN STOUT, [illegible] Philadelphia. [illegible] New-York.

BANK STATEMENTS.

STATEMENT OF THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... [illegible]
Average amount of Specie ... [illegible]
Average amount of Circulation ... [illegible]
Average amount of Deposits ... [illegible]
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, R. B. OAKLEY, Cashier of the AMERICAN EXCHANGE BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
R. B. OAKLEY, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
W. C. BETTS, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE ARTISANS' BANK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $609,787 18
Average amount of Specie ... 44,735 88
Average amount of Circulation ... 79,311 00
Average amount of Deposits ... [illegible]
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, CHAS. T. LEAKE, Cashier of the ARTISANS' BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
C. T. LEAKE, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
THOS. L. THORNELL, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE ATLANTIC BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $613,[illegible]
Average amount of Specie ... [illegible]
Average amount of Circulation ... [illegible]
Average amount of Deposits ... [illegible]
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, GEORGE D. ARTHUR, Cashier of the ATLANTIC BANK, of the City of New-York, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
GEO. D. ARTHUR, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
E. FRANCIS CORBY, Jr., Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE BANK OF AMERICA.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $6,511,[illegible]
Average amount of Specie ... [illegible]
Average amount of Circulation ... 54,612 00
Average amount of Deposits ... 4,636,[illegible]
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, JAMES PUNNETT, Cashier of the BANK OF AMERICA, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
J. PUNNETT, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
N. C. EVERETT, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE BANK OF COMMERCE IN NEW-YORK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $11,[illegible]
Average amount of Specie ... 1,3[illegible]
Average amount of Circulation ... 2,[illegible]
Average amount of Deposits ... [illegible]
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, HENRY F. VAIL, Cashier of the BANK OF COMMERCE IN NEW-YORK, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct.
H. F. VAIL, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
[illegible], Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE BANK OF THE COMMONWEALTH.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $1,[illegible]
Average amount of Specie ... [illegible]
Average amount of Circulation ... 37,449 16
Average amount of Deposits ... 1,[illegible],511 79
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, GEORGE ELLIS, Cashier of the BANK OF THE COMMONWEALTH, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
GEO. ELLIS, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
W. C. BETTS, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE BANK OF NEW-YORK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... [illegible]
Average amount of Specie ... [illegible]
Average amount of Circulation ... [illegible]
Average amount of Deposits ... [illegible]
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, WILLIAM B. MEEKER, Cashier of the BANK OF NEW-YORK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, according to the best of my knowledge and belief.
W. B. MEEKER, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
THOMAS STEVENS, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE BANK OF NORTH AMERICA.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $1,[illegible]
Average amount of Specie ... [illegible]
Average amount of Circulation ... [illegible]
Average amount of Deposits ... 1,[illegible]
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, ISAAC SEYMOUR, Cashier of the BANK OF NORTH AMERICA, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
I. SEYMOUR, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
EDWIN F. COREY, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE BANK OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $[illegible]
Average amount of Specie ... [illegible]
Average amount of Circulation ... [illegible]
Average amount of Deposits ... [illegible]
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, ROBERT H. LOWRY, Cashier of the BANK OF THE REPUBLIC, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
R. H. LOWRY, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
EDWIN F. COREY, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE BANK OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK, OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $[illegible]
Average amount of Specie ... [illegible]
Average amount of Circulation ... [illegible]
Average amount of Deposits ... [illegible]
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, REUBEN WITHERS, Cashier of the BANK OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK, in the City of New-York, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
R. WITHERS, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
A. C. GRAHAM, Notary Public.

STATEMENT OF THE BOWERY BANK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $965,453 08
Average amount of Specie ... [illegible]
Average amount of Circulation ... 169,129 00
Average amount of Deposits ... [illegible]
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, NATHANIEL G. BRADFORD, Cashier of the BOWERY BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
N. G. BRADFORD, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
JAS. L. BREMNER, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE BROADWAY BANK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $1,448,767 75
Average amount of Specie ... 106,259 47
Average amount of Circulation ... 229,434 00
Average amount of Deposits ... 1,330,216 54
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, JOHN L. EVERITT, Cashier of the BROADWAY BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
J. L. EVERITT, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
WM. LEE, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE BULL'S HEAD BANK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $[illegible]
Average amount of Specie ... 18,158 26
Average amount of Circulation ... 121,436 00
Average amount of Deposits ... 308,548 62
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, C. S. VANDERHOOF, Cashier of the BULL'S HEAD BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
C. S. VANDERHOOF, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
[illegible], Notary Public.

STATEMENT OF THE BUTCHERS' AND DROVERS' BANK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $1,[illegible]
Average amount of Specie ... [illegible]
Average amount of Circulation ... [illegible]
Average amount of Deposits ... [illegible]
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, BENEDICT LEWIS, Jr., Cashier of the BUTCHERS' AND DROVERS' BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.
BENEDICT LEWIS, Jr., Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
GEORGE G. TAYLOR, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE CHATHAM BANK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $[illegible]
Average amount of Specie ... [illegible]
Average amount of Circulation ... 117,816 00
Average amount of Deposits ... [illegible]
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, O. H. SCHREINER, Cashier of the CHATHAM BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.
O. H. SCHREINER, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
D. RANDOLPH, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE CHEMICAL BANK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $1,417,[illegible]
Average amount of Specie ... [illegible]
Average amount of Circulation ... [illegible]
Average amount of Deposits ... 1,[illegible]
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, J. Q. JONES, President of the CHEMICAL BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
J. Q. JONES, President.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
J. B. NONES, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE CITIZENS' BANK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $[illegible]
Average amount of Specie ... [illegible]
Average amount of Circulation ... 171,585 00
Average amount of Deposits ... [illegible]
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, E. S. COMSTOCK, Cashier of the CITIZENS' BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
E. S. COMSTOCK, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this [illegible] day of November, 1856.
A. M. [illegible], Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE CITY BANK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... [illegible]
Average amount of Specie ... [illegible]
Average amount of Circulation ... [illegible]
Average amount of Deposits ... [illegible]
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, ROBERT STRONG, Cashier of the CITY BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
R. STRONG, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
W. O. MUMFORD, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE CONTINENTAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $3,[illegible]
Average amount of Specie ... [illegible]
Average amount of Circulation ... [illegible]
Average amount of Deposits ... 1,[illegible]
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, E. F. WARNER, Cashier of the CONTINENTAL BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
E. F. WARNER, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
[illegible], Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE CORN EXCHANGE BANK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... [illegible]
Average amount of Specie ... 124,311 61
Average amount of Circulation ... 97,318 00
Average amount of Deposits ... 1,631,[illegible]
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, F. A. PLATT, Cashier of the CORN EXCHANGE BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
F. A. PLATT, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
[illegible], Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE EAST RIVER BANK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... [illegible]
Average amount of Specie ... [illegible]
Average amount of Circulation ... 98,[illegible]
Average amount of Deposits ... 285,969 00
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, WM. B. BALLOW, Cashier of the EAST RIVER BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
W. B. BALLOW, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
THOS. MACFARLAN, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE FULTON BANK, IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $1,466,645 48
Average amount of Specie ... 183,423 07
Average amount of Circulation ... 121,809 00
Average amount of Deposits ... 1,197,530 21
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, WILLIAM J. LANE, Cashier of the FULTON BANK, in the City of New-York, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, according to the best of my knowledge and belief.
WM. J. LANE, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
E. FRANCIS CORBY, Jr., Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE GREENWICH BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $749,400 57
Average amount of Specie ... 22,712 03
Average amount of Circulation ... 58,877 00
Average amount of Deposits ... 564,991 04
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, WILLIAM HAWES, Cashier of the GREENWICH BANK, of the City of New-York, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
WILLIAM HAWES, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
JAS. HARRISON, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE GROCERS' BANK, IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $632,040 25
Average amount of Specie ... 54,746 57
Average amount of Circulation ... 85,349 00
Average amount of Deposits ... 533,065 94
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, GEO. A. CLARK, Assistant Cashier of the GROCERS' BANK, in the City of New-York, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
GEO. A. CLARK, Assistant Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
JOHN C. BERGH, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE HANOVER BANK, NEW-YORK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $1,371,010 36
Average amount of Specie ... 73,765 56
Average amount of Circulation ... 116,720 00
Average amount of Deposits ... 831,430 60
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, THOMAS L. TAYLOR, Cashier of the HANOVER BANK, New-York, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
THOMAS L. TAYLOR, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
W. O. MUMFORD, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE IMPORTERS' AND TRADERS' BANK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $1,[illegible] 11
Average amount of Specie ... 194,149 10
Average amount of Circulation ... 209,384 00
Average amount of Deposits ... 1,351,244 00
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, GEORGE R. CONOVER, Cashier of the IMPORTERS' AND TRADERS' BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
G. R. CONOVER, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
THOS. L. THORNELL, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE ISLAND CITY BANK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $408,083 00
Average amount of Specie ... 8,077 00
Average amount of Circulation ... 98,555 00
Average amount of Deposits ... 200,769 00
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, WILLIAM STEBBINS, Cashier of the ISLAND CITY BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
WM. STEBBINS, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
E. A. STANSBURY, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE IRVING BANK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $752,243 45
Average amount of Specie ... 39,794 11
Average amount of Circulation ... 122,179 00
Average amount of Deposits ... 564,232 26
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, DANIEL V. H. BERTHOLF, Cashier of the IRVING BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct.
DANL. V. H. BERTHOLF, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
JOHN HEGEMAN, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE LEATHER MANUFACTURERS' BANK, OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $2,003,487 81
Average amount of Specie ... 171,515 91
Average amount of Circulation ... 262,412 00
Average amount of Deposits ... 1,724,635 48
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, THOMAS R. ACLY, Cashier of the LEATHER MANUFACTURERS' BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
T. R. ACLY, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December 1856.
W. C. BETTS, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE MANHATTAN COMPANY OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.—Of the average daily balance of the following accounts, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $4,501,876 19
Average amount of Specie ... 545,295 55
Average amount of Circulation ... 239,855 85
Average amount of Deposits ... 3,322,963 13
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, JAMES M. MORRISON, Cashier of the MANHATTAN COMPANY, OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
J. M. MORRISON, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
EDWIN F. COREY, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE MARINE BANK, NEW-YORK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $925,444 74
Average amount of Specie ... 70,364 40
Average amount of Circulation ... 97,294 00
Average amount of Deposits ... 672,896 22
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, J. C. BEACH, Cashier of the MARINE BANK, NEW-YORK, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
J. C. BEACH, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
E. FRANCIS CORBY, Jr., Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE MARKET BANK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $1,498,866 [illegible]
Average amount of Specie ... 98,656 00
Average amount of Circulation ... 163,611 00
Average amount of Deposits ... 996,330 48
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, ROBERT H. HAYDOCK, Cashier of the MARKET BANK, being duly affirmed, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
R. H. HAYDOCK, Cashier.
Affirmed before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
EDWIN F. COREY, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE MECHANICS' BANK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $5,561,686 [illegible]
Average amount of Specie ... [illegible]
Average amount of Circulation ... [illegible]
Average amount of Deposits ... [illegible]
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, GEORGE DE ANGELIS, Cashier of the MECHANICS' BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
G. DE ANGELIS, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
W. C. BETTS, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE MECHANICS' BANKING ASSOCIATION.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $1,[illegible]
Average amount of Specie ... 61,[illegible]
Average amount of Circulation ... [illegible]
Average amount of Deposits ... [illegible] 10
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, JOHN J. STEPHENS, Cashier of the MECHANICS' BANKING ASSOCIATION, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
J. J. STEPHENS, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
EDWIN F. COREY, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' BANK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... [illegible]
Average amount of Specie ... [illegible]
Average amount of Circulation ... [illegible]
Average amount of Deposits ... [illegible]
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, E. D. BROWN, Cashier of the MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
E. D. BROWN, Cashier.
Sworn before me this 1st day of December, 1856.
JOHN M. DAVOY, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE MERCANTILE BANK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $2,212,[illegible]
Average amount of Specie ... 189,184 00
Average amount of Circulation ... 100,[illegible]
Average amount of Deposits ... 1,573,[illegible]
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, E. J. BLAKE, Cashier of the MERCANTILE BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
E. J. BLAKE, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
O. H. WAGNER, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE MERCHANTS' BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $6,[illegible]
Average amount of Specie ... 1,114,[illegible]
Average amount of Circulation ... [illegible]
Average amount of Deposits ... [illegible]
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, AUGUSTUS E. SILLIMAN, Cashier of the MERCHANTS' BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
A. E. SILLIMAN, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
N. C. EVERETT, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK, IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $2,201,867 29
Average amount of Specie ... 119,765 61
Average amount of Circulation, including that of the late Bank ... 163,808 00
Average amount of Deposits ... 1,585,159 49
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, E. J. OAKLEY, Cashier of the MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK, in the City of New-York, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
E. J. OAKLEY, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
JOHN HEGEMAN, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE METROPOLITAN BANK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $5,068,066 83
Average amount of Specie ... 616,967 40
Average amount of Circulation ... 255,619 00
Average amount of Deposits ... 5,138,904 07
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, J. E. WILLIAMS, Vice-President of the METROPOLITAN BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
J. E. WILLIAMS, Vice-President.
Sworn before me this 1st day of December, 1856.
W. C. BETTS, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE NASSAU BANK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $1,346,417 00
Average amount of Specie ... 96,73[illegible]
Average amount of Circulation ... 115,28[illegible]
Average amount of Deposits ... 945,7[illegible]
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, R. A. TOOKER, Cashier of the NASSAU BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
R. A. TOOKER, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
J. VAN NAMEE, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $1,664,634 56
Average amount of Specie ... 223,935 19
Average amount of Circulation ... 187,619 00
Average amount of Deposits ... 1,193,561 87
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, B. T. HOOGLAND, Cashier of the NATIONAL BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
B. T. HOOGLAND, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
E. FRANCIS CORBY, Jr., Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE NEW-YORK COUNTY BANK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $[illegible],144 41
Average amount of Specie ... [illegible]
Average amount of Circulation ... [illegible]
Average amount of Deposits ... [illegible]
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, A. MASTERTON, Jr., Cashier of the NEW-YORK COUNTY BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
A. MASTERTON, Jr., Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
[illegible], Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE BANK OF THE NEW-YORK DRY DOCK COMPANY.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $470,650 40
Average amount of Specie ... 20,833 81
Average amount of Circulation ... 108,519 00
Average amount of Deposits ... 123,344 26
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, FREDERICK T. HAYES, Cashier of the NEW-YORK DRY DOCK COMPANY, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct.
F. T. HAYES, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
JOHN ANDERSON, Jr., Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE NEW-YORK EXCHANGE BANK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $803,820 53
Average amount of Specie ... 10,249 65
Average amount of Circulation ... 146,558 00
Average amount of Deposits ... 197,303 47
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, D. B. HALSTEAD, Cashier of the NEW-YORK EXCHANGE BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
D. B. HALSTEAD, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
JOHN PHILLIPS, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE NORTH RIVER BANK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $1,070,762 48
Average amount of Specie ... 65,136 07
Average amount of Circulation ... 177,796 00
Average amount of Deposits ... 783,449 00
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, A. B. HAYES, Cashier of the NORTH RIVER BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
A. B. HAYES, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
JOHN HEGEMAN, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE OCEAN BANK IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $1,582,424 66
Average amount of Specie ... 99,245 31
Average amount of Circulation ... 166,578 00
Average amount of Deposits ... 1,197,520 12
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, PARKER HANDY, Cashier of the OCEAN BANK of the City of New-York, being duly affirmed, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
PARKER HANDY, Cashier.
Affirmed before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
OSCAR W. STURTEVANT, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE ORIENTAL BANK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $576,469 62
Average amount of Specie ... 32,153 86
Average amount of Circulation ... 130,333 17
Average amount of Deposits ... 367,331 79
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, WASHINGTON A. HALL, Cashier of the ORIENTAL BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct.
W. A. HALL, Cashier.
Sworn before me this 1st day of December, 1856.
SAMUEL JESSUP, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE PACIFIC BANK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $905,383 80
Average amount of Specie ... 51,806 30
Average amount of Circulation ... 115,775 00
Average amount of Deposits ... 611,641 00
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, J. CAMPBELL, Jr., President of the PACIFIC BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct.
J. CAMPBELL, Jr., President.
Sworn before me this 1st day of December, 1856.
WM. LEE, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE PARK BANK.—As required by Chap. 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $2,[illegible]
Average amount of Specie ... 114,[illegible]
Average amount of Circulation ... [illegible]
Average amount of Deposits ... 1,[illegible]
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, CHARLES A. MACY, Cashier of the PARK BANK, being duly affirmed, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
CHARLES A. MACY, Cashier.
Affirmed before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
WM. LEE, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE PEOPLE'S BANK, NEW-YORK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $[illegible]
Average amount of Specie ... [illegible]
Average amount of Circulation ... [illegible]
Average amount of Deposits ... [illegible]
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, GODFREY W. LEAKE, Cashier of the People's Bank, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
G. W. LEAKE, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
WM. R. SHAY, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE PHENIX BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $2,[illegible]
Average amount of Specie ... [illegible]
Average amount of Circulation ... [illegible]
Average amount of Deposits ... [illegible]
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, P. M. BRYSON, Cashier of the PHENIX BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
P. M. BRYSON, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
THOS. J. SOMMERS, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE ST. NICHOLAS BANK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $[illegible]
Average amount of Specie ... [illegible]
Average amount of Circulation ... [illegible]
Average amount of Deposits ... [illegible]
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, A. PARKHURST, Cashier of the ST. NICHOLAS BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the foregoing statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
A. PARKHURST, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
THOS. L. THORNELL, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE SEVENTH WARD BANK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $1,215,[illegible]
Average amount of Specie ... 100,[illegible] 10
Average amount of Circulation ... [illegible]
Average amount of Deposits ... [illegible] 34
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, ALFRED S. FRASER, Cashier of the SEVENTH WARD BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
A. S. FRASER, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
N. C. EVERETT, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE SHOE AND LEATHER BANK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $[illegible]
Average amount of Specie ... 350,271 00
Average amount of Circulation ... [illegible]
Average amount of Deposits ... [illegible]
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, W. A. KISSAM, Cashier of the SHOE AND LEATHER BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
W. A. KISSAM, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
STEPHEN P. BELL, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE TRADESMEN'S BANK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $1,514,[illegible] 54
Average amount of Specie ... 124,088 [illegible]
Average amount of Circulation ... 231,143 00
Average amount of Deposits ... 8[illegible],604 20
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, RICHARD BERRY, Cashier of the TRADESMEN'S BANK, being duly affirmed, depose and say, that the above statement is correct.
RICHARD BERRY, Cashier.
Affirmed before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
N. C. EVERETT, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE UNION BANK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856:
Average amount of Loans and Discounts ... $2,461,408 37
Average amount of Specie ... 204,[illegible]
Average amount of Circulation ... [illegible]
Average amount of Deposits ... 2,075,107 34
City and County of New-York, ss.—I, E. H. ARTHUR, Cashier of the UNION BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
E. H. ARTHUR, Cashier.
Sworn before me, this 1st day of December, 1856.
W. C. BETTS, Commissioner of Deeds.

RAILROADS.

GREAT AMERICAN ROUTE.—MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILROAD TO CHICAGO, St. Louis, Rock Island, St. Paul, Milwaukee, and all points West and Southwest, via New-York and Erie, New-York Central, American Lake Shore Railroads, to Toledo, forming the shortest, quickest and pleasantest route to the Great West. For through tickets and rates of freight apply at the Company's Office, No. [illegible] Broadway, corner of Dey-st., New-York. JOHN F. PORTER, Agent.

NEW-YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD.—On and after Monday, Nov. 3, 1856, and until further notice, Passenger Trains will leave Pier foot of Duane-st., as follows, viz: Buffalo Express, at 6 A. M., for Buffalo. Dunkirk Express, at 6:30 A. M., for Dunkirk. Mail, at 8:15 A. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo and intermediate stations. Passengers by this train remain over night at Owego, and proceed the next morning. Chicago Express, at 12 M., for Dunkirk. Rockland Passenger, at 3 P. M., (from foot of Chambers-st.,) via Piermont for Suffern and intermediate stations. Way Passenger, at 4 P. M., for Newburg and Middletown and intermediate stations. Night Express, at 4:30 P. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo. Emigrant, at 5 P. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo, and intermediate stations.

THE ABOVE TRAINS RUN DAILY, SUNDAYS EXCEPTED. The Express Trains connect at Elmira with the Elmira, Canandaigua and Niagara Falls Railroad, for Niagara Falls; at Binghamton, with the Syracuse and Binghamton Railroad, for Syracuse; at Corning, with Buffalo, Corning and New-York Railroad, for Rochester; at Great Bend, with Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, for Scranton; at Buffalo and Dunkirk, with the Lake Shore Railroad, for Cleveland, Cincinnati, Toledo, Detroit, Chicago, &c.

D. C. McCALLUM, General Superintendent.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD.—WINTER ARRANGEMENT.—Commencing Monday, Nov. 3, 1856.—Three daily trains to Albany, Sundays excepted. Fare $1 50 from New-York to Albany. Leave New-York as follows, from station corner of White and Centre sts.

6:30 A. M. Express train for Albany, connecting with the Central Railroad and Northern trains.

8:10 A. M. Mail train, running directly through without change of cars, and connecting at Chatham Four Corners with the Western trains for Pittsfield, North Adams, and other stations.

4:20 P. M. Express, running directly through without change of cars, and connecting with Central train at 11 P. M. for the West.

RETURNING, LEAVE ALBANY.

8:15 A. M. Mail train for New-York direct.

10:45 A. M. Express, without change of cars.

5 P. M. Express, without change of cars.

Tickets to be obtained, and baggage checked, at the office of the Western Railroad, Albany, or at White and Centre, Broome or 26th-st., and 4th-av., New-York.

WM. J. CAMPBELL, Superintendent.

NEW-YORK TO RUTLAND, BURLINGTON, PLATTSBURG, ROUSE'S POINT AND MONTREAL SAME DAY.—Leave New-York via Hudson River Railroad at 6:30 A. M.; leave Troy by Troy and Boston Railroad at 11:50 A. M.; arrive at Rutland at 2:30, Burlington 5:15, Plattsburg 7:15, Rouse's Point 8 P. M., Montreal 10:20 P. M., and Ogdensburg next morning. Leave New-York at 11½ A. M.; (Nov. 3 this goes into effect;) leave Troy by Troy and Boston Railroad at 5:45; arrive at Rutland 9:15 P. M., lodge; leave at 6 A. M.; arrive at Ogdensburg and Montreal same afternoon. Leave New-York at 4:45 P. M., lodge at Troy; leave at 8:30 A. M., for all points north and east of Rutland.

ISAAC V. BAKER, Superintendent of Troy and Boston Railroad.

May 5, 1856.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.—Connecting at New-Hampton with the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, to Scranton, Great Bend, the North and West, and at Easton with the Lehigh Valley Railroad, to Mauch Chunck.

FALL ARRANGEMENT.—Commencing October 7, 1856. Leave New-York for Easton and intermediate places from Pier No. 2 North River, at 7:30 A. M., and 3:30 P. M.; for Somerville, at 7:30 and 10:30 A. M., 3:30 and 5:00 P. M. The above trains connect at Elizabeth with trains on the New-Jersey Railroad, which leave New-York from foot of Cortlandt-st. at 7:30 and 9 A. M., 3 and 5 P. M.

JOHN O. STERNS, Superintendent.

NEW INLAND ROUTE TO PROVIDENCE, NEWPORT, TAUNTON, NEW-BEDFORD, &c., via PROVIDENCE, HARTFORD AND FISHKILL RAILROAD.—On and after Monday, Dec. 1, trains leave Hartford at 12:35 and 7:50 P. M., Express. Leave Providence 9:50 A. M., Accommodation, connecting at Hartford with Accommodation train for New-York. 2:10 P. M., Express, connecting at Hartford with Express train for New-York. For particulars, see Pathfinder Railway Guide.

S. ASHBURNER, Chief Eng. & Sup't., Hartford.
J. A. BROOKS, Agent, Providence.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—FROM NOV 3, 1856, the trains will leave Chambers-st. Station as follows: Express Train, 6:30 A. M. and 4:45 P. M.; Mail, 11:30 A. M.; Emigrant, 6:45 P. M.; For Poughkeepsie, 8 A. M. and 1 and 3:30 P. M.; For Sing Sing, 9:30 A. M. and 4 P. M.; For Peekskill, 5:30 P. M. The Poughkeepsie, Sing Sing and Peekskill trains stop at the Way Stations. Passengers taken at Chambers, Canal, Christopher and 31st sts. Trains for New-York leave Troy at 5:45, and 10:15 A. M., and 4:45 P. M.; and East Albany at 6:15, and 10:40 A. M., and 5:30 P. M. A. F. SMITH, Superintendent.

NEW-JERSEY RAILROAD.—FOR PHILADELPHIA AND THE SOUTH AND WEST via JERSEY CITY.—Mail and Express Line. Leave New-York at 8 and 11 A. M. and 4 and 6 P. M.; $3; 12 M., $2 25; stopping at all way stations. Through tickets sold for Cincinnati ($17 and $13 50) and the West, and for Baltimore, Washington, Norfolk, &c., and through baggage checked to Washington in 8 A. M. and 6 P. M.

J. W. WOODRUFF, Assistant Superintendent.

LAND ROUTE—NEW-YORK TO PROVIDENCE, &c.—On and after Dec. 1, 1856, express trains of the Providence, Hartford and Fishkill Railroad will leave Hartford on the arrival there of the express trains of the New-York and New-Haven, and New-Haven, Hartford and Springfield Railroads, which leave New-York at 8 A. M. and 3 P. M., respectively. S. ASHBURNER, Chief Eng'r and Supt. H., P. and F. R. R.

FLUSHING RAILROAD LEAVES FULTON Market Wharf, by steamer ISLAND CITY, at 6:45 and 10 A. M., 1, 3:45 and 5 P. M. The cars leave Flushing (L. I.) at the same hours, meeting and exchanging passengers with the boat at Hunter's Point. Through in 55 minutes. Fare 25 cents. WM. M. SMITH, Sup't.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.—Notice is hereby given, that the copartnership heretofore existing between WM. L. HALL and ALBERT HALL has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. ALBERT HALL, above-named, will attend to the liquidation and settlement of the debts of said firm.

W. L. HALL,
ALBERT HALL.

NEW-YORK, Dec. 1, 1856. No. 186 Chatham-square.

The Ice Cream business, known as the American Patent Steam Ice Cream Company, at No. 186 Chatham-square, will hereafter be continued by the undersigned, at the above place. ALBERT HALL.

NEW-YORK, Dec. 1, 1856.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.—The Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, COOK & WICKS, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be settled and continued by JOHN J. WICKS, in the same place.

EDWARD J. COOK,
JOHN J. WICKS.

NEW-YORK, Nov. 28, 1856.

COPARTNERSHIP.—MR. EDWARD PRIME Jr., has, this day, been admitted as partner in our house. PRIME & CO., No. 54 Wall-st.

NEW-YORK, Dec. 1, 1856.

THE FIRM HERETOFORE EXISTING under the name of STEVENS & MORRIS is this day dissolved by mutual consent. P. H. STEVENS. C. O. MORRIS.

NEW-YORK, Dec. 1, 1856.

ENCAUSTIC TILES FOR VESTIBULES—Halls, hearths, dining-rooms, conservatories, &c. Garnkirk Chimney-tops, drain-pipes, &c. For sale by MILLER & COATES, No. 279 Pearl-st., New-York.

EXTRA AND CHOICE MEATS.—CONSISTING of Beef, Mutton, Lamb and Veal, in cuts to suit purchasers, by THOMAS F. DEVOE, Nos. 7 and 8 Jefferson Market, from animals selected.

NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMERS.—The ships comprising this line are the ATLANTIC, Capt. [illegible]; BALTIC, Capt. [illegible]; ADRIATIC, Capt. JAMES WEST.

These ships have been built by contract expressly for Government service. Every care has been taken in their construction, as also their engines, to insure strength and speed, and their accommodations for passengers are unequaled for elegance and comfort. Price of passage from New-York to Liverpool, in first-class cabin, $130; in second cabin, $75. From Liverpool to New-York, 30 and 20 guineas. An experienced surgeon attached to each ship. No berths can be secured until paid for. The ships of this line have improved water-tight bulkheads, and to avoid danger from ice will not cross the Banks north of 42 degrees until after the 1st of August.

PROPOSED DATES OF SAILING.

FROM NEW-YORK.		FROM LIVERPOOL.	
Saturday, April 26	1856	Wednesday, May 14	1856
Saturday, May 10	1856	Wednesday, May 28	1856
Saturday, May 24	1856	Wednesday, June 11	1856
Saturday, June 7	1856	Wednesday, June 25	1856
Saturday, June 21	1856	Wednesday, July 9	1856
Saturday, July 5	1856	Wednesday, July 23	1856
Saturday, July 19	1856	Wednesday, Aug. 6	1856
Saturday, Aug. 2	1856	Wednesday, Aug. 20	1856
Saturday, Aug. 16	1856	Wednesday, Sept. 3	1856
Saturday, Aug. 30	1856	Wednesday, Sept. 17	1856
Saturday, Sept. 13	1856	Wednesday, Oct. 1	1856
Saturday, Sept. 27	1856	Wednesday, Oct. 15	1856
Saturday, Oct. 11	1856	Wednesday, Oct. 29	1856
Saturday, Oct. 25	1856	Wednesday, Nov. 12	1856
Saturday, Nov. 8	1856	Wednesday, Nov. 26	1856
Saturday, Nov. 22	1856	Wednesday, Dec. 10	1856
Saturday, Dec. 6	1856	Wednesday, Dec. 24	1856
Saturday, Dec. 20	1856		

For freight or passage apply to
EDWD. K. COLLINS, No. 56 Wall-st., New-York.
BROWN, SHIPLEY & CO., Liverpool.
STEPHEN KENNARD & CO., No. 27 Austin Friars, London.
B. G. WAINWRIGHT & CO., Paris.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for gold, silver, bullion, specie, jewelry, precious stones or metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor, and the value thereof therein expressed.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.—FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.—Chief Cabin Passage, $130; Second Cabin Passage, $75. FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.—Chief Cabin Passage, $110; Second Cabin Passage, $60. The ships from Boston call at Halifax.

PERSIA, Capt. Judkins. CANADA, Capt. Lang.
ARABIA, Capt. J. Stone. AMERICA, Capt. Wickman.
ASIA, Capt. E. G. Lott. NIAGARA, Capt. Ryrie.
AFRICA, Capt. Shannon. EUROPA, Capt. J. Leitch.

These vessels carry a clear white light at mast-head, green on starboard bow, red on port bow.

NIAGARA, Wickman, leave Boston, Wednesday, Oct. 22.
PERSIA, Judkins, leave New-York, Wednesday, Oct. 29.
ARABIA, Stone, leave Boston ... Wednesday, Nov. 5.
ASIA, Lott, leave New-York ... Wednesday, Nov. 12.
CANADA, Lang, leave Boston ... Wednesday, Nov. 19.
EUROPA, Leitch, leave New-York, Wednesday, Nov. 26.
NIAGARA, Wickman, leave Boston, Wednesday, Dec. 3.
PERSIA, Judkins, leave New-York, Wednesday, Dec. 10.
ARABIA, Stone, leave Boston ... Wednesday, Dec. 17.
AFRICA, Shannon, leave New-York, Wednesday, Dec. 24.

Berths not secured until paid for. An experienced surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for gold, silver, bullion, specie, jewelry, precious stones or metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor, and the value therein expressed.

For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-Green.

STEAM BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND GLASGOW.
EDINBURG, 2,500 tons, WM. CUMMINGS, Commander.
NEW-YORK, 2,150 tons, ROBERT CRAIG, Commander.
GLASGOW, 1,962 tons, JOHN DUNCAN, Commander.
The Glasgow and New-York Steamship Company intend sailing their new and powerful steamers from New-York for Glasgow direct, as under:
EDINBURG ... Saturday, 15th November, at 12 o'clock M.
NEW-YORK ... Saturday, 29th November, at 12 o'clock M.
GLASGOW ... Saturday, 6th December, at 12 o'clock M.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

First-class, $75; third-class, found with cooked provisions, $30.

An experienced Surgeon attached to each steamer.

For freight or passage, apply to J. McSYMON, No. 17 Broadway.

New-York City bills or gold only received for passage.

FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.—THE United States Mail Steamer ARAGO, D. LINES, Commander, will leave for Havre, touching at Southampton to land the mails and passengers, on SATURDAY, Dec. 13, at 12 o'clock, from pier No. 37 North River, foot of Beach-st.

First Cabin ... $130
Second Cabin ... [illegible]

This ship has five water-tight compartments inclosing the engines, so that in the event of collision or stranding the water could not reach them, and the pumps being free to work, the safety of the vessel and passengers would be secured.

No freight will be taken after Thursday, Dec. 11. For freight or passage apply to
MORTIMER LIVINGSTON, Agent, No. 56 Broadway.

NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL U. S. MAIL STEAMSHIPS.—FOR LIVERPOOL.—The United States Mail Steamship ERICSSON, Captain LOWBER, will depart with the United States mails for Europe, positively, on SATURDAY, Dec. 6, at 12 o'clock M., from her berth at the foot of Canal-st. The steamers of this line have improved water-tight bulkheads. For freight or passage, having unequaled accommodations for elegance and comfort, apply to

EDWARD K. COLLINS, No. 56 Wall-st.

Passengers are requested to be on board at 11 o'clock A. M. All letters must pass through the Post-Office—any others will be returned.

The rate of freight from Liverpool to New-York is reduced to Four Pounds per ton measurement, until further notice.

FOR CALIFORNIA.

FOR CALIFORNIA.—NEW-YORK AND SAN FRANCISCO STEAMSHIP LINE via NICARAGUA.—SHORTEST ROUTE BY 700 MILES—PRICES GREATLY REDUCED.—The new docks at Virgin Bay and at San Juan del Sur are now completed. The Steamers will hereafter lie at the wharves to receive passengers and freight, thus avoiding all exposures in small boats. The new and splendid steamship TENNESSEE, Capt. E. TINKLEPAUGH, (1,900 tons burden) will sail from Pier foot of Beach-st., North River, for SAN JUAN DE NICARAGUA, on WEDNESDAY, Dec. 24, 1856, at 3 o'clock P. M., to connect with the steamer SIERRA NEVADA, from San Juan del Sur, on the Pacific, for San Francisco. Passengers will find this the healthiest and cheapest route. 50 pounds baggage allowed each passenger; 10 cents on excess.

For freight or passage, apply only to
CHARLES MORGAN & SONS,
No. 2 Bowling Green, New-York.

FOR THE SOUTH.

FOR SAVANNAH AND FLORIDA.—U. S. MAIL LINE.—The splendid steamship KNOXVILLE, Capt. R. D. LUDLOW, will leave for Savannah on WEDNESDAY, 3d December, from pier No. 4 North River, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely. Bills of lading signed only on board. For freight or passage, apply to
SAML. L. MITCHILL, No. 13 Broadway.

The steamship AUGUSTA, Capt. THOMAS LYON, will succeed the above, and leave on SATURDAY, 6th December.

FOR NORFOLK, PETERSBURG AND RICHMOND.—The United States Mail Steamship ROANOKE, Capt. SKINNER, will leave for the above places on SATURDAY AFTERNOON, 6th inst., at 3 o'clock, from Pier No. 13, N. R.

The Wednesday's steamer of this line is discontinued for the present, but one will be dispatched for the above ports every Saturday.

LUDLAM & PLEASANTS, No. 33 Broadway.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

GOLD MEDAL PIANOS!—STEINWAY & SONS have again been awarded the First premium at the late Fair of the American Institute, New-York; and also the first Premium Gold Medal at the late Fair of the Maryland Institute, Baltimore, in addition to the three already received, making five first prize medals within the last 18 months. No. 84 Walker-st.

ALEXANDER'S FRENCH HARMONIUMS, for churches and lodges, with one to twelve stops each, for $85, $100, $125, $150, $175, $250 and $350, or for rent. Melodeons from $45 to $200, or for rent at reduced rates, with rent applied if purchased.

S. T. GORDON, Music Publisher,
No. 297 Broadway.

GREAT IMPROVEMENT IN PIANO-FORTES.—Messrs. LIGHTE NEWTON & BRADBURYS, No. 421 Broome-st., respectfully invite attention to their Piano-fortes, constructed with the patent arch wrestplank, which is undoubtedly the most substantial improvement ever introduced into this instrument.

PIANO-FORTES.—WILLIAM MILLER'S MODern improved piano, with or without molian. Manufactory Nos. 156 and 158 East 21st-st., between 2d and 3d avs. Salesroom No. 483 Broadway, one door from Grand-st. Pianos to let and taken in exchange.

CHAS. E. ATHERTON, Agent.

RAVEN, BACON, & CO., SUCCESSORS TO BACON & RAVEN, Piano-forte manufacturers. WAREROOM No. 135 Grand-st., near Broadway, WHERE a full assortment of instruments may be found, exclusively of our own manufacture. Warranted in every respect.

COAL.

SCRANTON COAL.—THE DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA and Western Railroad Company (office No. 51 Wall-st., New-York) continue to sell the superior Coal, delivered on board vessels at Elizabethport, N. J., at the following prices, per ton of 2,240 pounds, viz.:

Lump	$4 15
Steamboat	4 [illegible]
Large Egg, for grates and large furnaces	4 [illegible]
Small Egg, for large stoves and grates	4 75
Nut or Stove, for cooking-stoves, ranges, &c.	[illegible]
Chestnut, for small engines, &c.	[illegible]

Freight to New-York, Brooklyn, Jersey City, &c., in the barges of the Company, 37½ cents per ton.

W. E. WARREN, Treasurer.

COAL.—ON HAND AND CONSTANTLY DIScharging from boats, the very superior Spring and Locust Mountain Lehigh Coals, furnace and range sizes; also, black-mine and Cannel-vein red-ash, for grates and stoves, delivered dry, clean and free from impurity at lowest cash prices. Yards No. 171 Lexington-av., corner 33d-st., Nos. 117 and 119 7th-av., between 18th and 19th sts.

KINDLING WOOD.—BEST QUALITY VIRginia pine, seasoned oak and hickory at the lowest prices. Orders per post promptly delivered.

S. HARRISON & SON, No. [illegible] West 24th-st.

FURNITURE.

IRON FURNITURE.

THE NEW-YORK FOUNDERY, RAILING and Iron Furniture Works furnish all kinds of cast and wrought-iron work for buildings. A greater variety of [illegible] than any other establishment in [illegible] United States. HUTCHINSON & [illegible], No. [illegible] George-st., New-York.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT.—[illegible] The summons and complaint in this action were filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, the 10th of Nov., 1856.

[illegible] Plaintiff's Attorney.

SUPREME COURT—CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.—AARON R. [illegible] against ANDREW SIMPSON, ROBERT AULD [illegible], his wife, JOSEPH McMAHON and SARAH [illegible], his wife, and [illegible] C. [illegible].—Summons for money demand on contract.—To the defendants above named: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, [illegible] within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated New-York, Aug. 2, 1856.

MARVIN & PRIME, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

The complaint in the above action was filed on the 28th day of August, 1856.

MARVIN & PRIME, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

To PIERRE C. MARIE.

SUPREME COURT—CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK, ss.—HENRY W. JOHNSON and ANDREW FOSTER HIGGINS against WILLIAM BUCKNELL.—Summons for money demand on contract.—(Com. not ser.)—To the defendant above named: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which was this day filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, No. 49 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiffs in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of one thousand [illegible] dollars, with interest from the 10th day of October, 1856, besides the costs of this action.—Dated New-York, Nov. [illegible], 1856.

JNO. E. PARSONS, Plaintiffs' Attorney.

n3-law6wTu*

SUPREME COURT.—JOHN D. WRIGHT against CHAS. BYRNE, administrator of the goods, chattels and credits of Hugh Byrne, deceased, [illegible] Byrne and Sarah his wife, Daniel Byrne and Margaret his wife, James Byrne, and Ellen his wife, William Byrne, Charles Brennan and Mary, his wife. The People of the State of New-York To the defendants and each of them: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action which was filed in the office of the Clerk of the city and county of New-York, at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, on the 30th day of October instant, 1856, and to serve copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office No. [illegible] Wall-st., in said city, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated, New-York, Oct. 27, 1856.

ROBERT C. EMBREE, Plaintiff's Attorney.

o28-law6wTu*

SUPREME COURT.—WILLIAM D. BURKLY against LOUIS ROGALINER, defendant.—Summons for a money demand on contract.—To the above named defendant: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which was filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, on the [illegible] day of November, 1856, and to serve a copy of your answer on the subscriber, at his office, No. 30 Wall-st., Jauncey-court, in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint, as aforesaid, the plaintiff will take judgment against you for the sum of nine hundred and ninety-four dollars and [illegible] cents, with interest on the sum of five hundred and [illegible] dollars and sixty cents from Sept. 1, 1856, on the sum of [illegible] nine dollars and ten cents, from Sept. 8, 1856, and on two hundred and [illegible] dollars and [illegible] cents, from Nov. 24, 1856, besides the costs of this action.—Dated Nov. 24, 1856. SOMMERS & JOHNSON, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

la-law6wTu

SUPREME COURT—CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.—STEPHEN C. WILLIAMS against HENRY H. BARRY, defendant.—To the defendant above named: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which was this day filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall in said City, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, No. 5 Wall-st., in said City, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated New-York, [illegible]

EDWARDS, MAN & BLANDEN, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

n25-law6wTu*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JOHN ORTON HOFFMAN, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at the office of HOFFMAN & TEN BROOK, No. [illegible] Hanover-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the third day of June next.—Dated New-York, the first day of December, 1856.

CHARLES BURRALL HOFFMAN, Administrator.

d2-law6mTu*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ANDREW LUIS PATRULLO, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at the office of T. JAMES GLOVER, No. 132 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 5th day of February next.—Dated New-York, Aug. 4, 1856.

FRANCISCO DEL HOYO, Executor.
EUPHEMIA P. DEL HOYO, Executrix.

au5-law6mTu*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JAMES [illegible], late of the City of New-York, druggist, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at [illegible] No. 375 Greenwich-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 10th day of December next.—Dated New-York, June 3, 1856.

JOHN A. TARRANT, Administrator.

je4-law6mTu*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MARGARETTA OSBORN, late Margaretta Edwards, and late Margaretta Green, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his office No. 1½ Warren-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 18th day of December next.—Dated New-York, June 16, 1856.

J. E. BOWEN, Executor.

je17-law6mTu*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against WILLIAM B. CAMERON, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her residence, No. 91 West 20th-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 9th day of February next.—Dated New-York, Aug. 4, 1856.

MARY M. LEVERICH, Administratrix.

au5-law6mTu*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF RODMAN B. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against THOMAS THOMAS, late of the city of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at the office of H. B. MORSE, Esq., No. [illegible] Court-st., in the city of Brooklyn, on or before the 15th day of February next.—Dated Aug. 11, 1856.

MARGARET THOMAS, Administratrix.

au12-law6mTu*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against HERMAN BEHRENS, late of the City of New-York, grocer, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his house, corner Sixty-[illegible] and [illegible] av., in the City of New-York, on or before the [illegible] of March next.—Dated New-York, Aug. 27, 1856.

CATARINA BEHRENS.

a28-law6mTu*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ELIZABETH PROCTOR, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at the law office of MARTIN & SMITH, No. 29 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 13th day of May next.—Dated New-York, the [illegible] day of November, 1856.

AUGUSTUS F. SMITH, Executor.

n4-law6mTu* No. 29 Nassau-street, New-York City.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against GIDEON OSTRANDER, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his office No. 130 Bowery, in the City of New-York, on or before the 15th day of March next.—Dated New-York, Sept. 15, 1856.

ISAAC WARD, Executor.

s16-law6mTu*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JAMES [illegible] SENDURY, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his office, No. [illegible] Warren-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 4th day of March next.—Dated New-York, Sept. 1, 1856.

CHARLES SPEAR, Administrator.

s2-law6mTu*

BILLIARD TABLES.

PHELAN'S MODEL BILLIARD TABLES and Patent Combination Cushions for sale only at No. 786 Broadway, corner of Grace Church, No. [illegible] Chambers-st., and No. [illegible] Ann-st.

[illegible]

THE GAME OF BILLIARDS, by M. PHELAN. Just published by D. APPLETON & CO. Price $1. Mailed free of postage on receipt of price at No. [illegible] Ann-st.

LEFT-PLAYING CARDS.—SOUTHERN AND Western traders will find these cards [illegible] at the depot of the Philadelphia Card Factory of [illegible] No. [illegible] Barclay-st., opposite Astor House.

DEPOT FOR [illegible]—DON'T GRUMBLE ABOUT HIGH [illegible]. [illegible] HOLMES, No. [illegible]

[illegible]

The following facts, based upon [illegible] the system, as at present organized, fails to [illegible] the wants of the community. There [illegible] Boys' Grammar Schools [illegible] in the Fifteenth and Eighteenth Wards [illegible] Girls' Grammar Schools [illegible] the above named Wards and the [illegible] buildings, and in addition there are [illegible] Primary Departments, with fifty-seven [illegible] Primary Schools, to which must be added [illegible] Corporate Schools, all of which [illegible] in the Public School Fund. There are [illegible] Evening Schools for males and females [illegible] supported by the public funds. All of [illegible] under the supervision of the Board of Education.

[illegible]

[illegible] Industrial and Ragged Schools supported by [illegible] where the children come in under the [illegible] would secure the desired result. [illegible] the establishment of such a series of Free [illegible] Industrial Schools as we have indicated, in the various districts of the City where they are needed [illegible] impracticable or chimerical idea [illegible]

[illegible] Fourth Ward School, No. 22 Oliver-street.
[illegible] Ward School, No. 14 Avenue C.
[illegible] River Ward School, Fortieth-street, near [illegible]
[illegible] Ward School, No. 254 West Twenty-[illegible]
[illegible] Ward School, Ladies' Mission [illegible]
[illegible] Chapel School, Fourth-avenue.

C. L. BRACE, Secretary.

[illegible]

In addition, the Common Council were to cooperate with the Board of Education by appropriating [illegible] Winter months, under judicious supervision. The first School was to be established in [illegible] Ward, where the Board of Education have never had a School, and when it had been perfected, others were to be established wherever required.

[illegible]

Normal School Examination.

[illegible]

[illegible]

The American Industrial Association [illegible]

[illegible] before the [illegible] Library Association, was delivered [illegible]

[illegible] on "Later Venice" [illegible] the gentleman on Thursday.

Mr. MITCHELL said that an hour was but a little [illegible] to look at a great city, least of all, Venice; and [illegible] was all the space that on that occasion he [illegible] to devote to it. He remembered in the old days of the American Museum, before BARNUM was a notability, that through certain holes in the wall, visitors were regaled with the splendid sight of European [illegible]. What a sight it was! And would the audience look now with him through holes that he would cut in the wall of centuries, at a people, interesting, almost above all others in their history, [illegible] like ourselves, and wished like ourselves?

Twelve hundred years ago, there was a lagune protected by sandbars from the storms of the Adriatic, [illegible] old Roman cities, and founded what afterwards became Venice, and when the Goths inundated [illegible], these sandbars formed a secure retreat for those [illegible] of the Northmen. Thither they conveyed their families, their riches, if they had any, a Christian Church, and the Roman traditions. They lived humbly enough, had wooden houses with cedar doors. There was no Fifth-avenue to dwell in. The women were light-haired and of voluptuous figure. Priests went thither with holy bones and precious manuscripts. The climate was delicious; the markets were full of fish and birds. A few vessels with one or two masts lay along what is now the Grand Canal, and a crowd of small boats lined the shore.

Drop the curtain here, and after an interlude of 500 years, look at Venice again. Dark ages, as they were called, had intervened, and very dark they were. Eastern doctors were refining on useless metaphysics at Constantinople, and in the monasteries of Western Europe priests were poring over manuscripts, from which "Plato on the Soul" had been erased, to make room for the rhapsodies of a St. DUNSTAN. But the track of Venetian shipping along the Mediterranean, was a gleam of brightness in this dark time. Sixty islands of the group of which Venice was formed had been bridged into one city. The Doge wore richer robes than the King of France. The descendants of the old fugitive Roman *Magistri* had grown into nobles, and built marble houses with painted windows; [illegible] their sons to Byzantium to study Greek, who on their return could talk of the glories of the palace of [illegible] and tell how the Empress looked and [illegible] when some [illegible] Byzantine [illegible] Venetian matron [illegible] his utmost [illegible] daughter, [illegible] young to marry him.

[illegible] mercantile advantage accruing to [illegible] the expedition to Palestine of PETER the Hermit, and the Crusaders. Venice was in the high road of trade. She conveyed the holy fleets, and made a bargain for good pay in advance. Then came her most celebrated Doge, DANDOLO, who manœuvred till he got the Western Knights, with their magnificent armies, to attack and subdue Byzantium, when [illegible] weight were thrown from Venetian [illegible] the Greek fire ran along the walls, [illegible] though proud of their Doge's victory, [illegible] to hold the great market for merchandise, and did not wish him to be Emperor. DANDOLO [illegible] and refused a crown. Venice increased in renown, and travelers from all Europe came to see the wonderful city. The youth of Venice became the fops of Europe, and went to Padua to astonish the Italian women with their dresses. Adventurous merchants from the north of Europe went there —perhaps among them ISAAC of York, running away from Prince JOHN.

Shift the scene again, and take the stand point of of 1490. COLUMBUS is on his way to take passage to America. Besides the islands of the Lagune, Cyprus, and a score of fair cities scattered through Northern Italy, belong to her. She has a Government of 1,200 rulers over the 200,000 inhabitants of the city and the 3,000,000 residents of her provinces. That Government indeed was a riddle—it was so silent, so calm, so mysterious, so powerful, stern as the storms of the desert, and yet loved by the people. There was never a time when it was sternest and most mysterious, when the people were not ready with the shout of *Viva San Marco*. Long live the lion of St. Mark, long live the Venetian Republic, oldest, and, passionless daughter of the Roman Empire. Even when she strikes them, they kiss the wounds, and hail her as their beloved mistress.

The Council of Ten was only the mask of the 1,200 patricians, and the Three Inquisitors were the mask within the mask—or rather the footfall of the Ten, as the Ten were of the Twelve Hundred. As for the Doge, his authority was nominal. He was simply the bridegroom of the Adriatic.

Mr. MITCHELL took a hurried review of the literature of Venice at this period—looked into her dungeons where so many of her best sons had been confined before being led out to execution—noticed the wonderful change in the city, how her streets had become canals, and horses had disappeared except in the open space around the Church of San Stefano. Every house had its water door, and 10,000 boats were careering over the city, just as COLUMBUS was storing his salt beef and Xeres wine for a voyage across the Atlantic in search of a New World. On the Rialto the merchants asked each other whether SEBASTIAN CABOT had given up his foolish dream of finding land by continuing to sail West, or whether Shylock had agreed to discount that little paper of Antonio's. The ladies were stopping at the corner of the street to examine the lay figure there exhibited—and which showed the fashion for the ensuing year. Only one fashion a year! Innocent Venetian damsels; fortunate Venetian husbands!

The lecturer here terminated his first discourse on Venice. We leave her, he said, with her people happy and contented, save the dark shadow of the Twelve Hundred whose hand is always on them.

POLICE INTELLIGENCE.

ATTEMPTED TO KILL HIS WIFE.

A young and fine-looking Englishman named Rooney, a machinist by trade, was brought before Justice WELSH yesterday morning, charged with attempting to kill his wife. It appears that Rooney and his wife arrived in this country about three weeks ago, and put up at a house in Greenwich-street. Since then he has been unable to obtain employment, and having but a few dollars in his pocket, he got disheartened. He had not been living on very good terms with his wife, who is about 35, while he is only 20 years of age. Being unable to support her, he determined to [illegible] called her into the wood-shed [illegible] ed to kill her [illegible] away from him and shouted "murder." [illegible] soon brought [illegible] taken in charge and conveyed to the Station-House. He was committed for trial.

COWARDLY AND MURDEROUS ASSAULT WITH A DIRK.

A fellow named Nicholas Aspden was brought before Justice BRENNAN yesterday, for felonious assault upon the person of George Foley.

It seems that, between 3 and 4 o'clock Monday morning, a difficulty took place between the prisoner and Foley, in a drinking saloon in Broadway, near Spring-street. Aspden left the saloon, and Foley went out soon after. While going up the stairs he was met by Aspden, who knocked him down with his fists, and then stabbed him with a large dirk-knife, inflicting two severe gashes on his forehead. Foley screamed "watch," and Aspden ran up Broadway, pursued by several citizens, and was soon stopped by Policeman Flynn, of the Fourteenth Ward, who had been attracted by the noise. When arrested, Aspden threw the dirk and its sheath into the street, but the officer picked them up, and afterwards found in his pocket the metal tip of the sheath.

The scoundrel was committed for trial, in default of $1,000 bail.

HAD HIS HAND IN IT.

We had supposed that John Smith—the ubiquitous John—was rusticating on one of the islands in the East River. But 'taint so. John was seen in the Park yesterday morning, taking exercise with a tub of butter on his shoulders. Serjeant Owens, of the Chief's Office, thought John and the tub suspicious, so he took them both in, and examined them. The butter was good, but John's case looked decidedly bad. He hesitated, denied—denied and hesitated again.

Search was made for the owner of the butter, and he was soon found in the person of H. L. Devendorf, a commission merchant, doing business at No. 110 Murray-street. Mr. D. identified the butter. He said that he closed his store at the usual hour Saturday evening, but on returning Monday morning, he found that the cellar door had been forced open, the store entered, and five tubs of butter, worth $100, stolen therefrom.

A private watchman at Ball & Black's saw two men coming up Murray-street with tubs on their shoulders. His suspicions being aroused, he gave notice to Sergeant Owens, and hence the arrest of Smith. His companion made his escape.

John was taken before Justice WELSH. He said, in reply to the usual questions: "I am 30 years of age, live in Centre-street, and am a carpenter by trade. I had no hand in the matter of breaking into the store, and had no hand in the butter, except in the one tub."

He was committed to answer, in default of $2,000 bail.

THE FIRST OF THE SEASON.

Now that the season of Winter [illegible] has arrived, the "sneaks" or entry thieves have commenced operations. On Monday evening a valuable overcoat was stolen from the house of Mr. Woodruff, No. 112 Leonard-street, by one of the sneaks, in the usual manner. He called with a note for the occupant of the premises, saying he would wait in the entry for an answer. The [illegible] taking a seat in the parlor. The servant retired to deliver the note, but when she came back the visitor had left with the overcoat. [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] JOHN B. GOUGH lectured last evening in the Tabernacle to a very full audience. He leaves in a few days on a lecturing tour through the West.

[illegible] 12½ o'clock yesterday afternoon a fire was discovered in the Board of Aldermen's Office in the [illegible]. It was soon put out. [illegible] Bible [illegible]. It originated around the register [illegible]

At 7½ o'clock last evening, a fire broke out in the stables of Capt. PATTEN, No. 82 East Twenty-fourth-street. Damage $100; no insurance.

[illegible]

A fire occurred in the cigar store No. 326 Grand-street, about 8½ o'clock, yesterday afternoon. It was put out with a few pails of water, and without causing a bell alarm.

IN CANNON-STREET.

About 11½ o'clock, on Sunday night, a fire broke out in the premises No. 69 Cannon-street, occupied as a candle factory by H. D. CASE. Damage about $1,500; no insurance. It is supposed to have been the act of an incendiary, as there had been no fire in the building since Saturday.

☞ The Tammany people didn't elect a Sachem last evening, their room being monopolized by a ball party.

COURT CALENDAR—THIS DAY.

SUPERIOR COURT.—*Trial Term.*—Nos. 767, 543, 782, 332 to 340, 345, 347 to 359, 348, 354 to 361, 303 to 360, 369 to 373, 362, 1167, 394.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.—*Trial Term.*—*Part I.*—Nos. 81, 215, 236, 252, 451, 507, 636, 732, 804, 808, 953, 956, 967, 968, 972, 1157. *Part II.*—Nos. 1003, 1041, 669, 159, 609, 750, 906, 937, 949, 951, 965, 964, 987, 862, 1006.

[Advertisement.]

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT—THE GREAT EXTERNAL ANTIDOTE.—When impurities in the blood are determined to the surface in the form of blotches, pustules, dry exfoliations, boils, rashes, &c., this potent preparation is the only safe and radical remedy. Sold at the manufactories, 80 Maiden-lane, New-York, and 244 Strand, London; and by all druggists, at 25 cents, 62½ cents, and $1 per pot.

[Advertisement.]

☞ The use of BRANDRETH'S Pills will insure health, because they take all impure matters out of the blood, and the body is not weakened, but strengthened by their operation; for these valuable pills do not force but they assist nature, and are not opposed, but harmonized with her. Sold at No. 43 Canal-street, No. 296 Bowery, and No. 241 Hudson-street.

[Advertisement.]

☞ White teeth, perfumed breath, and beautiful complexion, can be acquired by using the Balm of a Thousand Flowers. Beware of counterfeits. The *immense success of the Balm has brought out hosts* of counterfeits and impostors. Be sure each bottle is signed FETRIDGE & Co., *Franklin-square, New-York*. For sale by all druggists.

[Advertisement.]

TO NERVOUS SUFFERERS.—A Retired Clergyman, restored to health in a few days, after many years of great nervous suffering, is anxious to make known the means of cure; will send (free) the prescription used. Direct to Rev. JOHN M. DAGNALL, No. 59 Fulton-street, Brooklyn, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

☞ The celebrated Scotch Wool and Shaker-knit Under-garments, also every description of Under-garments for men, women and children, at MCLAUGHLIN's Wholesale and Retail Shirt and Furnishing Store, No. 169 Greenwich-street, corner of Murray. Shirts made to measure.

[Advertisement.]

PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE.—The immense entertainment given at this Theatre last evening will be repeated to-night, viz: "Wealth and Worth," "Raoul, the Magic Star," and "Brian Boroihme." Apply early for good seats.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION FIRE-PROOF SAFES.—Nos. 135, 137 and 139 Water-street, and No. 6 Murray-street, New-York.

LONG ISLAND.

Proposed New Ferry between Brooklyn and New-York.

In the Brooklyn Common Council last evening, the following was received:

To the Honorable Common Council of the City of Brooklyn:

The undersigned, on behalf of himself and associates, respectfully petition your honorable body to grant to him a lease of the land and slip at the foot of Fulton-street, owned by the city for the purpose of establishing a ferry between that place and that point in the City of New-York; and they are willing to accept such lease upon the express condition that no higher rate of ferriage shall be charged than the lowest rates ever heretofore charged by the Fulton Ferry or Union Ferry Companies: One cent for each foot passenger; $6 per hundred for cart tickets, &c. JOHN A. DAYTON.

Referred to the Special Committee on Ferries.

Brooklyn Courts.

Judge STRONG will commence a term of the Supreme Court this morning.

CIRCUIT COURT.—The calendar will be taken up in this Court, to-morrow (*Wednesday*) morning, when the following numbers will be called: Nos. 206, 219, 250½, 276, 286, 287, 296, 311, 325, 330. *Thursday*—No. 301. *Friday*—No. 290. *Monday, 8th*—No. 219. Causes Nos. 248, 317, 327, and those noticed after time on the September Calendar, will be placed at the foot of the November Calendar, which will be taken up on the 4th inst.

CITY COURT.—The December term of this Court was opened yesterday by Judge CULVER. A Petit Jury was empaneled, and ten Grand Jurors were obtained, when the Court adjourned to this morning.

The Vagrant Act.

The Kings County Board of Supervisors having offered to transfer to the City of Brooklyn the old Lunatic Asylum Building at Flatbush, for the purpose of establishing an institution under the Vagrant Act, last evening the Brooklyn Common Council appointed a Committee to receive the same and carry [illegible] effect the Truant Law.

$10,000 has heretofore been appropriated by the City to establish this institution.

Body Found.

The body of an unknown man was found in the East River, near the foot of Hudson-avenue, Brooklyn, yesterday morning. On the inquest last evening, the body was identified as that of ROBERT DONLY, who has been missing from his residence, No. 7 Tallman-street, for four weeks past.

Launch.

At Setauket, L. I., Nov. 13, from the yard of Messrs. J. RAWLAND & Co., and intended for the general freighting business, a fine clipper schooner of 304 tons, called the *Louise A. Johnson*. She is owned by Messrs. THOMAS B. HAWKINS, J. D. JOHNSON, and others.

☞ It is now stated that during the prevalence of yellow fever last Summer, several hundred thousand dollars worth of property was stolen from the vessels at Quarantine, and mostly landed in Brooklyn. It is further stated that quite a number of the Brooklyn Police were knowing to, and concerned in, this speculation. The profits of a night's work to one officer was seven barrels of sugar.

☞ The Special Committee appointed by the Brooklyn Common Council, to suggest some relief from the exactions of the Union Ferry Company, reported last evening that they had not completed their examinations and asked leave to continue, which request was granted.

NEW-JERSEY.

A Private Watch—The Late Burglaries.

In consequence of the late burglaries in Jersey City, and the inadequacy of the police force in point of numbers—especially the day force—the residents in some parts of the city are taking measures to establish a system of private watchmen to protect their houses from depredations. No arrests have yet been made of those who committed the late burglaries; and it is not probable that there will be, from the want of any clue by which to fix suspicion upon the person or persons who committed them.

Lecture.

The Fourth of the Independent Lectures being delivered at the Unitarian Church in Jersey City, was delivered last evening by Rev. Mr. HEDGE, of Brookline, Mass., to a large and appreciative audience. His subject was "Life in the Middle Ages," and his lecture one of much interest, and was eloquently delivered.

MARRIED.

BIDWELL—SIMONS.—At Chester, Mass., on Monday, Nov. 24, by Rev. H. Gibson, Dr. E. C. BIDWELL, of Quasqueton, Iowa, to Miss [illegible] C., daughter of the officiating clergyman, of the former place.

[illegible]—In this City, on Saturday evening, Nov. 29, at the house of J. J. Furman, Esq., by Rev. John C. Guldin, Mr. NICHOLAS EMMOTT to Miss PHILLIPINA [illegible].

CHOLAHAN—DOUGLASS.—In this City, on Sunday, Nov. 30, at the Lexington-av. Baptist Church, by Rev. [illegible] Parmelee, MARY JANE GRACE CHOLAHAN, youngest daughter of the late Daniel Cholahan, Esq., of Conrad House, Bermuda, Kings Co., Ireland, to Mr. J. DOUGLASS, of New-York.

[illegible]

[illegible]—In this City, on Thursday, Oct. [illegible], by Rev. Dr. [illegible], Mr. [illegible] to Miss HELEN ANGELL, daughter of [illegible]

☞ Troy papers please copy.

DIED.

BRADSON.—In this City, on Saturday, Nov. 29, WALTER [illegible], infant son of John R. and Eliza W. [illegible], aged 3 months and 14 days.

OGDEN.—In this City, on Sunday evening, Nov. 30, EMILIE, wife of Charles H. Ogden, and daughter of the late Abraham Ogden.

The friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, from St. Paul's Church, this (Tuesday) afternoon, at 3½ o'clock.

BOLLES.—In this City, on Monday, Dec. 1, after a short illness, HAMILTON MCCALL, youngest child of Elisha L. and Mary Bolles, in the 6th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, on Wednesday, at 2 o'clock P. M., from the residence of his parents, No. 21 Bank-st., without further notice.

KENNARD.—In this City, on Monday, Dec. 1, GEORGE W. KENNARD, in the 33d year of his age.

His funeral will take place on Wednesday morning, at 9 o'clock, at his late residence, No. 733 Washington-st. The friends of the family, also the members of Mount Sinai Encampment, I. O. of O. F., Washington Tent, I. O. of R., Perseverance Lodge, I. O. of O. F., Exempt Firemen's Association, Exempt Fire Engine Company, Engine Company, No. 11, Hook and Ladder Company No. 6, and the Fire Department in general, are respectfully invited.

HAYS.—In this City, on Monday morning, MARY JANE HAYS, daughter of John P. Hays, aged 2 years and 5 months.

The remains will be conveyed to Mount Pleasant Cemetery, near Newark, N. J., for interment. The funeral services will take place at 10½ o'clock A. M., this day, (Tuesday,) at No. 177 Madison-st.

MARTIN.—In this City, on Monday, Dec. 1, DENIS MARTIN, in the 44th year of his age, a native of Eyre-court, County Galway, Ireland.

His friends and acquaintances, and those of his brother, James Gallagher, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, this (Tuesday) afternoon, at 1 o'clock, from his late residence, No. 168 9th-st., southwest corner of Avenue A.

CODY.—In this City, on Sunday, Nov. 30, ROSALIE SARAH, wife of Wm. H. Cody, in the 23d year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family of the deceased are invited to attend the funeral, from No. 67 8th-st., on Tuesday, at 1 o'clock P. M.

BURRELL.—In Brooklyn, on Saturday, Nov. 29, ELIZABETH BUCKLIN, relict of the late Theodore Burrell, Esq., in the 74th year of her age.

The friends of the family, and of her sons-in-law, Ferdinand Mason, Isaac Winslow, and the late Hiram B. Lathrop, are requested to attend her funeral, from the residence of her son-in-law, No. 370 Union-st., on Wednesday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, without further notice.

☞ Norwich and Danbury, Conn., and Saugerties, N. Y., papers please copy.

WHITING.—In Brooklyn, on Monday, Dec. 1, after a protracted and painful illness, HARRIET JOSEPHINE, wife of F. M. Whiting, Jr., and daughter of late Rev. Nathl. and Julia Ruggles, aged 26 years and 11 days.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 23 Cumberland-st., on Wednesday, at 2 o'clock P. M. Her remains will be taken to Greenwood.

☞ Bridgeport papers please copy.

EMMET.—At Palatka, E. Fla., on Monday, Nov. 24, ROBERT EMMET, Jr., fifth son of Thomas Addis and Anne R. Emmet, of New-York City, in the 23d year of his age.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

For Markets see Sixth Page.

Sales at the Stock Exchange....Dec. 1.

$5,000 Tenn. St. 6s, '90.	91¼	200 Mich. S. & N. In. RR	96½
2,000 N. Car. State 6s.	95	50 do.	88½
1,000 Georgia St. 6s.	97	100 do. b3	89
2,000 Miss. State 6s.	89½	200 do.	89
5,000 do.	89½	400 do. b30	89¼
2,000 Cal. St. 7s, '75. s3	71¾	200 do. b60	89½
7,000 do. s3	72	100 do. b60	89½
10,000 do.	73	5 Panama R. R.	97½
6,000 Virginia 6s.	94	1200 Cleve. & Pitts. R.	59½
2,000 Erie R. R. Bs. '75	88½	1700 do.	59½
2,000 N. Y. C. R. R. 6s	86	1000 do. s4m	59
1,000 N. Y. C. R. R. 7s	103½	200 do.	59
2,000 M. S. S. F. bds.	81½	500 do.	59¼
500 Ill. Cen. R. R. b.	91½	800 do.	59¼
4,500 do.	91½	300 do. s 12 mos	58
2,000 T. H. & A. 2d mt	74½	500 do.	59
3,000 I. E. bd. w. p.	89	50 Ill. Cen. R. R.	116½
3 Bank of S. of N. Y.	103½	200 Gal. & Chi. Rd. s4m	118
50 Bk. of Commerce.	110½	50 do.	118½
400 N. Y. Cen. R'd. s4m	88½	5 do.	119
250 do. b10	89	100 do. b60	119½
100 do. b15	89	205 Clev. & Tol. Rd. s30	75
500 do.	88½	200 do. s6 30d	75½
100 do. b30	89	700 do. s60	74½
400 do.	89	100 do.	75
50 do. c	88½	45 do.	75
450 Erie Railroad	61½	100 do. b60	75½
100 do. b10	61¾	1400 do.	75½
100 do.	61½	400 do. s60	74½
550 do.	61¾	400 do.	75½
500 do. b30	61¾	100 do.	75½
800 do. b60	61¾	100 do. s60	74½
300 do. s10	61¾	100 do. s60	74½
100 Harlem Railroad. s3	16½	100 Ch. & R'k I. R. R.	98¾
110 Reading R. R.	83¼	100 do. b3	99
1000 do.	83¼	212 do.	99
1100 do. b30	83¾	200 do. b30	98½
400 do.	83¾	100 do. s60	97½
200 do.	83¼	25 La C. & Mil R. R.	84
500 do.	83¼	50 do.	83½
200 do. s4m	83¼	50 do. s30	83½
400 do. b30	83½	100 do. s60	84½
100 Mich. Cen. R. R.	96¾	100 Cum. Coal Co.	18½
475 do.	96	100 do. b30	18½
50 do.	96½	100 do.	18½
100 do. s60	96½	700 Mil. & Miss. R. R.	78½
100 do.	96½	10 Park Bank	99½
100 do. b15	99		

SECOND BOARD.

$10,000 Cal. State 7s, '75	75	5 Mich. Central R. R.	96¾
1,300 City 5s, '59.	99½	25 do.	96
5,000 Erie R. R. Bs. '75	88¼	30 Panama Railroad	97½
400 Erie Railroad	b3 61½	100 do.	97½
210 do.	61½	14 Mich. So. & N. I. R.	89
10 do.	61½	200 Clev. & Pitts. R. b60	59½
250 do. s10	61¼	250 Clev. & Tol. R. s60	74½
200 do. b30	61¾	300 do.	74½
50 do. b60	61¾	400 do. b30	74
100 do. s60	61¼	100 do. b60	74½
320 Reading Railroad	83½	5 N. Y. Cen. R. R.	89½
200 do. s60	83½	25 do.	89½
200 do.	83½	150 do.	89
200 do.	83½	100 do. b3w	89
100 do. b10	83½	100 Chic. & R. I. R. R.	98½
10 Milw. & Miss. R. R.	78½	100 do. b60	98½

MONDAY, Dec. 1—P. M.

The Official Averages of the Banks in the City of New-York, for the week ending Saturday last, Nov. 29, the details of which are advertised by each Bank on another page of this paper, present, in the aggregate, the following changes from the previous statement of Saturday, Nov. 22:

Increase in Loans and Discounts	$1,0[illegible]
Decrease in Specie	[illegible]
Decrease in Circulation	[illegible]
Increase in Undrawn Deposits	1,4[illegible]

The line of Deposits is steadily advancing, which is the main encouragement to the increased accommodation in the way of loans and discounts. The average falling off in the reserve of Specie is wholly unimportant, as, in addition to the liberal sum still reported, $1,830,000 was added from California on Saturday, and over $800,000 from the Sub-Treasury to-day. Including the Sub-Treasury exhibit of Saturday, and the operations of the Clearing-House through the week, the following is the general

COMPARATIVE RECAPITULATION.

	Dec. 1, '55.	Nov. 22, '56.	Nov. 29, '56.
Loans	$92,528,921	$105,536,476	$104,50[illegible]
Specie	11,227,184	12,110,884	12,0[illegible]
Circulation	7,641,654	8,610,256	8,81[illegible]
Gross Deposits	79,047,988	88,524,264	91,46[illegible]
Exchanged	20,384,815	26,900,915	31,2[illegible]
Undrawn	58,663,668	61,614,849	60,15[illegible]
Sub-Treasury	11,964,290	12,368,997	12,11[illegible]

The week opens on a cheerful Money market. The Banks are increasing their accommodations to regular customers, and the rates of discount outside of bank we call ½@1 ℔ cent. easier on bills of prime class, say 7½@8¾ ℔ cent. 60 to 90 days, and 8½@9 longer dates. Fair lists of paper 9@10 ℔ cent., and single names, not generally known, go at 12 ℔ cent. Foreign Exchange is also easier, by ⅛@¼ ℔ cent., on London; sales of the bills of a leading drawer this forenoon at 109 ℔ cent., net cash. At the close of 'Change hour, 109@109¼ were the extremes for bankers' names. The Gold shipment by the Boston steamer will be a moderate one, although California bars are more abundant. The Stock market is again quite strong, and a further rise of ½@¾ ℔ cent. was had on several of the Western Roads, and in the case of Cleveland and Toledo as much as 75½ ℔ cent. was paid for the cash stock, though the extreme advance was not sustained. Erie left off as on Saturday, 61⅝ ℔ cent.; New-York Central 89 ℔ cent; Panama 97¾; California 7 ℔ cents., 74 ℔ cent., (a further rise of 4 ℔ cent.,) and Reading 83⅞ ℔ cent. Illinois Central Bonds were done as high as 91⅛@¾. The general market closed steady. The Sub-Treasury disbursed heavily to-day, $486,784 against $172,514 received. This throws about $314,000 additional into Bank. The balances in the Government Office this afternoon stand $11,954,798.

The land sales of the Illinois Central Company in the month of November amount to $858,940.

The balances subject to draft in the various depositories of the Federal Treasury, at the close of November, amounted to $22,304,494.

NEW-ORLEANS BANKS, NOV. 22.

Banks.	Loans.	Specie.	Circulation.	Deposits.
Citizens' Bank	$4,201,175	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Canal Bank	3,601,992	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Louisiana	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Louisiana State	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mech. & Traders	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bk. of N. Orleans	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Southern Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Union Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

[illegible]

Total	$4,[illegible]	$[illegible]
Decrease in Short Loans		[illegible]
Increase in Specie		[illegible]
Increase in Circulation		[illegible]
Increase in Deposits		[illegible]
Increase in Exchange		[illegible]
Increase in amount due Distant Banks		[illegible]

The old Mercantile Mutual Marine Insurance Company are now taking a stock subscription of $500,000 to their capital; the shares to be guaranteed 7 ℔ cent. each per annum, and one-third the ascertained net profits at the close of each fiscal year to be divided to the stockholders in addition. The announcement of the Company will be found on another page of this paper.

The official notice of the Secretary of the Treasury for the further purchase of $1,500,000 of the Public Debt of the United States, to which reference was made in our telegraphic dispatches from Washington this morning, is as follows:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Saturday, Nov. 29, 1856.

Notice is hereby given to holders of stock of the loans of the United States, that this Department will purchase the same until the 3d of March next, unless the sum of $1,500,000 shall be previously obtained, and will pay, in addition to the interest accrued from the date of the last semiannual dividend of interest thereon, together with one day's additional interest for the money to reach the vendor, the following rates of premium on said stock:

For the stock of 1842, a premium of 10 ℔ cent.

For the stock of 1847 and 1848, a premium of 16 ℔ cent.; and for the stock of 1850, commonly called Texas Indemnity Stock, a premium of 6 ℔ cent.

Certificates of stock transmitted to the Department under this notice, must be assigned to the United States, by the party duly entitled to receive the proceeds. If sent between date thereof and the 1st day of January next, the current half year's interest must be assigned by the present stockholder, or it will be payable as heretofore, and a corresponding deduction be made from the amount payable for the stock.

Payment for the stocks so assigned and transmitted will be made by drafts on the Assistant Treasurers at Boston, New-York or Philadelphia, at the option of the parties entitled to receive the money, which should be expressed in the letters accompanying the certificate. JAMES GUTHRIE, Secretary of the Treasury.

The sale of the property and franchise of the Buffalo, Corning and New-York Railroad Company has been denied by the Supreme Court of New-York, in special term at Corning, on the suit and to satisfy the claim of $1,000,000 of the First *Mortgage Bondholders. The Opinion of the Court*, Judge JOHNSON, is full, comprehensive and in the *highest degree satisfactory of the legal and equitable* claim of the first mortgagees *over all other creditors*. The case was defended by junior creditors or second mortgage bondholders, on the pleas of usury; the superior lien of a chattel mortgage; the invalidity of the first mortgage on property or chattels, (station-houses, machine-shops and rolling stock,) acquired *subsequent* to its execution, and also on the plea that only a small number of the first bond holders were a party to the suit. The Court overruled each of these points unequivocally, and in regard to the last held that the trustees to the mortgage, and a single bond holder, on presenting evidence that the entire first issue had been disposed of, were the representatives of the whole.

The Road Earnings of the Michigan Southern and Northern Indiana Company, for October, show an increase on the large returns of last year of about $5,000. The gross earnings are as follows:

Passengers and Mails	$191,020 98
Freight and Express	135,707 76
Total	$326,728 69
Gross Earnings of October, 1855, including Boats	343,029 62
Showing a decrease of	$16,30[illegible] 94

This is accounted for, we understand, by the fact that the steamers of this Company were withdrawn soon after the 1st of October, some three weeks earlier than last year, which, independent of its effect on the business of the road, deprived the Company of a large income from that source.

OFFICIAL BANK STATEMENTS.

CONDITION OF CITY BANKS—NOV. 29.

Name of Banks.	Av. am't of L'ns & Dis.	Av. am't of Specie.	Av. am't of Circula'n.	Av. am't of Deposits.
Am. Exchange Bk	$5,380,980	$516,963	$393,207	$3,540,152
Artisans' Bank	689,757	44,735	73,611	339,525
Atlantic Bank	618,398	61,823	97,676	455,564
Bk. of America	3,811,890	910,104	24,612	4,286,940
Bk. of Commerce	11,185,975	1,332,697	2,080	7,142,238
Bk. of Commw'th	1,348,418	90,314	61,449	1,345,611
Bk. of New-York	3,439,418	604,759	205,823	2,896,186
Bk. of N. America	1,850,615	126,956	73,309	1,268,978
Bk. of Republic	3,345,115	571,621	103,617	4,048,300
Bk. St. New-York	2,382,304	549,145	564,150	2,067,594
Bowery Bank	965,452	60,004	169,189	703,975
Broadway Bank	1,443,767	105,399	220,484	1,280,916
Bull's Head Bank	338,397	18,150	68,460	310,[illegible]
Butch. & Drov. Bk.	1,398,754	69,916	188,819	949,156
Chatham Bank	502,546	39,495	117,816	318,[illegible]
Chemical Bank	1,417,361	373,437	235,235	1,175,971
Citizens' Bank	690,551	47,640	197,855	570,[illegible]
City Bank	1,664,555	163,225	55,875	1,254,411
Continental Bank	2,597,567	270,265	78,094	1,524,416
Corn Exch. Bank	1,574,116	134,013	87,318	1,681,190
East River Bank	495,359	38,416	94,880	285,960
Fulton Bank	1,486,645	333,433	121,892	1,197,609
Greenwich Bank	749,400	32,712	58,377	534,991
Grocers' Bank	658,040	54,743	86,349	536,[illegible]
Hanover Bank	1,371,016	73,785	116,720	820,490
Imp. & Traders' Bk	1,723,300	124,149	200,334	1,351,744
Island City Bank	328,082	35,077	92,955	200,788
Irving Bank	732,243	33,794	132,179	564,932
Leather Man. Bk.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Manhattan Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Marine Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Market Bank	1,489,5[illegible]	[illegible]	132,511	[illegible]
Mechanics' Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	3,[illegible]
Mech. Bkg. Asso.	1,180,0[illegible]	61,[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mech. & Trad. Bk	763,7[illegible]	60,[illegible]	129,[illegible]	[illegible]
Mercantile Bank	2,213,116	189,184	104,160	1,57[illegible]
Merchants' Bank	3,279,983	1,114,463	244,126	4,012,[illegible]
Merch. Exch. Bk.	2,301,857	119,765	103,803	1,58[illegible]
Metropolitan Bk.	5,008,006	618,997	285,019	5,13[illegible]
Nassau Bank	1,249,417	93,738	115,391	94[illegible]
National Bank	1,684,624	323,955	187,319	1,19[illegible]
N. Y. County Bk.	366,144	10,569	92,881	18[illegible]
N. Y. Dry Dock Co	470,650	20,838	109,519	13[illegible]
N. Y. Exch. Bank	203,890	10,949	146,558	19[illegible]
North River Bank	1,070,763	65,136	177,795	79[illegible]
Ocean Bank	1,582,484	99,245	186,573	1,19[illegible]
Oriental Bank	576,469	32,158	120,838	36[illegible]
Pacific Bank	905,263	51,806	115,775	611,[illegible]
Park Bank	2,899,950	114,686	125,927	1,64[illegible]
People's Bank	900,117	30,185	131,527	558,[illegible]
Phenix Bank	2,198,014	275,284	105,685	2,08[illegible]
St. Nicholas Bank	681,834	53,277	88,168	470,511
Seventh Ward Bk	1,218,308	100,948	252,625	65[illegible]
Shoe & Leath. Bk.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Tradesmen's Bk.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Union Bank	2,461,4[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Money Circular for Europe.

[Translated Extract.]

Per Niagara.] NEW-YORK, Dec. 1, 1856.

Since our advices of the 25th November, our market has offered no particular feature to notice. With a steady but moderate movement the fluctuations have been small. Our Money Market also has not experienced any material change, although for the last two days a slightly-increased demand for Money might have been noticed, being probably the natural sympathy resulting from a decidedly brisk demand in Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore. This has, however, in no way affected stocks, and to-day there is increased animation with a decidedly upward tendency. State Stocks—We notice transactions in a greater number of Stocks of this class than usual. The principal sales were of Tennessee 6 ℔ cent. and Virginia 6s at well maintained prices; of Missouri 6s at a rise of 1 ℔ cent.; Indiana State 5s dealt in in lesser amounts, have advanced 1 ℔ cent., and California 7s, 1875, 4 ℔ cent. City and County Bonds—There have been sales of St. Louis 6s, Milwaukee 7s and [illegible] without variation of prices; also, of San Francisco [illegible] an advance of 2@3 ℔ cent. [illegible] Bonds transacted [illegible] at the Stock Exchange [illegible] small, except [illegible] Illinois Freeland, with privilege [illegible] advancing ½; Erie 7s, 1871, and Hudson 2d Mortgage without material change in prices, and New-York Central 6s at an advance of ½, constituted the leading transactions. At private sale we notice the negotiation of $650,000 Bonds of the Milwaukee and Mississippi Railroad, 8 ℔ cent., due 1866, and convertible in Stock till 1861. These Bonds are guaranteed by a 1st Mortgage on 86 miles of road, from Janesville to Monroe, called the Wisconsin Southern Branch, and on all the rolling stock. To provide for the redemption of this loan there will be an annual deposit in the sinking fund of 1 ℔ cent., rendered peremptory under pain of foreclosure, by the terms of the mortgage deed. We shall, in future, quote this new issue of Bonds, and shall furnish next week some details upon this road. Railroad Stocks have been fairly active, but the market offers no special feature to notice, except that [illegible]

[illegible] New-York Central [illegible] Rock Island [illegible] Michigan Central [illegible] Milwaukee and Mississippi [illegible] demand at the end of the week [illegible] on call; business paper, 9@10 ℔ cent.

[illegible]

Trade of Boston.

BOSTON, Monday, Dec. 1.

The following is a statement of the value of Foreign Goods imported here for the week ending Nov. 28:

Dry Goods	$1[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Specie	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Iron and Steel	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Earthenware	20,549	[illegible]	[illegible]
Indigo	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hides and Skins	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Coffee	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Figs and Raisins	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Molasses and [illegible]	[illegible]	Other Articles	[illegible]
Total			[illegible]

Canal Tolls.

[illegible]

The amount of the Canal tolls collected here since the opening of navigation to date, is [illegible] against $270,483 24 for the same time last year [illegible] crease $135,[illegible] 47.

Markets by Telegraph.

BUFFALO, Monday, Dec. 1—6 P. M.

FLOUR inactive. Sales 500 bbls. at $5 [illegible] for good to extra Michigan, and Ohio. WHEAT unchanged. Sales 22,000 bushels, at $1 11@$1 11½ for Wisconsin Club; $1 19½ for Canadian [illegible] red Winter Indiana; [illegible] Milwaukee. CORN firm. Sales 10,000 bushels [illegible] WHISKY 26c. Receipts for the 24 hours ending at noon to-day—6,777 bbls. Flour, 161,[illegible] bushels Wheat, [illegible] bushels Corn, 14,850 bushels Oats. Canal [illegible] —99,100 bushels Wheat, 3,000 [illegible] moderate.

NEW-ORLEANS, Friday, Nov. 28.

COTTON unchanged; sales to-day, 11,000 bales; sales of the week, 51,000; stock in port, [illegible] receipts ahead of last year, 3,000. Molasses [illegible] for 58c. COFFEE, 10¼c.@11c. [illegible] ed slightly—Cottons to Liverpool [illegible] on London, 8 ℔ cent. premium.

NEW-ORLEANS, Saturday, Nov. 29.

COTTON has advanced [illegible] sales to-day, 13,000 bales at 11¾c. [illegible]

OSWEGO, Monday, Dec. 1—6 P. M.

WHEAT—[illegible] demand. Sales 14,000 bush. [illegible] Ohio, and $1 46 for fair White Canadian. Lake Imports [illegible] Canal Exports [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Pennsylvania [illegible] Vicksburg Railroad [illegible] Scrip, 20; 330 Reading Railroad [illegible] Phil. & Sun. R. R. [illegible] Schuylkill [illegible] ferred, 35½; 100 Morris Canal [illegible] 11¼; 35 Farmers and Mechanics' Bank [illegible] Pennsylvania, 111; 20 Bank of Kentucky, 118[illegible] Bank of Kentucky, 118.

Closing Prices—United States 6s [illegible] Philadelphia 6s, 98; Philadelphia Railroad [illegible] Pennsylvania [illegible] Railroad [illegible] Reading R. R. [illegible] Morris Canal [illegible] Schuylkill Navigation [illegible] Navigation Preferred [illegible] Elmira R. R. 19½@20½; Williamsport and Elmira [illegible] 7s, 1st mort. [illegible] Long Island [illegible] Girard Bank [illegible] Lehigh [illegible] Union Canal [illegible] road, 13½@13¾.

Passengers Arrived.

In brig Frank, from Port Maria, Jam.—[illegible] and family.

In brig Juanita, from Bolivar.—[illegible]

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises	7 [illegible]	Sun sets	4 [illegible]

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook	9 [illegible]	Gov. Island	[illegible]

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK...MONDAY, Dec. 1.

Cleared.

Steamship Hammonia, Paige, Hamburg, [illegible] Kunhardt.

Ships Southampton, Pratt, London, [illegible] Wiley; Yorkshire, Bryant, Liverpool, [illegible] Co.

Barks D. G. Wilson, Peacock, Philadelphia, [illegible] Scott & Co.; St. Andrew, Rickman, [illegible]

Brigs Belle Flower, Dodd [illegible] & Co.; Samson, [illegible]

Schooners [illegible]

[illegible] Tallman; [illegible] wards; J. A. Stanley, [illegible] Mott & Co.; Emily, [illegible] ley; Suwanee, Hudson, Georgetown, [illegible] C. Lyman, Stannard, New-Haven, [illegible]

Sloop Harriet, Corwin, Providence, [illegible]

Propeller Caledonia, Layfield, Baltimore [illegible] well.

Arrived.

Ship Jacob A. Westervelt, Austin, Liverpool [illegible] with mdse. and 353 passengers to Taylor & Ritch. [illegible] births or deaths during the passage.

Bark Warden, (of Boston,) Gill, Sagua la Grande Nov. 17, with sugar to master. Has come to this port [illegible] her foremast, having carried away the [illegible] hurricane in the gulf of Sagua.

Bark Amelia, (Brem.,) [illegible], Bremen, [illegible] ballast, with 213 passengers, to Hennings, Muller & Gosling.

Brig Fern, (Br.,) Pagh, Port Maria, Jam., Nov. 11, with sugar, pimento, &c., to Stewart, Kidd & Klucken. The schr. Mary and Charlotte, for Baltimore, sailed Nov. 8, and on the 10th, off Galanados, [illegible]

Brig Juanita, (Sp.,) Bardens, Bolivar, Oct. [illegible] to Soule, Wallis & Co.

Schr. E. Skidder, Horton, Savannah [illegible] to J. R. Gilmore.

Schr. Elisa Holcombe, Godes, Savannah [illegible] cotton, &c., to Scranton & Tallman.

Schr. Rebecca, Worden, City Point.

Schr. Prosta, Hawkins, Georgetown.

Schr. Gallego, Smith, Richmond.

Propeller Mount Savage, Watson, Baltimore 35 hours, with mdse. to H. B. Cromwell. [illegible] a seaman named John Ryan, [illegible] overboard and drowned.

Propeller Osprey, Kenney, Providence.

WIND—During the day, W. N. W., and light.

Sailed.

Steamship Hammonia, (Ham.,) Paige, Hamburg. Ships Rinca, Everett, London. Barks Thacker, G. Wilson, Peacock, Philadelphia; Shirley, Allen, Mobile, and others.

Memoranda.

The ship Troy, ashore on [illegible] the same position. This morning, at 10 o'clock, she had four feet of water above her deck, but it was expected that after the steam pumps would keep her free enough to get a portion of her cargo.

The cargo of the ship Kalamazoo, now lying at [illegible] Atlantic Dock, is being rapidly discharged. She has [illegible] 36 inches water per hour.

The Semaphore, at the Highlands, reports no inward bound vessels in sight at sunset.

Disaster.

The sloop Essex, of Fall River, Capt. Davis, from Fall River, with a cargo of boxes and vegetables, bound to New-York, went ashore on the night of the 30th ult., during a snow storm, on Hart Island; is badly broken and fast going to pieces.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, Dec. 1—Arr. bark Alice, Baker, [illegible] Mobile—anchored inside of Minot's Ledge on Saturday afternoon, during the storm, but received no damage. Was towed up to the city by the R. B. Forbes.

PROVINCETOWN, Dec. 1—Arr. brigs Pallas, [illegible] tongill, from Cape Haytien for Boston; [illegible] Libby, from Cardenas.

Spoken, &c.

Nov. 28, off Cape Florida, brig Commodore, from Cardenas for Boston. Same time, was passed bark Maryland, bound N.

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S DANCING ACADEMIES, No. 806 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK. No. 137 MONTAGUE-PLACE, BROOKLYN.

New-York classes on WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS. Brooklyn classes on TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 3 and 4 P. M. for ladies and children, at [illegible] for gentlemen. Ladies' private class at [illegible] can commence at any time during the season.

A. DODWORTH'S BROOKLYN DANCING ACADEMY.—NEW CLASSES ON MONDAY AND SATURDAY.—In consequence of the great number of pupils entering, and to attend properly to all who may apply, arrangements have been made to form classes for children on Mondays, at 4 P. M., and on Saturdays, at [illegible] A. M. Commencing on SATURDAY. [illegible] application is earnestly requested.

DENTISTRY.

CONTINUOUS GUM TEETH.—[illegible] lately pending against me in the [illegible] Court, for an infringement of the patent [illegible] Continuous Gum Teeth, having been decided in my favor, I am now prepared to manufacture [illegible] improved Continuous Gum Teeth [illegible] atmospheric pressure plates [illegible] 10 per cent. by calling at my office [illegible]

[illegible]

Dr. [illegible] GUNNING.